25AA02UID

2K SPI Bus Serial EEPROM with Unique 32-Bit Serial Number

Device Selection Table

Part Number	Vcc Range	Page Size	Temp. Ranges	Packages	Unique ID Length
25AA02UID	1.8-5.5V	16 Bytes	I	SN, OT	32-Bit

Features:

- · Preprogrammed 32-Bit Serial Number:
 - Unique across all UID-family EEPROMs
 - Scalable to 48-bit, 64-bit, 128-bit, 256-bit, and other lengths
- 10 MHz max. Clock Frequency
- · Low-Power CMOS Technology:
 - Max. write current: 5 mA at 5.5V
 - Read current: 5 mA at 5.5V, 10 MHz
 - Standby current: 1 μA at 2.5V
- 256 x 8-Bit Organization
- Write Page mode (up to 16 bytes)
- · Sequential Read
- · Self-Timed Erase and Write Cycles (5 ms max.)
- · Block Write Protection:
 - Protect none, 1/4, 1/2 or all of array
- Built-in Write Protection:
 - Power-on/off data protection circuitry
 - Write enable latch
 - Write-protect pin
- · High Reliability:
 - Endurance: 1,000,000 erase/write cycles
 - Data retention: >200 years
 - ESD protection: >4000V
- Temperature Ranges Supported:
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
- RoHS Compliant

Package Types (not to scale)

<u> </u>			
SOT-23 (OT)	SOIC (SN)		
SCK # 1 6 % VDD VSS # 2 5 % CS SI # 3 4 % SO	CS 1 SO 2 WP 3 Vss 4	8 2 Vcc 7 2 HOLD 6 2 SCK 5 2 SI	

Description:

The Microchip Technology Inc. 25AA02UID is a 2 Kbit Serial Electrically Erasable Programmable Read-Only Memory (EEPROM) with a preprogrammed, 32-bit unique ID. The memory is accessed via a simple Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) compatible serial bus. The bus signals required are a clock input (SCK) plus separate data in (SI) and data out (SO) lines. Access to the device is controlled through a Chip Select (\overline{CS}) input.

Communication to the device can be paused via the hold pin (HOLD). While the device is paused, transitions on its inputs will be ignored, with the exception of Chip Select, allowing the host to service higher priority interrupts.

The 25AA02UID is available in the standard 8-lead SOIC and 6-lead SOT-23 packages.

Pin Function Table

Name	Function			
CS	Chip Select Input			
SO	Serial Data Output			
WP	Write-Protect			
Vss	Ground			
SI	Serial Data Input			
SCK	Serial Clock Input			
HOLD	Hold Input			
Vcc	Supply Voltage			

1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings(†)

Vcc	6.5V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	0.6V to Vcc +1.0V
Storage temperature	65°C to 150°C
Ambient temperature under bias	40°C to 85°C
ESD protection on all pins	4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at those or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for an extended period of time may affect device reliability.

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I): TA = -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V			+85°C Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
D001	VIH1	High-level Input voltage	0.7 Vcc	Vcc +1	V	
D002	VIL1	Low-level Input	-0.3	0.3 Vcc	V	VCC ≥ 2.7V (Note 1)
D003	VIL2	Voltage	-0.3	0.2 Vcc	V	Vcc < 2.7V (Note 1)
D004	Vol	Low-level Output	_	0.4	V	IOL = 2.1 mA
D005	Vol	Voltage	_	0.2	V	IOL = 1.0 mA, VCC < 2.5V
D006	Voн	High-level Output Voltage	Vcc -0.5	_	V	ΙΟΗ = -400 μΑ
D007	ILI	Input Leakage Current	_	±1	μА	CS = Vcc, Vin = Vss or Vcc
D008	ILO	Output Leakage Current	_	±1	μА	CS = Vcc, Vout = Vss or Vcc
D009	CINT	Internal Capacitance (all inputs and outputs)	_	7	pF	TA = 25°C, CLK = 1.0 MHz, VCC = 5.0V (Note 1)
D010	Icc Read		_	5	mA	Vcc = 5.5V; FcLk = 10.0 MHz; SO = Open
		Operating Current	_	2.5	mA	VCC = 2.5V; FCLK = 5.0 MHz; SO = Open
D011	Icc Write		_	5	mA	Vcc = 5.5V
			_	3	mA	Vcc = 2.5V
D012	Iccs	Standby Current	_	1	μА	CS = Vcc = 2.5V, Inputs tied to Vcc or Vss, TA = +85°C

