

# TC1263

### **500mA Fixed Output CMOS LDO with Shutdown**

#### Features

- · Very Low Dropout Voltage
- 500mA Output Current
- · High Output Voltage Accuracy
- Standard or Custom Output Voltages
- Over Current and Over Temperature Protection
- SHDN Input for Active Power Management
- ERROR Output Can Be Used as a Low Battery Detector (SOIC only)

#### **Applications**

- · Battery Operated Systems
- Portable Computers
- Medical Instruments
- Instrumentation
- Cellular/GSM/PHS Phones
- Linear Post-Regulators for SMPS
- Pagers

#### **Device Selection Table**

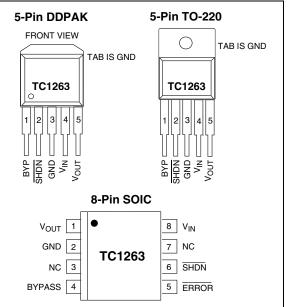
Part Number	Package	Junction Temp. Range	
TC1263-xxVOA	8-Pin SOIC	-40°C to +125°C	
TC1263-xxVAT	5-Pin TO-220	-40°C to +125°C	
TC1263-xxVET	5-Pin DDPAK	-40°C to +125°C	

NOTE: xx indicates output voltages.

Available Output Voltages: 2.5, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3, 5.0.

Other output voltages are available. Please contact Microchip Technology Inc. for details.

#### Package Type



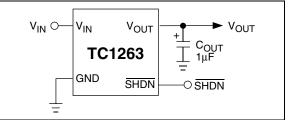
#### **General Description**

The TC1263 is a fixed output, high accuracy (typically  $\pm 0.5\%$ ) CMOS low dropout regulator. Designed specifically for battery-operated systems, the TC1263's CMOS construction eliminates wasted ground current, significantly extending battery life. Total supply current is typically 80µA at full load (20 to 60 times lower than in bipolar regulators).

TC1263 key features include ultra low noise operation, very low dropout voltage (typically 350mV at full load), and fast response to step changes in load.

The TC1263 incorporates both over temperature and over current protection. The TC1263 is stable with an output capacitor of only  $1\mu$ F and has a maximum output current of 500mA. It is available in 8-Pin SOIC, 5-Pin TO-220 and 5-Pin DDPAK packages.

#### **Typical Application**



#### 1.0 ELECTRICAL **CHARACTERISTICS**

#### Absolute Maximum Ratings\*

Input Voltage6.5V
Output Voltage $(V_{SS} - 0.3V)$ to $(V_{IN} + 0.3V)$
Power DissipationInternally Limited (Note 6)
Maximum Voltage on Any Pin $\dots V_{IN}$ +0.3V to -0.3V
Operating Temperature Range40°C < $T_J$ < 125°C
Storage Temperature65°C to +150°C

\*Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### **TC1263 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

**Electrical Characteristics:**  $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ ,  $I_L = 100\mu$ A,  $C_L = 3.3\mu$ F,  $\overline{SHDN} > V_{IH}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}$ C, unless otherwise noted. **Boldface** type specifications apply for junction temperatures of -40°C to +125°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Мах	Units	Test Conditions
V <sub>IN</sub>	Input Operating Voltage	2.7	_	6.0	V	Note 8
IOUTMAX	Maximum Output Current	500	_	_	mA	
V <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Voltage	 V <sub>R</sub> – 2.5%	V <sub>R</sub> ±0.5%	 V <sub>R</sub> + 2.5%	V	Note 1
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T$	V <sub>OUT</sub> Temperature Coefficient	—	40	—	ppm/°C	Note 2
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	Line Regulation	—	0.05	0.35	%	$(V_R + 1V) \le V_{IN} \le 6V$
$\Delta V_{OUT}/V_{OUT}$	Load Regulation	—	0.002	0.01	%/mA	$I_L = 0.1 \text{mA to } I_{OUTMAX}$ (Note 3)
V <sub>IN</sub> -V <sub>OUT</sub>	Dropout Voltage		20 60 200 350	30 130 390 650	mV	I <sub>L</sub> = 100μA I <sub>L</sub> = 100mA I <sub>L</sub> = 300mA I <sub>L</sub> = 500mA <b>(Note 4)</b>
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Current	-	80	130	μA	$\overline{\text{SHDN}} = V_{\text{IH}}, I_{\text{L}} = 0$
I <sub>SHDN</sub>	Shutdown Supply Current	—	0.05	1	μA	SHDN = 0V
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	—	64	_	dB	F <sub>RE</sub> ≤1kHz
I <sub>OUTSC</sub>	Output Short Circuit Current	—	1200	1400	mA	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta P_D$	Thermal Regulation	—	0.04	_	V/W	Note 5
eN	Output Noise	—	260	_	nV/√Hz	I <sub>L</sub> = I <sub>OUTMAX</sub>
SHDN Input						
V <sub>IH</sub>	SHDN Input High Threshold	60	—	_	%V <sub>IN</sub>	
V <sub>IL</sub>	SHDN Input Low Threshold	—	—	15	%V <sub>IN</sub>	
ERROR Outp	out (SOIC Only)					
V <sub>MIN</sub>	Minimum Operating Voltage	1.0	—	_	V	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output Logic Low Voltage	_	_	400	mV	1 mA Flows to ERROR
V <sub>TH</sub>	ERROR Threshold Voltage	_	0.95 x V <sub>R</sub>	—	V	
V <sub>HYS</sub>	ERROR Positive Hysteresis	—	50	_	mV	Note 7

