

IGBT

High speed IGBT in Trench and Fieldstop technology

IGW100N60H3

600V high speed switching series third generation

Data sheet

Industrial Power Control

High speed IGBT in Trench and Fieldstop technology

Features:

TRENCHSTOP™ technology offering

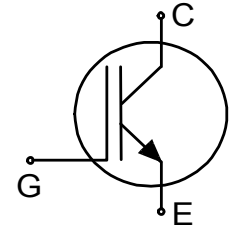
- very low turn-off energy
- low V_{CEsat}
- low EMI
- maximum junction temperature 175°C
- qualified according to JEDEC for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating, halogen-free mould compound, RoHS compliant
- complete product spectrum and PSpice Models:
<http://www.infineon.com/igbt/>

Applications:

- uninterruptible power supplies
- welding converters
- converters with high switching frequency

Package pin definition:

- Pin 1 - gate
- Pin 2 & backside - collector
- Pin 3 - emitter



Key Performance and Package Parameters

Type	V_{CE}	I_C	$V_{CEsat}, T_{vj}=25^\circ\text{C}$	T_{vjmax}	Marking	Package
IGW100N60H3	600V	100A	1.85V	175°C	G100H603	PG-TO247-pin123



Table of Contents

Description 2

Table of Contents 3

Maximum ratings 4

Thermal Resistance 4

Electrical Characteristics 4

Electrical Characteristics diagrams 6

Package Drawing12

Testing Conditions13

Revision History14

Disclaimer14

Maximum ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter voltage	V_{CE}	600	V
DC collector current, limited by $T_{vjmax}^{1)}$ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ value limited by bondwire $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$	I_C	140.0 120.0	A
Pulsed collector current, t_p limited by $T_{vjmax}^{2)}$	I_{Cpuls}	300.0	A
Turn off safe operating area $V_{CE} \leq 600\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}^{3)}$	-	300.0	A
Gate-emitter voltage	V_{GE}	± 20	V
Short circuit withstand time $V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}$, $V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}$ Allowed number of short circuits < 1000 Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$ $T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	t_{SC}	5	μs
Power dissipation $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	714.0	W
Operating junction temperature	T_{vj}	-40...+175	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	-55...+150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering temperature, wave soldering 1.6 mm (0.063 in.) from case for 10s		260	$^\circ\text{C}$
Mounting torque, M3 screw Maximum of mounting processes: 3	M	0.6	Nm

Thermal Resistance

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Max. Value	Unit
Characteristic				
IGBT thermal resistance, ⁴⁾ junction - case	$R_{th(j-c)}$		0.21	K/W
Thermal resistance junction - ambient	$R_{th(j-a)}$		40	K/W

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$V_{(BR)CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$, $I_C = 2.00\text{mA}$	600	-	-	V
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	V_{CEsat}	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}$, $I_C = 100.0\text{A}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	- - -	1.85 2.10 2.25	2.30 - -	V
Gate-emitter threshold voltage	$V_{GE(th)}$	$I_C = 1.60\text{mA}$, $V_{CE} = V_{GE}$	4.1	5.1	5.7	V
Zero gate voltage collector current	I_{CES}	$V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$ $T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_{vj} = 175^\circ\text{C}$	- -	- -	40.0 6700.0	μA
Gate-emitter leakage current	I_{GES}	$V_{CE} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$	-	-	100	nA
Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{CE} = 20\text{V}$, $I_C = 100.0\text{A}$	-	50.0	-	S

¹⁾ For maximal distance of 5mm between soldering point and mould

²⁾ Additionally $t_p < 10\text{ms}$ due to bondwire

³⁾ Additionally $t_p < 10\text{ms}$ due to bondwire

⁴⁾ Thermal resistance of grease $R_{th(c-s)}$ (case to heat sink) more than 0.1 K/W not included.

Electrical Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic Characteristic						
Input capacitance	C_{ies}	$V_{CE} = 25\text{V}, V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, f = 1\text{MHz}$	-	6100	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oes}		-	210	-	
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{res}		-	180	-	
Gate charge	Q_G	$V_{CC} = 480\text{V}, I_C = 100.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$	-	625.0	-	nC
Short circuit collector current Max. 1000 short circuits Time between short circuits: $\geq 1.0\text{s}$	$I_{C(SC)}$	$V_{GE} = 15.0\text{V}, V_{CC} \leq 400\text{V}, t_{SC} \leq 5\mu\text{s}, T_{vj} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	890	-	A

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 100.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}, r_G = 3.5\Omega, L\sigma = 25\text{nH}, C\sigma = 50\text{pF}, L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode (IDW50E60) reverse recovery.	-	30	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	47	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	265	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	30	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	3.70	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	1.90	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	5.60	-	mJ

Switching Characteristic, Inductive Load

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value			Unit
			min.	typ.	max.	

IGBT Characteristic, at $T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}$

Turn-on delay time	$t_{d(on)}$	$T_{vj} = 175^{\circ}\text{C}, V_{CC} = 400\text{V}, I_C = 100.0\text{A}, V_{GE} = 0.0/15.0\text{V}, r_G = 3.5\Omega, L\sigma = 25\text{nH}, C\sigma = 50\text{pF}, L\sigma, C\sigma$ from Fig. E Energy losses include "tail" and diode (IDW50E60) reverse recovery.	-	28	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	44	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{d(off)}$		-	310	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	23	-	ns
Turn-on energy	E_{on}		-	4.70	-	mJ
Turn-off energy	E_{off}		-	2.30	-	mJ
Total switching energy	E_{ts}		-	7.00	-	mJ

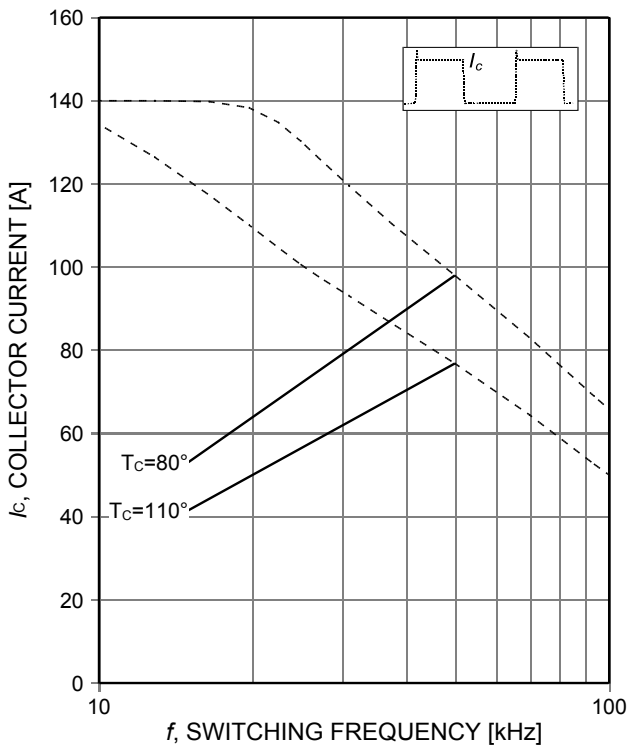


Figure 1. **Collector current as a function of switching frequency**
 ($T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $D=0.5$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$,
 $r_G=3.5\Omega$, $R_{th(j-c)}=0.21\text{K/W}$)