Note: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHA	AC CHARACTERISTICS			TA	= -40°C 1	to +85°C Vcc = 1.8V to 5.5V
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
1	FCLK	Clock Frequency	_ _ _	10 5 3	MHz MHz MHz	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
2	Tcss	CS Setup Time	50 100 150		ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
3	Тсѕн	CS Hold Time	100 200 250		ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
4	TCSD	CS Disable Time	50	_	ns	_
5	Tsu	Data Setup Time	10 20 30	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
6	THD	Data Hold Time	20 40 50		ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
7	TR	CLK Rise Time	_	100	ns	(Note 1)
8	TF	CLK Fall Time	_	100	ns	(Note 1)
9	Тні	Clock High Time	50 100 150	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
10	TLO	Clock Low Time	50 100 150	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
11	TCLD	Clock Delay Time	50	_	ns	_
12	TCLE	Clock Enable Time	50	_	ns	_
13	Tv	Output Valid from Clock Low	_ _ _	50 100 160	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
14	Тно	Output Hold Time	0		ns	(Note 1)
15	TDIS	Output Disable Time	_ _ _	40 80 160	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V (Note 1) 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V (Note 1) 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (Note 1)
16	Тнѕ	HOLD Setup Time	20 40 80	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

- 2: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site at www.Microchip.com.
- **3:** Two begins on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Industrial (I)	Industrial (I): TA = -40° C to $+85^{\circ}$ C VCC = 1.8V to 5.5V		
Param. No.	Sym.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
17	Тнн	HOLD Hold Time	20 40 80	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
18	THZ	HOLD Low to Output High-Z	30 60 160	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V (Note 1) 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V (Note 1) 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V (Note 1)
19	THV	HOLD High to Output Valid	30 60 160	_ _ _	ns ns ns	4.5V ≤ VCC < 5.5V 2.5V ≤ VCC < 4.5V 1.8V ≤ VCC < 2.5V
20	Twc	Internal Write Cycle Time (byte or page)	_	5	ms	(Note 3)
21	_	Endurance	1M	_	E/W Cycles	25°C, Vcc = 5.5V (Note 2)

- Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.
 - 2: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site at www.Microchip.com.
 - **3:** Two begins on the rising edge of $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence and ends when the internal write cycle is complete.

TABLE 1-3: AC TEST CONDITIONS

AC Waveform:				
VLO = 0.2V	_			
VHI = VCC - 0.2V	(Note 1)			
VHI = 4.0V	(Note 2)			
CL = 100 pF	_			
Timing Measurement Reference Level				
Input	0.5 Vcc			
Output	0.5 Vcc			

Note 1: For Vcc ≤ 4.0V.2: For Vcc > 4.0V.

FIGURE 1-1: HOLD TIMING

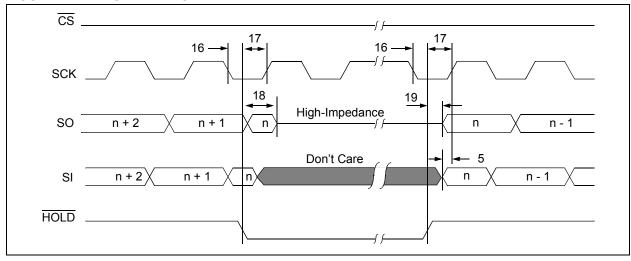


FIGURE 1-2: SERIAL INPUT TIMING

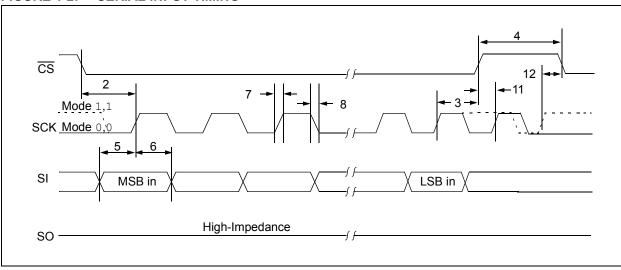
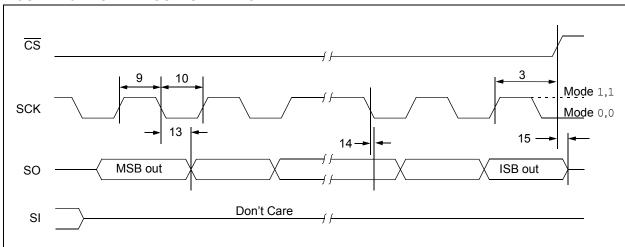