1:  $V_R$  is the regulator output voltage setting. Note 2:

 $TC V_{OUT} = \frac{(V_{OUTMAX} - V_{OUTMIN}) \times 10^{6}}{V_{OUT} \times \Delta T}$ 

Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at a 1V 4: differential.

5: Thermal Regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time T after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a current pulse equal to  $I_{LMAX}$  at  $V_{IN} = 6V$  for T = 10 msec.

The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of ambient temperature, the maximum allowable junction temperature and the 6: thermal resistance from junction-to-air (i.e.,  $T_A$ ,  $T_J$ ,  $\theta_{JA}$ ). Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation causes the device to initiate thermal shutdown. Please see Section 4.0 Thermal Considerations for more details.

7: Hysteresis voltage is referenced to V<sub>R</sub>.

The minimum  $V_{IN}$  has to justify the conditions:  $V_{IN} \ge V_R + V_{DROPOUT}$  and  $V_{IN} \ge 2.7V$  for  $I_L = 0.1$ mA to  $I_{OUTMAX}$ . 8:

<sup>3:</sup> Regulation is measured at a constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Load regulation is tested over a load range from 0.1mA to the maximum specified output current. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.

#### 2.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

The descriptions of the pins are listed in Table 2-1.

#### TABLE 2-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

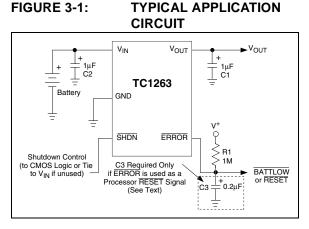
Pin No. (8-Pin SOIC)	Symbol	Description	
1	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Regulated voltage output.	
2	GND	Ground terminal.	
3	NC	No connect.	
4	BYPASS	Reference bypass input. Connecting a 470pF to this input further reduces output noise.	
5	ERROR	Out-of-Regulation Flag (open drain output). This output goes low when $V_{OUT}$ is out-of-tolerance by approximately – 5%.	
6	NC	No connect.	
7	SHDN	Shutdown control input. The regulator is fully enabled when a logic high is applied to this input. The regulator enters shutdown when a logic low is applied to this input. During shutdown, output voltage falls to zero and supply current is reduced to $0.05\mu$ A (typical).	
8	V <sub>IN</sub>	Unregulated supply input.	

Pin No. (5-Pin DDPAK) (5-Pin TO-220)	Symbol	Description
1	BYP	Reference bypass input. Connecting a 470pF to this input further reduces output noise.
2	SHDN	Shutdown control input. The regulator is fully enabled when a logic high is applied to this input. The regulator enters shutdown when a logic low is applied to this input. During shutdown, output voltage falls to zero and supply current is reduced to $0.05\mu$ A (typical).
3	GND	Ground terminal.
4	V <sub>IN</sub>	Unregulated supply input.
5	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Regulated voltage output.