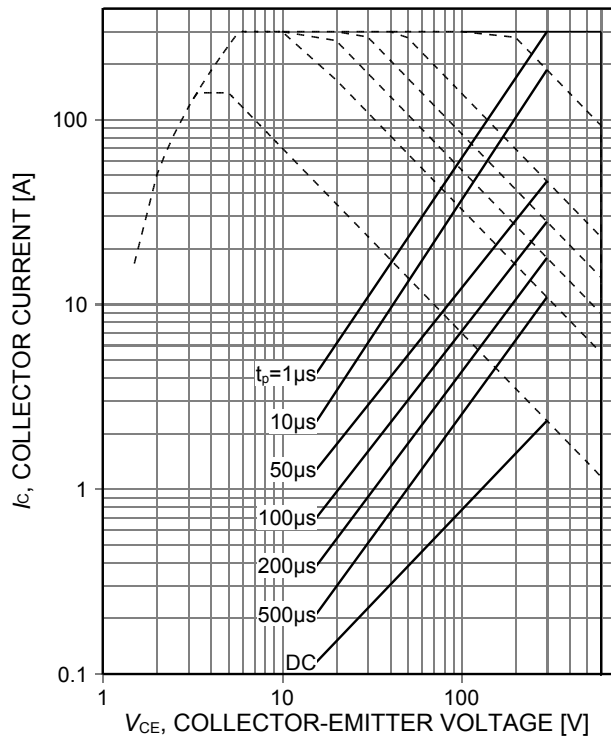


Figure 2. **Forward bias safe operating area**
 ($D=0$, $T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$,
 $R_{th(j-c)}=0.21\text{K/W}$)

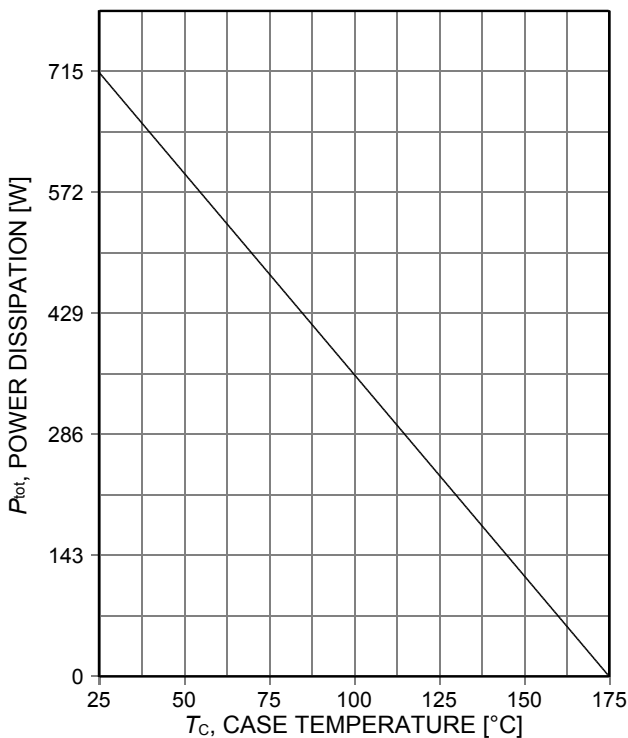


Figure 3. **Power dissipation as a function of case temperature**
 ($T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $R_{th(j-c)}=0.21\text{K/W}$)

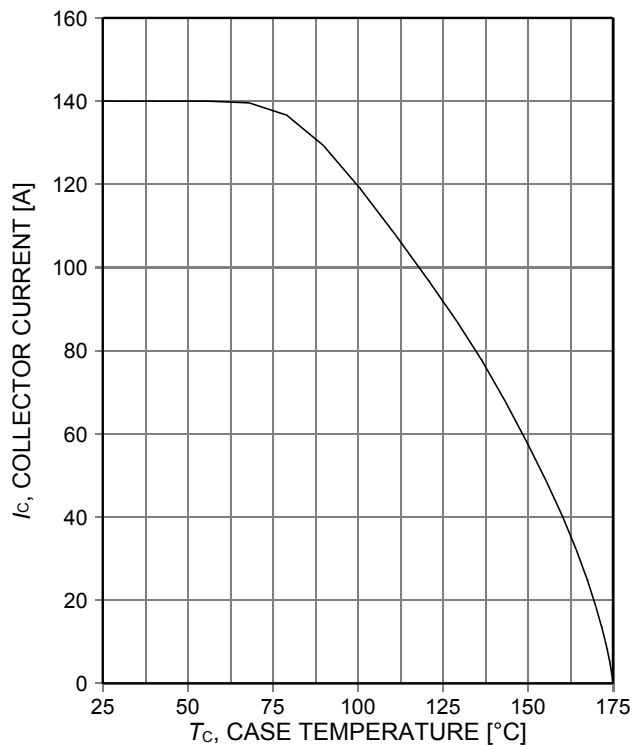


Figure 4. **Collector current as a function of case temperature**
 ($V_{GE} \geq 15\text{V}$, $T_{vj} \leq 175^\circ\text{C}$, $R_{th(j-c)}=0.21\text{K/W}$)