FIGURE 1-3: SERIAL OUTPUT TIMING



2.0 FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

2.1 Principles of Operation

The 25AA02UID is a 256-byte Serial EEPROM designed to interface directly with the Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) port of many of today's popular microcontroller families, including Microchip's PIC® microcontrollers. It may also interface with microcontrollers that do not have a built-in SPI port by using discrete I/O lines programmed properly in software to match the SPI protocol.

The 25AA02UID contains an 8-bit instruction register. The device is accessed via the SI pin, with data being clocked in on the <u>rising</u> edge of SCK. The CS pin must be low and the HOLD pin must be high for the entire operation.

Table 2-1 contains a list of the possible instruction bytes and format for device operation. All instructions, addresses, and data are transferred MSb first, LSb last.

Data $\underline{(SI)}$ is sampled on the first rising edge of SCK after \overline{CS} goes low. If the clock line is shared with other peripheral devices on the SPI bus, the user can assert the \overline{HOLD} input and place the $\underline{25AA02UID}$ in 'HOLD' mode. After releasing the \overline{HOLD} pin, operation will resume from the point when the \overline{HOLD} was asserted.

2.2 Read Sequence

The device is selected by pulling $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low. The 8-bit READ instruction is transmitted to the 25AA02UID followed by an 8-bit address. See Figure 2-1 for more details.

After the correct READ instruction and address are sent, the data stored in the memory at the selected address is shifted out on the SO pin. Data stored in the memory at the next address can be read sequentially by continuing to provide clock pulses to the slave. The internal Address Pointer automatically increments to the next higher address after each byte of data is shifted out. When the highest address is reached (FFh), the address counter rolls over to address 00h, allowing the read cycle to be continued indefinitely. The read operation is terminated by raising the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ pin (Figure 2-1).

2.3 Write Sequence

Prior to any attempt to write data to the 25AA02UID, the write enable latch must be set by issuing the $\underline{\mathtt{WREN}}$ instruction (Figure 2-4). This is done by setting \overline{CS} low and then clocking out the proper instruction into the 25AA02UID. After all eight bits of the instruction are transmitted, \overline{CS} must be driven high to set the write enable latch. If the write operation is initiated immediately after the \mathtt{WREN} instruction without \overline{CS} driven high, data will not be written to the array since the write enable latch was not properly set.

After setting the <u>write</u> enable latch, the user may proceed by driving $\overline{\text{CS}}$ low, issuing a WRITE instruction, followed by the remainder of the address, and then the data to be written. Up to 16 bytes of data can be sent to the device before a write cycle is necessary. The only restriction is that all of the bytes must reside in the same page. Additionally, a page address begins with XXXX 0000 and ends with XXXX 1111. If the internal address counter reaches XXXX 1111 and clock signals continue to be applied to the chip, the address counter will roll back to the first address of the page and overwrite any data that previously existed in those locations.

Note:

Page write operations are limited to writing bytes within a single physical page, regardless of the number of bytes actually being written. Physical page boundaries start at addresses that are integer multiples of the page buffer size (or 'page size') and, end at addresses that are integer multiples of page size – 1. If a page Write command attempts to write across a physical page boundary, the result is that the data wraps around to the beginning of the current page (overwriting data previously stored there), instead of being written to the next page as might be expected. It is therefore necessary for the application software to prevent page write operations that would attempt to cross a page boundary.