#### 3.0 DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TC1263 is a precision, fixed output LDO. Unlike bipolar regulators, the TC1263's supply current does not increase with load current. In addition,  $V_{OUT}$  remains stable and within regulation over the entire OmA to I<sub>LOADMAX</sub> load current range (an important consideration in RTC and CMOS RAM battery back-up applications).

Figure 3-1 shows a typical application circuit.



#### 3.1 Output Capacitor

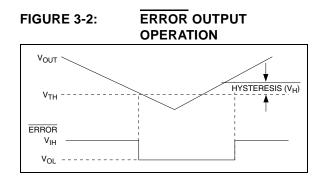
A 1 $\mu$ F (min) capacitor from V<sub>OUT</sub> to ground is required. The output capacitor should have an effective series resistance greater than  $0.1\Omega$  and less than  $5\Omega$ , and a resonant frequency above 1MHz. A 1µF capacitor should be connected from  $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IN}}$  to GND if there is more than 10 inches of wire between the regulator and the AC filter capacitor, or if a battery is used as the power source. Aluminum electrolytic or tantalum capacitor types can be used. (Since many aluminum electrolytic capacitors freeze at approximately -30°C, solid tantalums are recommended for applications operating below -25°C.) When operating from sources other than batteries, supply-noise rejection and transient response can be improved by increasing the value of the input and output capacitors and employing passive filtering techniques.

#### 3.2 ERROR Output

ERROR is driven low whenever  $V_{OUT}$  falls out of regulation by more than – 5% (typical). This condition may be caused by low input voltage, output current limiting, or thermal limiting. The ERROR threshold is 5% below rated  $V_{OUT}$  regardless of the programmed output voltage value (e.g., ERROR =  $V_{OL}$  at 4.75V (typ.) for a 5.0V regulator and 2.85V (typ.) for a 3.0V regulator). ERROR output operation is shown in Figure 3-2.

Note that  $\overline{\text{ERROR}}$  is active when V<sub>OUT</sub> is at or below V<sub>TH</sub>, and inactive when V<sub>OUT</sub> is above V<sub>TH</sub> + V<sub>H</sub>.

As shown in Figure 3-1, ERROR can be used as a battery low flag, or as a processor RESET signal (with the addition of timing capacitor C3). R1 x C3 should be chosen to maintain ERROR below  $V_{IH}$  of the processor RESET input for at least 200 msec to allow time for the system to stabilize. Pull-up resistor R1 can be tied to  $V_{OUT}$ ,  $V_{IN}$  or any other voltage less than ( $V_{IN}$  + 0.3V).



#### 4.0 THERMAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### 4.1 Thermal Shutdown

Integrated thermal protection circuitry shuts the regulator off when die temperature exceeds 160°C. The regulator remains off until the die temperature drops to approximately 150°C.

#### 4.2 **Power Dissipation**

The amount of power the regulator dissipates is primarily a function of input and output voltage, and output current. The following equation is used to calculate worst case actual power dissipation:

#### **EQUATION 4-1:**

$$\begin{split} P_{D} &\approx (V_{INMAX} - V_{OUTMIN})I_{LOADMAX} \\ Where: \\ P_{D} &= Worst \ case \ actual \ power \ dissipation \\ V_{INMAX} &= Maximum \ voltage \ on \ V_{IN} \end{split}$$

 $V_{OUTMIN}$  = Minimum regulator output voltage

I<sub>LOADMAX</sub> = Maximum output (load) current

The maximum allowable power dissipation (Equation 4-2) is a function of the maximum ambient temperature  $(T_{AMAX})$ , the maximum allowable die temperature  $(T_{JMAX})$  and the thermal resistance from junction-to-air  $(\theta_{JA})$ .

#### **EQUATION 4-2:**

$$P_{D_{MAX}} = \frac{(T_{J_{MAX}} - T_{A_{MAX}})}{\theta_{JA}}$$
  
Where all terms are previously defined.

Table 4-1 and Table 4-2 show various values of  $\theta_{JA}$  for the TC1263 packages.

#### TABLE 4-1: THERMAL RESISTANCE GUIDELINES FOR TC1263 IN 8-PIN SOIC PACKAGE

Copper Area (Topside)*	Copper Area (Backside)	Board Area	Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )
2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	60°C/W
1000 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	60°C/W
225 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	68°C/W
100 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	74°C/W

\*Pin 2 is ground. Device is mounted on topside.