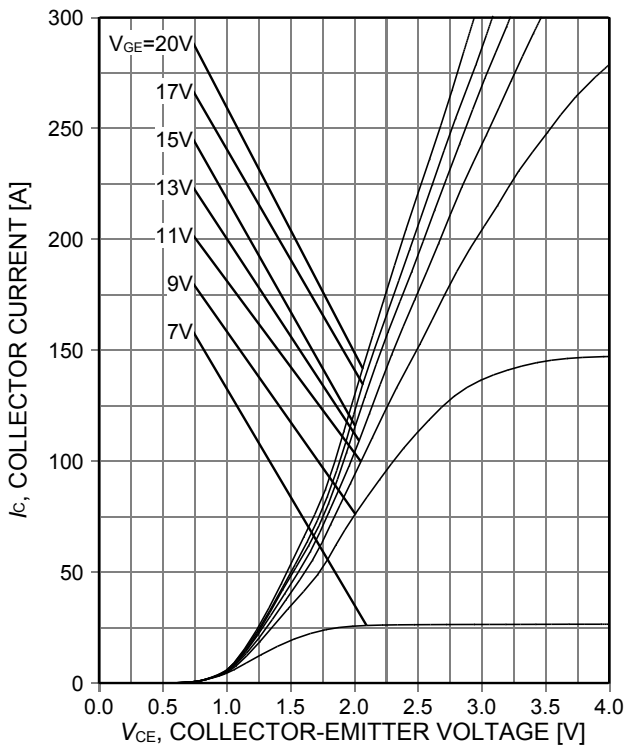


Figure 5. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)

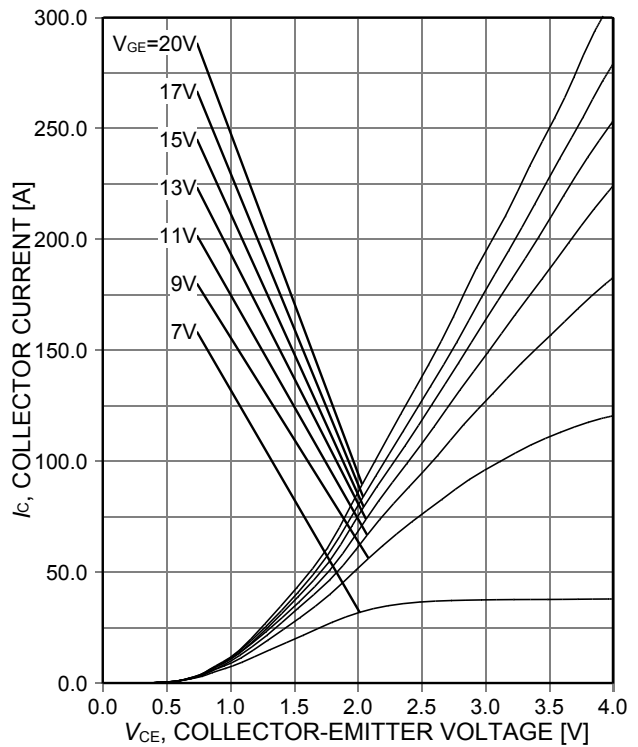


Figure 6. **Typical output characteristic**
($T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$)

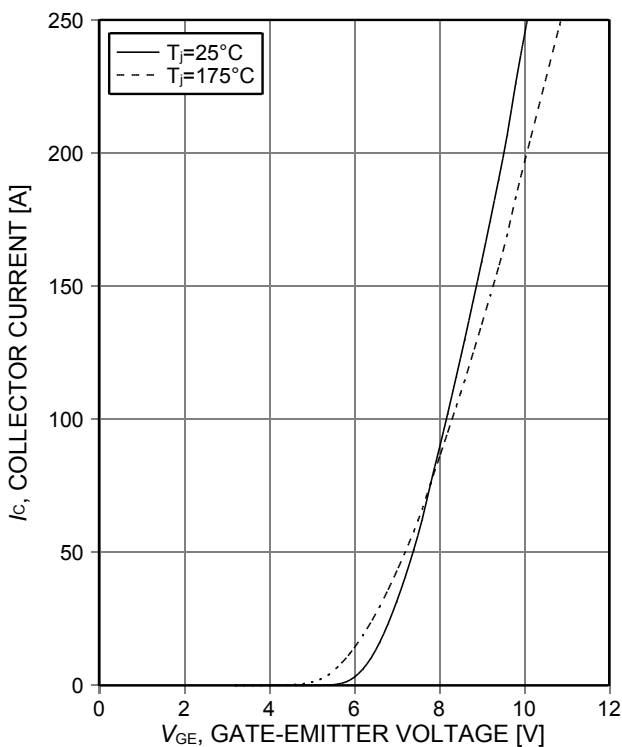


Figure 7. **Typical transfer characteristic**
($V_{CE}=20\text{V}$)

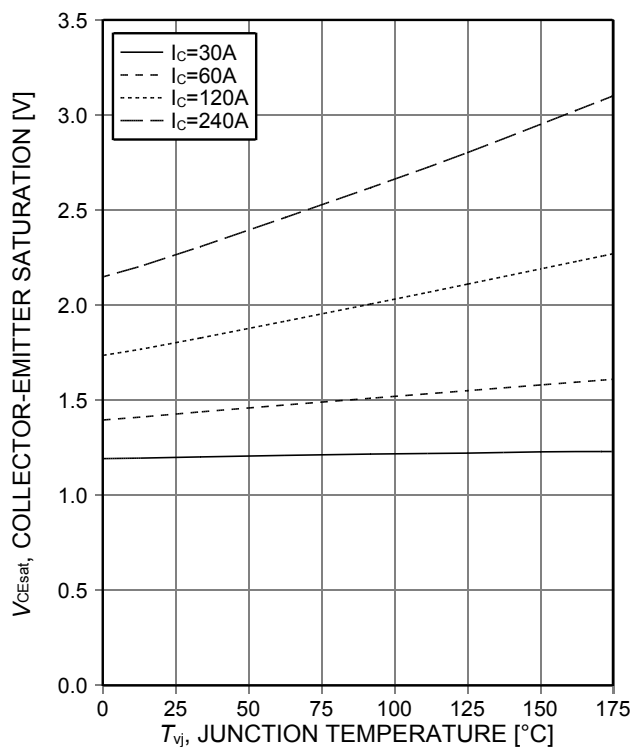


Figure 8. **Typical collector-emitter saturation voltage as a function of junction temperature**
($V_{GE}=15\text{V}$)