For the data to be actually written to the array, the CS must be brought high after the Least Significant bit (D0) of the n^{th} data byte has been clocked in. If $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is driven high at any other time, the write operation will not be completed. Refer to Figure 2-2 and Figure 2-3 for more detailed illustrations on the byte write sequence and the page write sequence, respectively. While the write is in progress, the STATUS register may be read to check the status of the WIP, WEL, BP1 and BP0 bits (Figure 2-6). Attempting to read a memory array location will not be possible during a write cycle. Polling the WIP bit in the STATUS register is recommended in order to determine if a write cycle is in progress. When the write cycle is completed, the write enable latch is reset.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

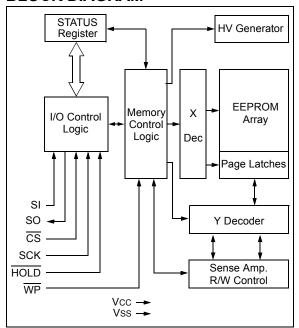
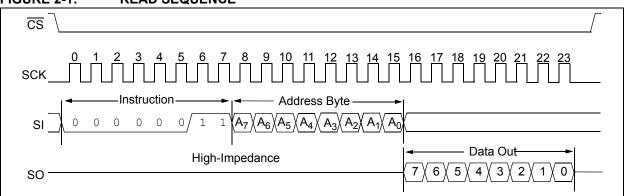


TABLE 2-1: INSTRUCTION SET

Instruction Name	Instruction Format	Description
READ	0000 x011	Read data from memory array beginning at selected address
WRITE	0000 x010	Write data to memory array beginning at selected address
WRDI	0000 x100	Reset the write enable latch (disable write operations)
WREN	0000 x110	Set the write enable latch (enable write operations)
RDSR	0000 x101	Read STATUS register
WRSR	0000 x001	Write STATUS register

x = don't care

FIGURE 2-1: READ SEQUENCE



25AA02UID

FIGURE 2-2: BYTE WRITE SEQUENCE

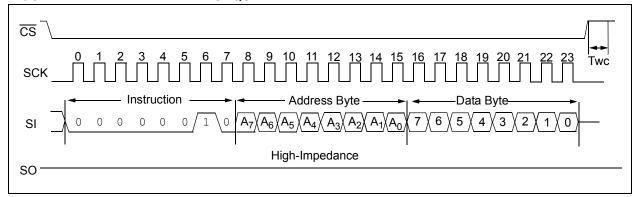
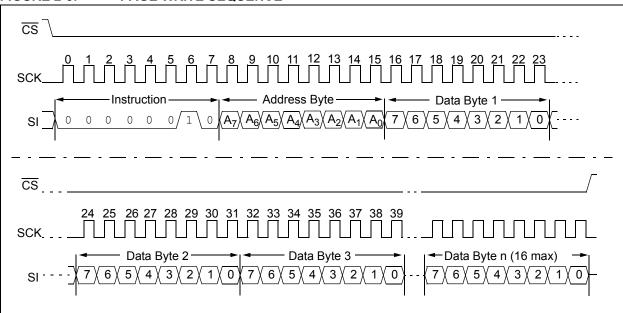


FIGURE 2-3: PAGE WRITE SEQUENCE



2.4 Write Enable (WREN) and Write Disable (WRDI)

The 25AA02UID contains a write enable latch. See Table 2-4 for the Write-Protect Functionality Matrix. This latch must be set before any write operation will be completed internally. The \mathtt{WREN} instruction will set the latch, and the \mathtt{WRDI} will reset the latch.

The following is a list of conditions under which the write enable latch will be reset:

- Power-up
- WRDI instruction successfully executed
- WRSR instruction successfully executed
- WRITE instruction successfully executed
- WP pin is brought low

FIGURE 2-4: WRITE ENABLE SEQUENCE (WREN)

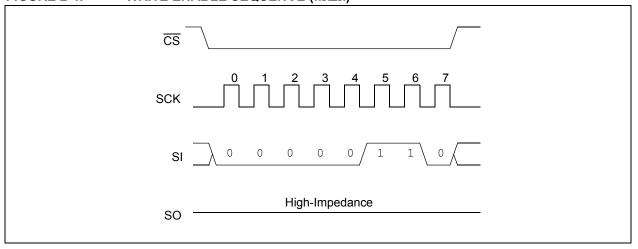
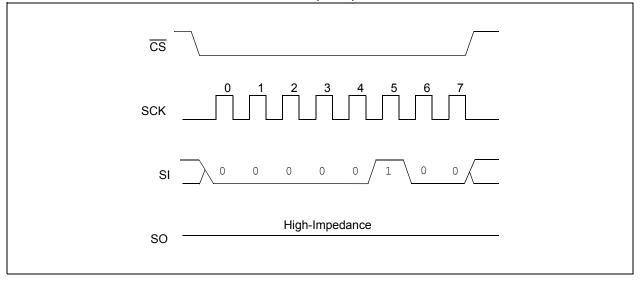