#### TABLE 4-2: THERMAL RESISTANCE GUIDELINES FOR TC1263 IN 3-PIN TO-220/DDPAK PACKAGE

Copper Area (Topside)*	Copper Area (Backside)	Board Area	Thermal Resistance (θ <sub>JA</sub> )
2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	25°C/W
1000 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	27°C/W
125 sq mm	2500 sq mm	2500 sq mm	35°C/W

\*Tab of device attached to topside copper

Equation 4-1 can be used in conjunction with Equation 4-2 to ensure regulator thermal operation is within limits. For example:

Given:

$$\begin{array}{ll} V_{INMAX} &= 3.3V \pm 10\% \\ V_{OUTMIN} &= 2.7V \pm 0.5\% \\ I_{LOADMAX} &= 275mA \\ T_{JMAX} &= 125^{\circ}C \\ T_{AMAX} &= 95^{\circ}C \\ \theta_{JA} &= 60^{\circ}C/W \end{array}$$

Find: 1. Actual power dissipation 2. Maximum allowable dissipation

Actual power dissipation:

$$\begin{split} \mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}} &\approx (\mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{INMAX}} - \mathsf{V}_{\mathsf{OUTMIN}}) \mathsf{I}_{\mathsf{LOADMAX}} \\ &= [(3.3 \text{ x } 1.1) - (2.7 \text{ x } .995)]275 \text{ x } 10^{-3} \end{split}$$

= 260mW

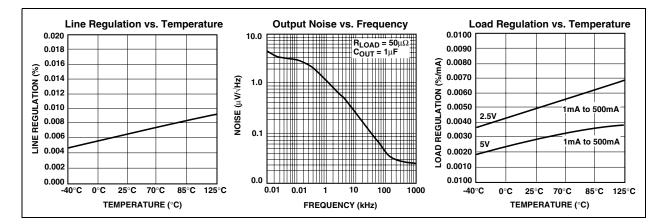
Maximum allowable power dissipation:

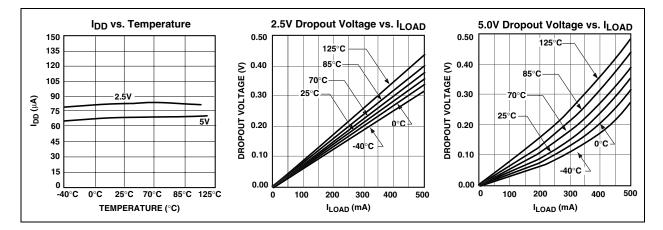
$$P_{DMAX} = \frac{(T_{JMAX} - T_{AMAX})}{\theta_{JA}}$$
$$= \frac{(125 - 95)}{60}$$
$$= 500 \text{mW}$$

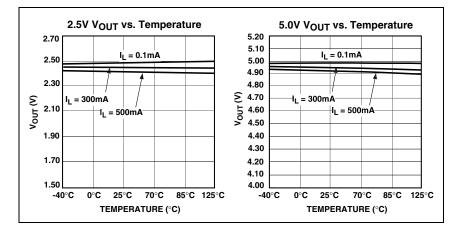
In this example, the TC1263 dissipates a maximum of 260mW; below the allowable limit of 500mW. In a similar manner, Equation 4-1 and Equation 4-2 can be used to calculate maximum current and/or input voltage limits. For example, the maximum allowable  $V_{IN}$ , is found by substituting the maximum allowable power dissipation of 500mW into Equation 4-1, from which  $V_{INMAX} = 4.6V$ .

#### 5.0 TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**Note:** The graphs and tables provided following this note are a statistical summary based on a limited number of samples and are provided for informational purposes only. The performance characteristics listed herein are not tested or guaranteed. In some graphs or tables, the data presented may be outside the specified operating range (e.g., outside specified power supply range) and therefore outside the warranted range.