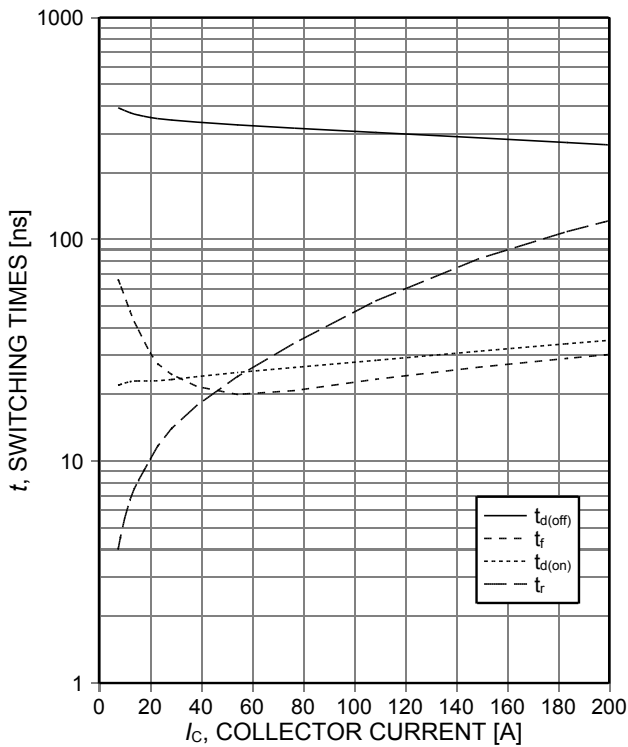


Figure 9. **Typical switching times as a function of collector current**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $r_g=3.5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

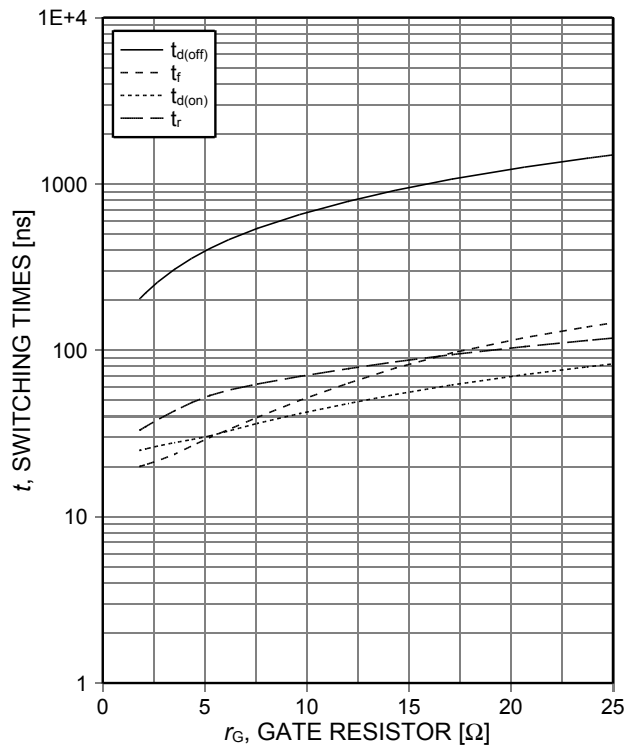


Figure 10. **Typical switching times as a function of gate resistor**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=100\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

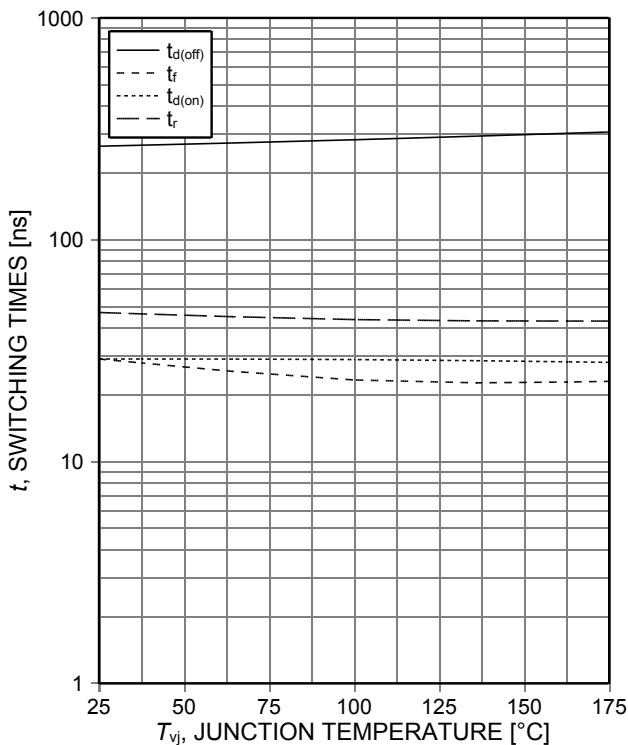


Figure 11. **Typical switching times as a function of junction temperature**
 (inductive load, $V_{ce}=400\text{V}$, $V_{ge}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=100\text{A}$, $r_g=3.5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

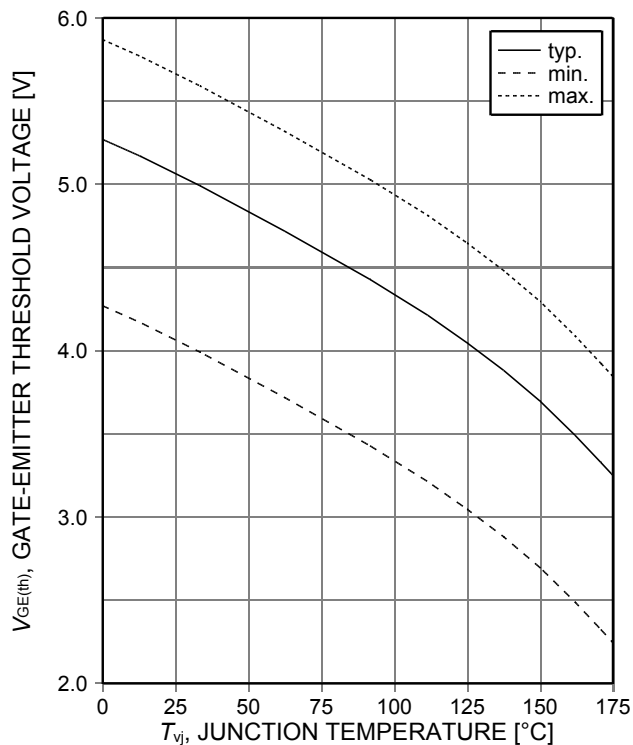


Figure 12. **Gate-emitter threshold voltage as a function of junction temperature**
 ($I_c=1.6\text{mA}$)