FIGURE 2-5: WRITE DISABLE SEQUENCE (WRDI)



2.5 Read Status Register Instruction (RDSR)

The Read Status Register instruction (RDSR) provides access to the STATUS register. See Figure 2-6 for the RDSR timing sequence. The STATUS register may be read at any time, even during a write cycle. The STATUS register is formatted as follows:

TABLE 2-2: STATUS REGISTER

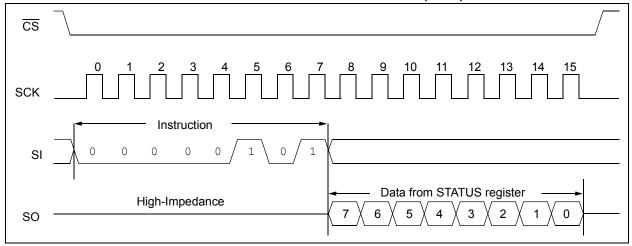
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
_	_	-	_	W/R	W/R	R	R
X	Χ	Х	Χ	BP1	BP0	WEL	WIP
W/R = writable/readable. R = read-only.							

The **Write-In-Process (WIP)** bit indicates whether the 25AA02UID is busy with a write operation. When set to a '1', a write is in progress, when set to a '0', no write is in progress. This bit is read-only.

The **Write Enable Latch (WEL)** bit indicates the status of the write enable latch and is read-only. When set to a '1', the latch allows writes to the array, when set to a '0', the latch prohibits writes to the array. The state of this bit can always be updated via the WREN or WRDI commands regardless of the state of write protection on the STATUS register. These commands are shown in Figure 2-4 and Figure 2-5.

The **Block Protection (BP0 and BP1)** bits indicate which blocks are currently write-protected. These bits are set by the user issuing the WRSR instruction, which is shown in Figure 2-7. These bits are nonvolatile and are described in more detail in Table 2-3.

FIGURE 2-6: READ STATUS REGISTER TIMING SEQUENCE (RDSR)



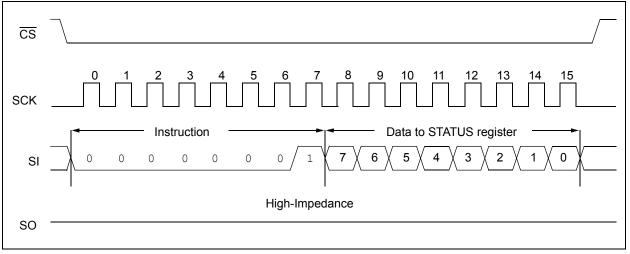
2.6 Write Status Register Instruction (WRSR)

The Write Status Register instruction (WRSR) allows the user to write to the nonvolatile bits in the STATUS register, as shown in Table 2-2. See Figure 2-7 for the WRSR timing sequence. Four levels of protection for the array are selectable by writing to the appropriate bits in the STATUS register. The user has the ability to write-protect none, one, two, or all four of the segments of the array as shown in Table 2-3.

TABLE 2-3: ARRAY PROTECTION

BP1	BP0	Array Addresses Write-Protected
0	0	none
0	1	upper 1/4 (C0h-FFh)
1	0	upper 1/2 (80h-FFh)
1	1	all (00h-FFh)





2.7 Data Protection

The following protection has been implemented to prevent inadvertent writes to the array:

- The write enable latch is reset on power-up
- A write enable instruction must be issued to set the write enable latch
- After a byte write, page write or STATUS register write, the write enable latch is reset
- CS must be set high after the proper number of clock cycles to start an internal write cycle
- Access to the array during an internal write cycle is ignored and programming is continued

2.8 Power-On State

The 25AA02UID powers on in the following state:

- The device is in low-power Standby mode (CS = 1)
- · The write enable latch is reset
- · SO is in high-impedance state
- A high-to-low-level transition on CS is required to enter active state