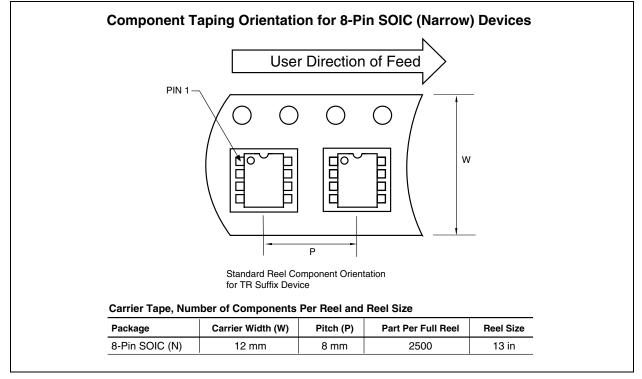


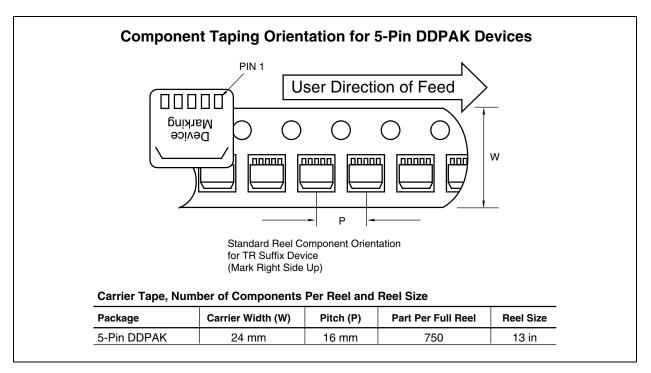
#### 6.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

#### 6.1 Package Marking Information

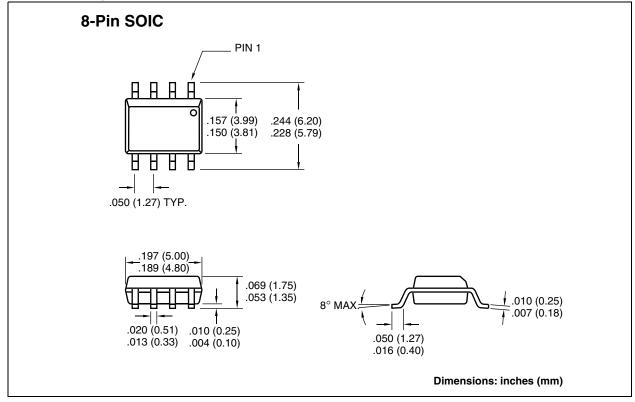
Package marking data not available at this time.

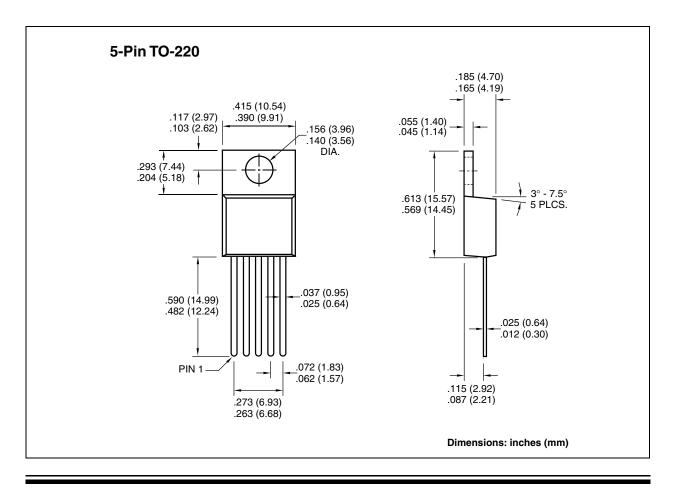
#### 6.2 Taping Form



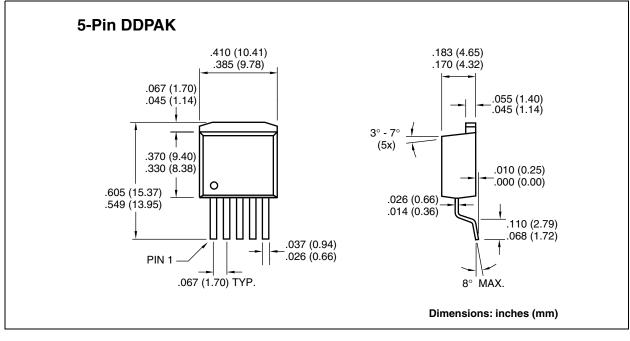


#### 6.3 Package Dimensions









### TC1263

NOTES:

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 TC1263-3.3VOA

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