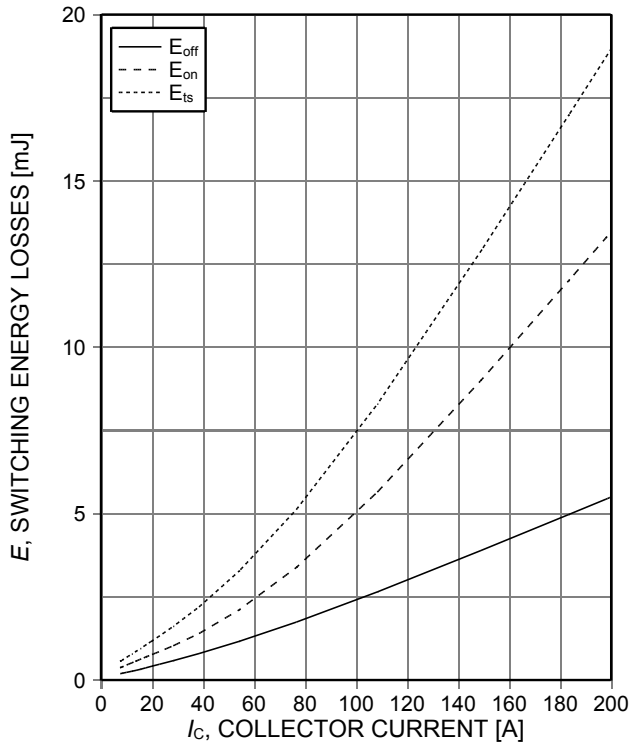


Figure 13. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector current**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $r_G=3.5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

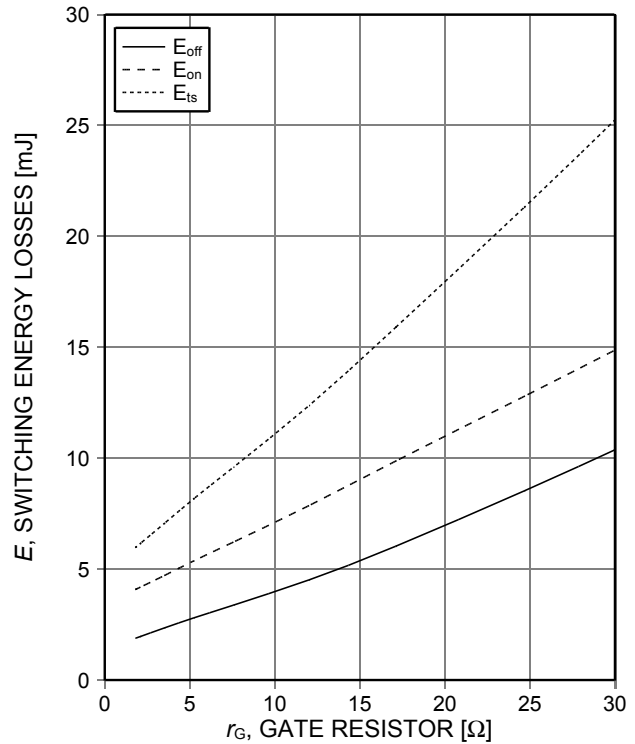


Figure 14. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of gate resistor**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=100\text{A}$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

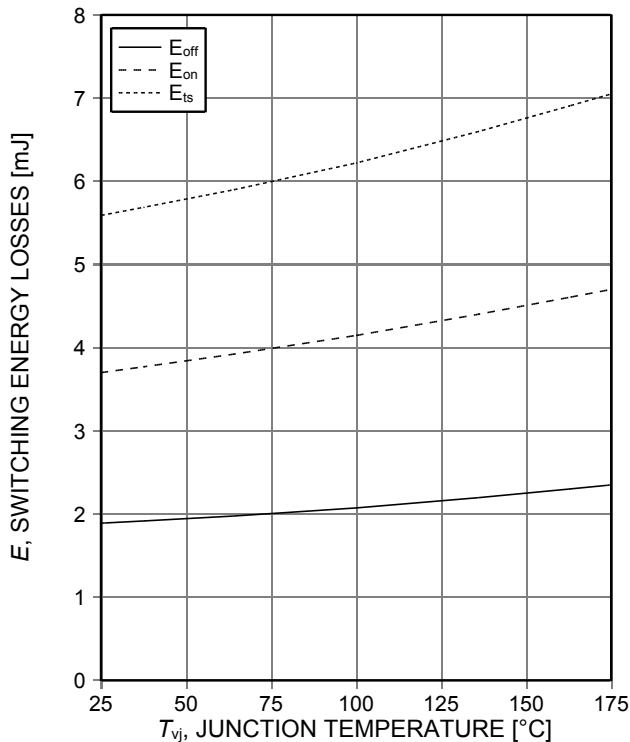


Figure 15. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of junction temperature**
 (inductive load, $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=100\text{A}$, $r_G=3.5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

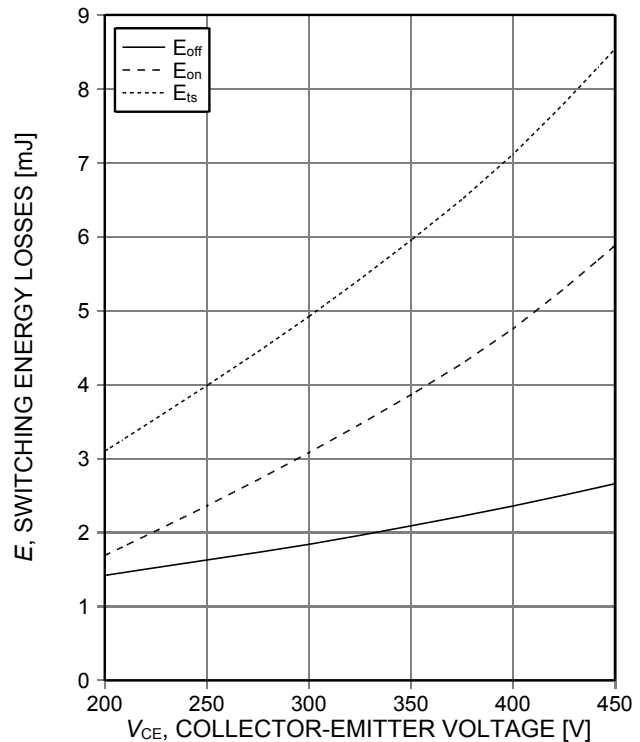


Figure 16. **Typical switching energy losses as a function of collector emitter voltage**
 (inductive load, $T_{vj}=175^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{GE}=15/0\text{V}$, $I_c=100\text{A}$, $r_G=3.5\Omega$, Dynamic test circuit in Figure E)