TABLE 2-4: WRITE-PROTECT FUNCTIONALITY MATRIX

WP (pin 3)	WEL (SR bit 1)	Protected Blocks	Unprotected Blocks	STATUS Register
0 (low)	Х	Protected	Protected	Protected
1 (high)	0	Protected	Protected	Protected
1 (high)	1	Protected	Writable	Writable

x = don't care

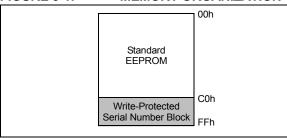
3.0 PREPROGRAMMED UNIQUE 32-BIT SERIAL NUMBER

The 25AA02UID is programmed at the factory with a unique 32-bit serial number stored in the upper 1/4 of the array and write-protected through the STATUS register. The remaining 1,536 bits are available for application use.

Note:

The 32-bit serial number is unique across all Microchip UID-family serial EEPROM devices.

FIGURE 3-1: MEMORY ORGANIZATION



The 4-byte serial number is stored in array locations 0xFC through 0xFF, as shown in Figure 3-2.

3.1 Manufacturer and Device Codes

In addition to the serial number, a manufacturer code is stored at location 0xFA and a device identifier is stored at 0xFB. The manufacturer code is fixed as 0x29. For the 25AA02UID, the device identifier is 0x51. The '5' indicates the SPI family and the '1' indicates a 2 Kbit memory density.

3.2 Factory-Programmed Write Protection

In order to help guard against accidental corruption of the serial number, the BP1 and BP0 bits of the STATUS register are programmed at the factory to '0' and '1', respectively, as shown in the following table:

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Х	Х	Х	Х	BP1	BP0	WEL	WIP
_	_	_	_	0	1	_	_

This protects the upper 1/4 of the array (0xC0 to 0xFF) from write operations. This array block can be utilized for writing by clearing the BP bits with a Write Status Register (WRSR) instruction. Note that if this is performed, care must be taken to prevent overwriting the serial number.

FIGURE 3-2: SERIAL NUMBER PHYSICAL MEMORY MAP EXAMPLE

Description	Manufacturer Device Code Code			32-bit Seri	al Number	
Data	29h	51h	12h	34h	56h	78h
Туре	Fixed		Serialized			
Array Address	FAh	FBh	FCh	FDh	FEh	FFh

3.3 Extending the 32-bit Serial Number

For applications that require serial numbers larger than 32 bits, additional data bytes can be used to pad the provided serial number to meet the required length. Any data byte values can be used for padding as the 32-bit serial number ensures the extended serial number remains unique.

The padding can be performed in two ways. The first method is to pad the data in software by combining the 32-bit serial number from the 25AA02UID with fixed data. The second method is to extend the number of bytes read from the 25AA02UID to meet the required length. Table 3-1 shows example address ranges and their corresponding serial number lengths.

TABLE 3-1: EXTENDED READ EXAMPLES

Start Address	End Address	Serial Number Length
0xFC	0xFF	32 bits
0xFA	0xFF	48 bits
0xF8	0xFF	64 bits
0xF0	0xFF	128 bits
0xE0	0xFF	256 bits

4.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 4-1.

TABLE 4-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	SOIC	SOT-23 Function	
CS	1	5	Chip Select Input
SO	2	4	Serial Data Output
WP	3	_	Write-Protect Pin
Vss	4	2	Ground
SI	5	3	Serial Data Input
SCK	6	1	Serial Clock Input
HOLD	7	_	Hold Input
Vcc	8	6	Supply Voltage

4.1 Chip Select (CS)

A low level on this pin selects the device. A high level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle which is already initiated or in progress will be completed, regardless of the $\overline{\text{CS}}$ input signal. If $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is brought high during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode as soon as the programming cycle is complete. When the device is deselected, SO goes to the high-impedance state, allowing multiple parts to share the same SPI bus. A low-to-high transition on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ after a valid write sequence initiates an internal write cycle. After power-up, a low level on $\overline{\text{CS}}$ is required prior to any sequence being initiated.

4.2 Serial Output (SO)

The SO pin is used to transfer data out of the 25AA02UID. During a read cycle, data is shifted out on this pin after the falling edge of the serial clock.