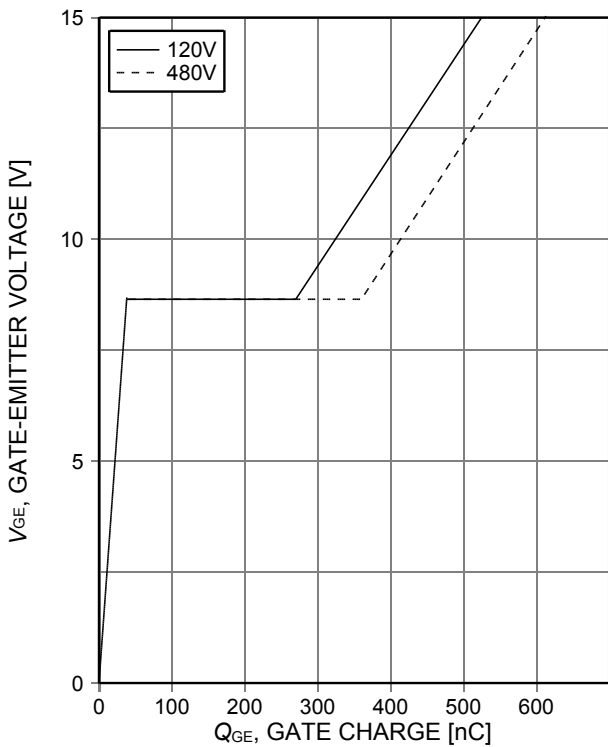


Figure 17. **Typical gate charge**
($I_C=100A$)

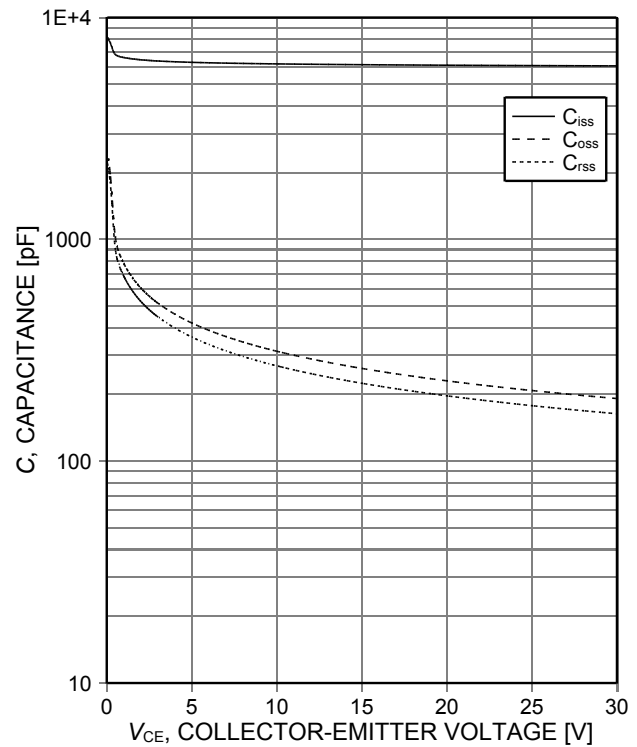


Figure 18. **Typical capacitance as a function of collector-emitter voltage**
($V_{GE}=0V$, $f=1MHz$)

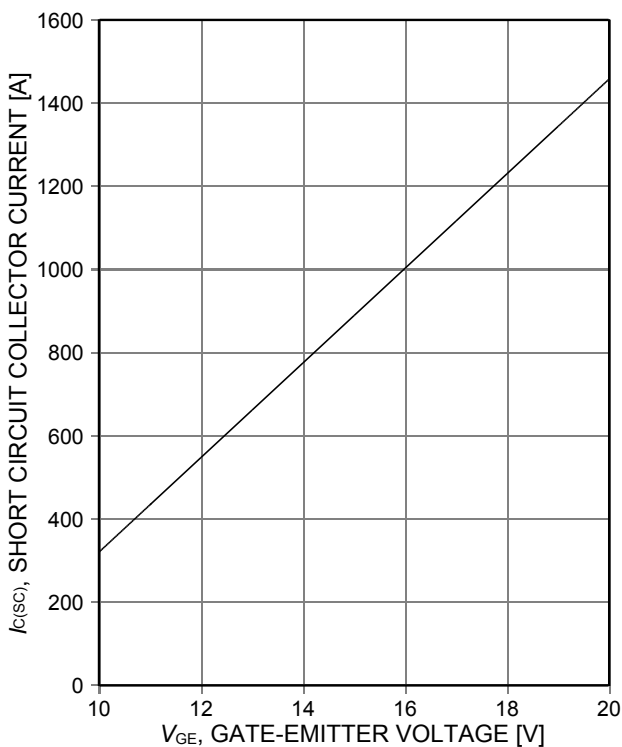


Figure 19. **Typical short circuit collector current as a function of gate-emitter voltage**
($V_{CE}\leq 400V$, $T_{vj}\leq 150^\circ C$)

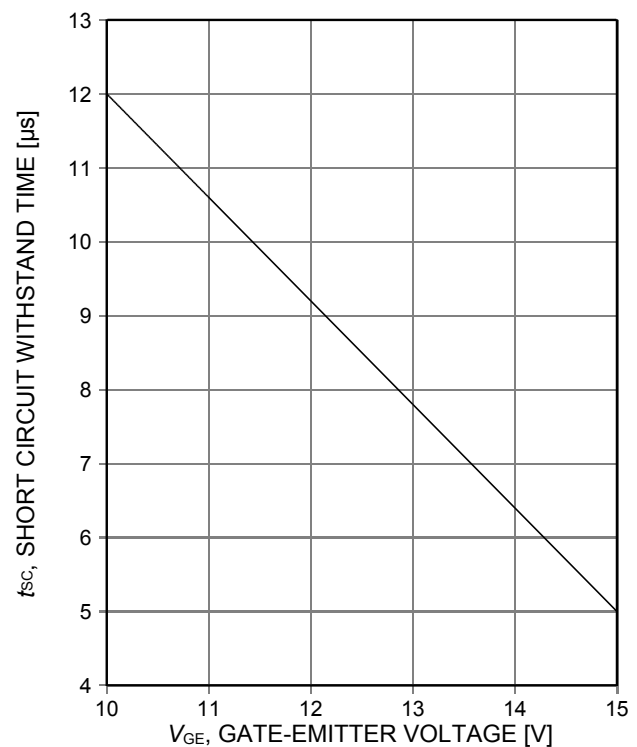


Figure 20. **Short circuit withstand time as a function of gate-emitter voltage**
($V_{CE}\leq 400V$, start at $T_{vj}\leq 150^\circ C$)

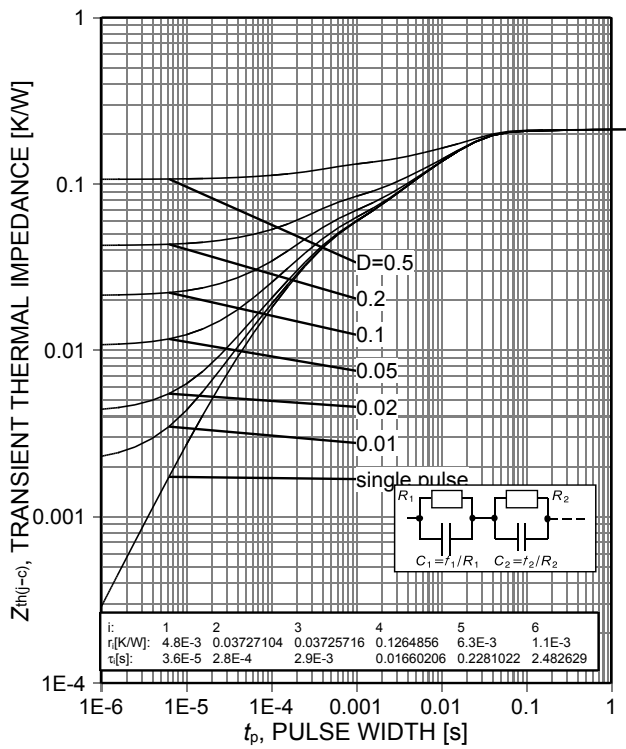
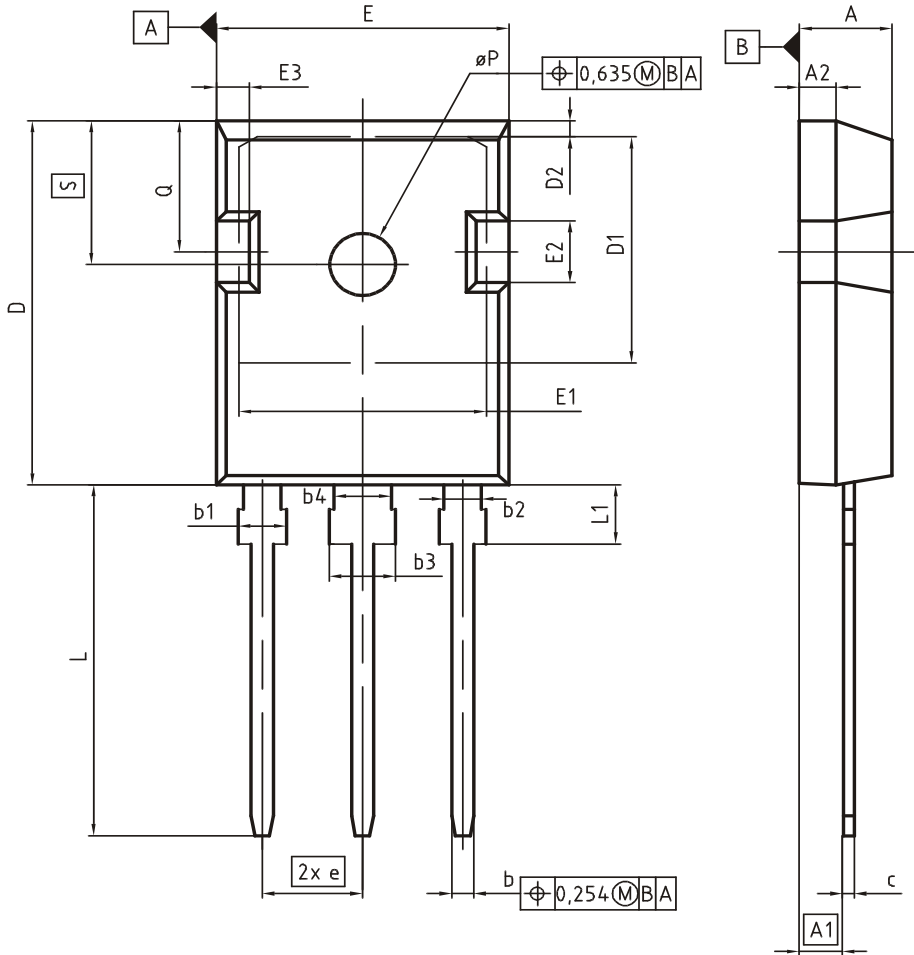


Figure 21. IGBT transient thermal impedance ($D=t_p/T$)

PG-TO247-3



DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	4.83	5.21	0.190	0.205
A1	2.27	2.54	0.089	0.100
A2	1.85	2.16	0.073	0.085
b	1.07	1.33	0.042	0.052
b1	1.90	2.41	0.075	0.095
b2	1.90	2.16	0.075	0.085
b3	2.87	3.38	0.113	0.133
b4	2.87	3.13	0.113	0.123
c	0.55	0.68	0.022	0.027
D	20.80	21.10	0.819	0.831
D1	16.25	17.65	0.640	0.695
D2	0.95	1.35	0.037	0.053
E	15.70	16.13	0.618	0.635
E1	13.10	14.15	0.516	0.557
E2	3.68	5.10	0.145	0.201
E3	1.00	2.60	0.039	0.102
e	5.44 (BSC)		0.214 (BSC)	
N	3		3	
L	19.80	20.32	0.780	0.800
L1	4.10	4.47	0.161	0.176
ϕP	3.50	3.70	0.138	0.146
Q	5.49	6.00	0.216	0.236
S	6.04	6.30	0.238	0.248