4.3 Write-Protect (WP)

The \overline{WP} pin is a hardware write-protect input pin. When it is low, all writes to the array or STATUS register are disabled, but any other operations function normally. When \overline{WP} is high, all functions, including nonvolatile writes operate normally. At any time, when \overline{WP} is low, the write enable Reset latch will be reset and programming will be inhibited. However, if a write cycle is already in progress, \overline{WP} going low will not change or disable the write cycle. See Table 2-4 for the Write-Protect Functionality Matrix.

4.4 Serial Input (SI)

The SI pin is used to transfer data into the device. It receives instructions, addresses and data. Data is latched on the rising edge of the serial clock.

4.5 Serial Clock (SCK)

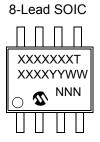
The SCK is used to synchronize the communication between a master and the 25AA02UID. Instructions, addresses or data present on the SI pin are latched on the rising edge of the clock input, while data on the SO pin is updated after the falling edge of the clock input.

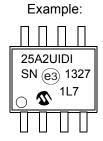
4.6 Hold (HOLD)

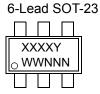
The HOLD pin is used to suspend transmission to the 25AA02UID while in the middle of a serial sequence without having to retransmit the entire sequence again. It must be held high any time this function is not being used. Once the device is selected and a serial sequence is underway, the HOLD pin may be pulled low to pause further serial communication without resetting the serial sequence. The HOLD pin must be brought low while SCK is low, otherwise the HOLD function will not be invoked until the next SCK high-tolow transition. The 25AA02UID must remain selected during this sequence. The SI, SCK and SO pins are in a high-impedance state during the time the device is paused and transitions on these pins will be ignored. To resume serial communication, HOLD must be brought high while the SCK pin is low, otherwise serial communication will not resume. Lowering the HOLD line at any time will tri-state the SO line.

5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information







Example:
AAAD3 O 271L7

	1st Line Marking Code				
Part Number	SOIC	SOT-23			
	l Temp.	l Temp.			
25AA02UID	25A2UIDT	AAADY			

Legend:	XXX T Y YY WW NNN @3	Part number or part number code Temperature (I, E) Year code (last digit of calendar year) Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year) Week code (week of January 1 is week '01') Alphanumeric traceability code (2 characters for small packages) Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	(E3)	Pb-liee JEDEC designator for Matte Till (SII)

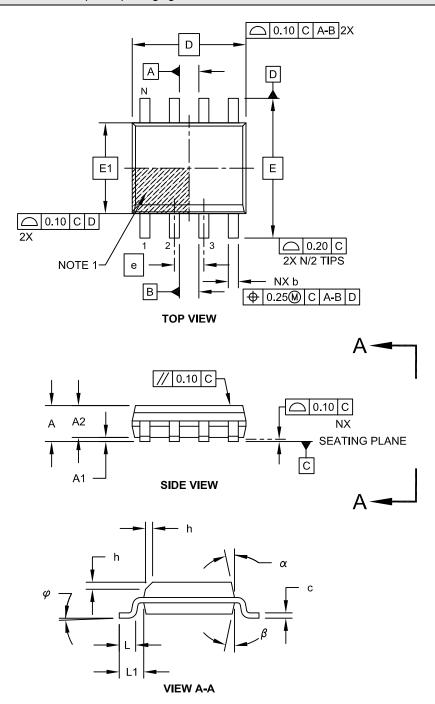
Note: For very small packages with no room for the Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3), the marking will only appear on the outer carton or reel label.

be: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

^{*}Standard OTP marking consists of Microchip part number, year code, week code, and traceability code.

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

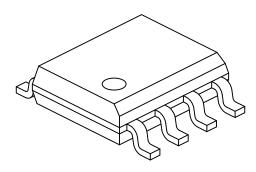
Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 1 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS					
Dimension	MIN	NOM	MAX			
Number of Pins	Ν		8			
Pitch	е		1.27 BSC			
Overall Height	Α	ı	ı	1.75		
Molded Package Thickness	A2	1.25	ı	_		
Standoff §	A1	0.10	ı	0.25		
Overall Width	Е	6.00 BSC				
Molded Package Width	E1	3.90 BSC				
Overall Length	D	4.90 BSC				
Chamfer (Optional)	h	0.25	ı	0.50		
Foot Length	L	0.40	ı	1.27		
Footprint	L1	1.04 REF				
Foot Angle	φ	0°	ı	8°		
Lead Thickness	С	0.17	ı	0.25		
Lead Width	b	0.31	ı	0.51		
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5°	ı	15°		
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5°	-	15°		