DOCUMENT NO.
Z8B00003327

SCALE

EUROPEAN PROJECTION

ISSUE DATE
09-07-2010

REVISION
05

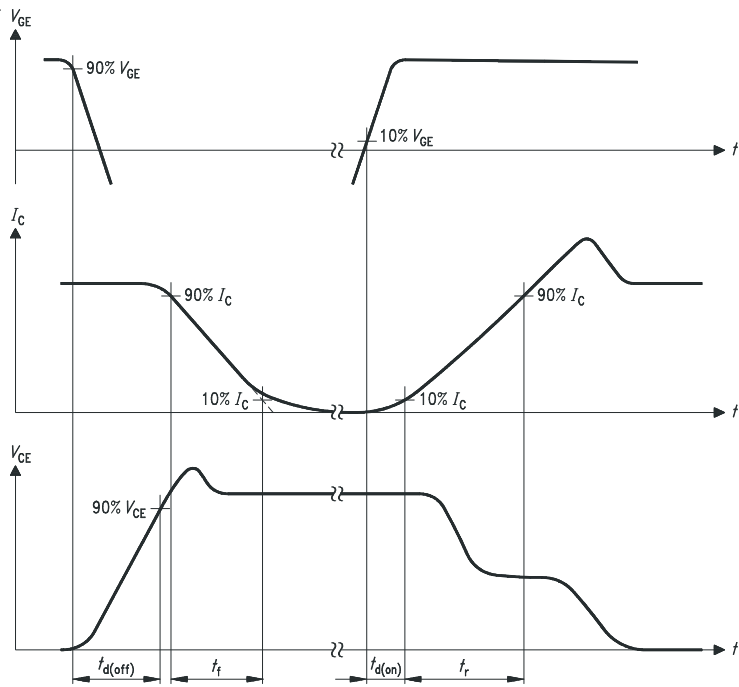


Figure A. Definition of switching times

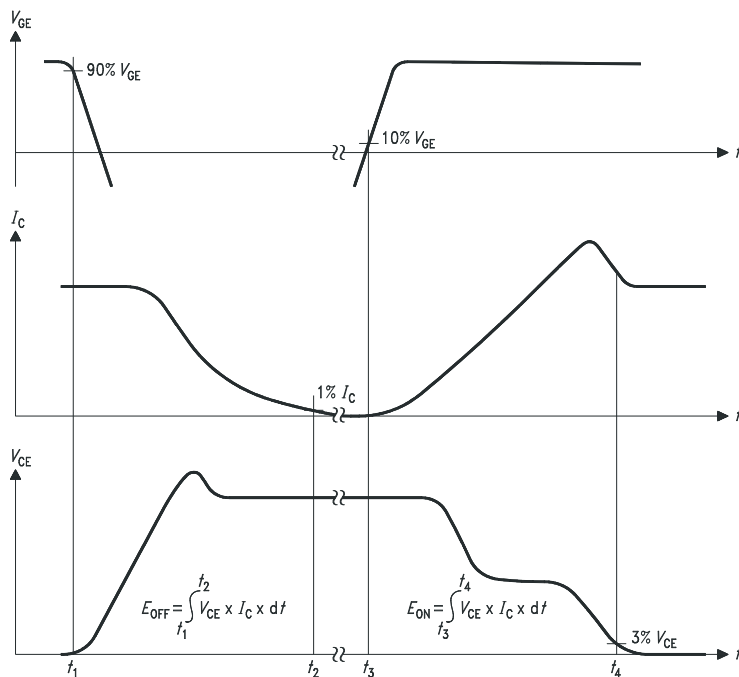


Figure B. Definition of switching losses

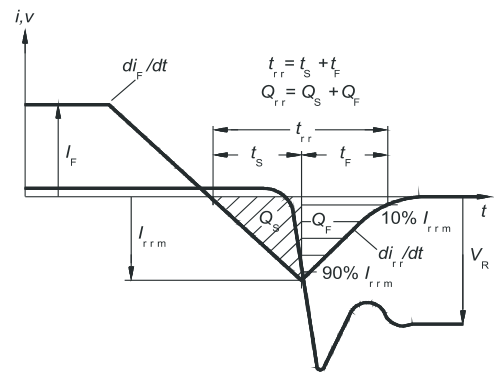


Figure C. Definition of diodes switching characteristics

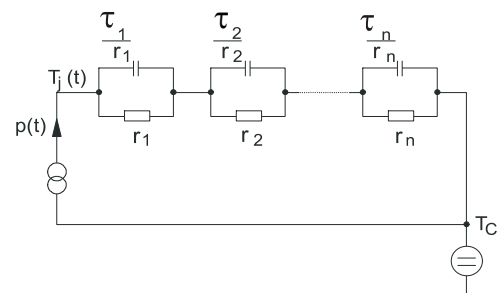


Figure D. Thermal equivalent circuit

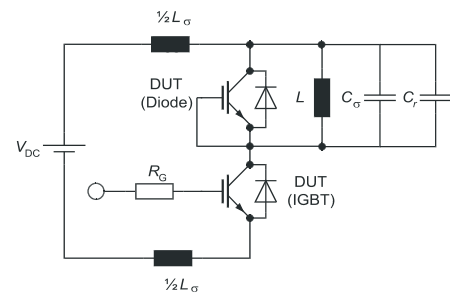


Figure E. Dynamic test circuit
Parasitic inductance L_σ ,
Parasitic capacitor C_σ ,
Relief capacitor C_r
(only for ZVT switching)

Revision History

IGW100N60H3

Revision: 2013-02-07, Rev. 1.2

Previous Revision

Revision	Date	Subjects (major changes since last revision)
1.1	2012-07-05	Preliminary data sheet
1.2	2013-02-07	Preliminary data sheet

We Listen to Your Comments

Any information within this document that you feel is wrong, unclear or missing at all ?

Your feedback will help us to continuously improve the quality of this document.

Please send your proposal (including a reference to this document) to: erratum@infineon.com

Published by**Infineon Technologies AG****81726 Munich, Germany****81726 München, Germany****© 2013 Infineon Technologies AG****All Rights Reserved.****Legal Disclaimer**

The information given in this document shall in no event be regarded as a guarantee of conditions or characteristics.

With respect to any examples or hints given herein, any typical values stated herein and/or any information regarding the application of the device, Infineon Technologies hereby disclaims any and all warranties and liabilities of any kind, including without limitation, warranties of non-infringement of intellectual property rights of any third party.

Information

For further information on technology, delivery terms and conditions and prices, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office (www.infineon.com).

Warnings

Due to technical requirements, components may contain dangerous substances. For information on the types in question, please contact the nearest Infineon Technologies Office.

The Infineon Technologies component described in this Data Sheet may be used in life-support devices or systems and/or automotive, aviation and aerospace applications or systems only with the express written approval of Infineon Technologies, if a failure of such components can reasonably be expected to cause the failure of that life-support, automotive, aviation and aerospace device or system or to affect the safety or effectiveness of that device or system. Life support devices or systems are intended to be implanted in the human body or to support and/or maintain and sustain and/or protect human life. If they fail, it is reasonable to assume that the health of the user or other persons may be endangered.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

[Infineon:](#)

[IGW100N60H3](#)