Notes:

- 1. Pin 1 visual index feature may vary, but must be located within the hatched area.
- 2. § Significant Characteristic
- 3. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm per side.
- 4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

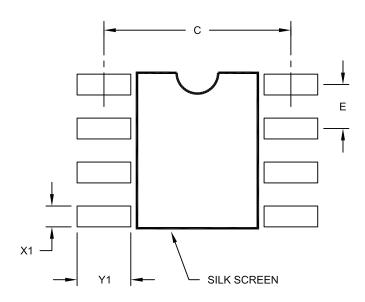
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

REF: Reference Dimension, usually without tolerance, for information purposes only.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-057C Sheet 2 of 2

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) - Narrow, 3.90 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	Е		1.27 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	С		5.40	
Contact Pad Width (X8)	X1			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X8)	Y1			1.55

Notes:

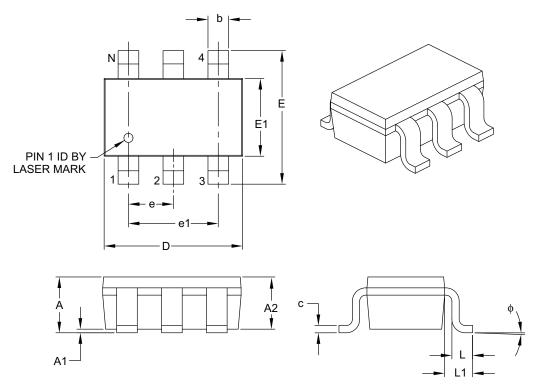
1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2057A

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



	MILLIMETERS			
Dimer	nsion Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	N		6	
Pitch	е		0.95 BSC	
Outside Lead Pitch	e1		1.90 BSC	
Overall Height	Α	0.90	_	1.45
Molded Package Thickness	A2	0.89	_	1.30
Standoff	A1	0.00	_	0.15
Overall Width	Е	2.20	_	3.20
Molded Package Width	E1	1.30	-	1.80
Overall Length	D	2.70	_	3.10
Foot Length	L	0.10	-	0.60
Footprint	L1	0.35	-	0.80
Foot Angle	ф	0°	-	30°
Lead Thickness	С	0.08	-	0.26
Lead Width	b	0.20	_	0.51

Notes:

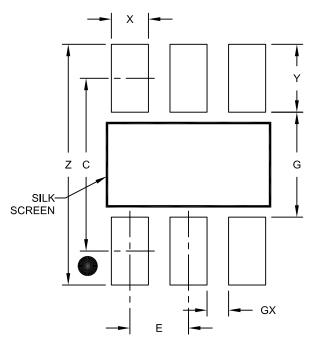
- 1. Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed 0.127 mm per side.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing C04-028B

6-Lead Plastic Small Outline Transistor (OT) [SOT-23]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at http://www.microchip.com/packaging



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

	MILLIMETERS			
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	Е	0.95 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	С		2.80	
Contact Pad Width (X6)	Х			0.60
Contact Pad Length (X6)	Υ			1.10
Distance Between Pads	G	1.70		
Distance Between Pads	GX	0.35		
Overall Width	Z			3.90

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2028A

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (05/2013)

Initial release.

25AA02UID

NOTES:

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to order or obtain information, e.g., on pricing or delivery, refer to the factory or the listed sales office.							
PART NO. Device	_	X - X /XX Tape & Reel Temperature Package					Examples: a) 25AA02UID-I/SN = 2k-bit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM with 32-bit serial number, Industrial temp., SOIC package
Device:	25AA0	2UID =	2k-Bit, 1.8V, 16-Byte Page, SPI Serial EEPROM with 32-bit Serial Number			b)	25AA02UIDT-I/SN = 2k-bit, 16-byte page, 1.8V Serial EEPROM with 32-bit serial number, Industrial temp., Tape & Reel, SOIC package
Tape & Reel:	Blank T	=	Standard packaging Tape & Reel				
Temperature Range:	I	=	-40°C to+85°C				
Package:	SN OT	=	Plastic SOIC (3.90 m SOT-23, 6-lead (Tape				

25AA02UID

NOTES:

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