

Switched Capacitor Voltage Converters

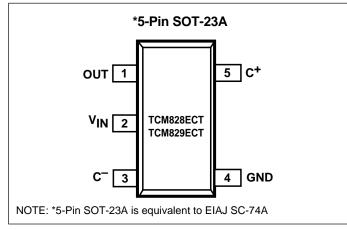
FEATURES

- Charge Pump in 5-Pin SOT-23A Package
- >95% Voltage Conversion Efficiency
- Voltage Inversion and/or Doubling
- Low 50µA (TCM828) Quiescent Current
- Operates from +1.5V to +5.5V
- Up to 25mA Output Current
- Only Two External Capacitors Required

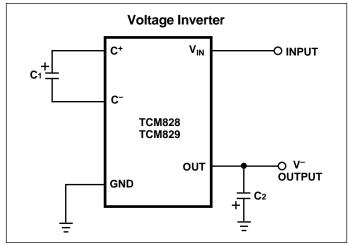
APPLICATIONS

- LCD Panel Bias
- Cellular Phones
- Pagers
- PDAs, Portable Dataloggers
- Battery-Powered Devices

PIN CONFIGURATION



TYPICAL OPERATING CIRCUIT



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TCM828/829 are CMOS "charge-pump" voltage converters in ultra-small 5-Pin SOT-23A packages. They invert and/or double an input voltage which can range from +1.5V to +5.5V. Conversion efficiency is typically >95%. Switching frequency is 12kHz for the TCM828 and 35kHz for the TCM829.

External component requirement is only two capacitors $(3.3\mu F nominal)$ for standard voltage inverter applications. With a few additional components a positive doubler can also be built. All other circuitry, including control, oscillator, power MOSFETs are integrated on-chip. Supply current is 50 μ A (TCM828) and 115 μ A (TCM829).

The TCM828 and TCM829 are available in a 5-Pin SOT-23A surface mount package.

ORDERING INFORMATION

Part No.	Package	Temp. Range
TCM828ECT	5-Pin SOT-23A	- 40°C to +85°C
TCM829ECT	5-Pin SOT-23A	– 40°C to +85°C

NOTE: 5-Pin SOT-23A is equivalent to EIAJ SC-74A.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Input Voltage (V _{IN} to GND)	+6.0V, -0.3V
Output Voltage (OUT to GND)	–6.0V, + 0.3V
Current at OUT Pin	50mA
Short-Circuit Duration - OUT to GND	Indefinite
Operating Temperature Range	– 40°C to +85°C

Power Dissipation ($T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$)

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +85°C, $V_{IN} = +5V$, $C1 = C2 = 10\mu$ F (TCM828), $C1 = C2 = 3.3\mu$ F (TCM829), unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{DD}	Supply Current	TCM828 TCM829	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	_	50 115	90 260	μΑ
V ⁺	Minimum Supply Voltage		R_{LOAD} = 10k Ω : T_A = 0°C to +85°C	1.5	-	-	V
V ⁺	Maximum Supply Voltage		$R_{LOAD} = 10 k\Omega$	_	_	5.5	V
F _{OSC}	Oscillator Frequency	TCM828 TCM829	T _A = +25°C	8.4 24.5	12 35	15.6 45.5	kHz
P _{EFF}	Power Efficiency		$I_{LOAD} = 3mA, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$	_	96		%
VEFF	Voltage Conversion Efficiency		R _{LOAD} = ∞	95	99.9	-	%
R _{OUT}	Output Resistance		$I_{OUT} = 5mA$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = 0^{\circ}C$ to +85°C	_	25 —	50 65	Ω

NOTE: 1. Capacitor contribution is approximately 20% of the output impedance [ESR = 1 / pump frequency x capacitance)].

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS: $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$, $V_{IN} = +5V$, $C1 = C2 = 10\mu F$ (TCM828), $C1 = C2 = 3.3\mu F$ (TCM829) unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$. (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Device	Test Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
I _{DD}	Supply Current	TCM828			_	115	μA
		TCM829		_	_	325	
V ⁺	Supply Voltage Range		$R_{LOAD} = 10k\Omega$	1.5	—	5.5	V
Fosc	Oscillator Frequency	TCM828		6	_	20	kHz
		TCM829		19	_	54.3	
ROUT	Output Resistance		I _{OUT} = 5mA	_	—	65	Ω

NOTE: 2. All – 40°C to +85°C specifications above are guaranteed by design.

PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No. (5-Pin SOT-23A)	Symbol	Description	
1	OUT	Inverting charge pump output.	
2	V _{IN}	Positive power supply input.	
3	C ₁	Commutation capacitor negative terminal.	
4	GND	Ground.	
5	C ⁺ ₁	Commutation capacitor positive terminal.	

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

The TCM828/829 charge pump converters invert the voltage applied to the V_{IN} pin. Conversion consists of a twophase operation (Figure 1). During the first phase, switches S2 and S4 are open and S1 and S3 are closed. During this time, C1 charges to the voltage on V_{IN} and load current is supplied from C2. During the second phase, S2 and S4 are closed, and S1 and S3 are open. This action connects C1 across C2, restoring charge to C2.

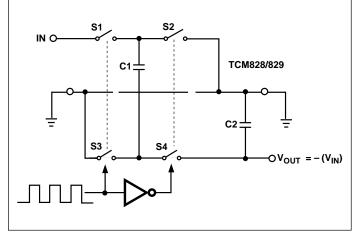


Figure 1. Ideal Switched Capacitor Charge Pump

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Output Voltage Considerations

The TCM828/829 perform voltage conversion but do not provide *regulation*. The output voltage will droop in a linear manner with respect to load current. The value of this equivalent output resistance is approximately 25Ω nominal at +25°C and V_{IN} = +5V. V_{OUT} is approximately –5V at light loads, and droops according to the equation below:

 $V_{DROOP} = I_{OUT} \times R_{OUT}$ $V_{OUT} = - (V_{IN} - V_{DROOP})$

Charge Pump Efficiency

The overall power efficiency of the charge pump is affected by four factors:

- (1) Losses from power consumed by the internal oscillator, switch drive, etc. (which vary with input voltage, temperature and oscillator frequency).
- (2) I²R losses due to the on-resistance of the MOSFET switches on-board the charge pump.
- (3) Charge pump capacitor losses due to effective series resistance (ESR).

(4) Losses that occur during charge transfer (from the commutation capacitor to the output capacitor) when a voltage difference between the two capacitors exists.

Most of the conversion losses are due to factors (2), (3) and (4) above. These losses are given by Equation 1.

$$P_{\text{LOSS}(2, 3, 4)} = I_{\text{OUT}}^{2} \times R_{\text{OUT}}$$
$$\cong I_{\text{OUT}}^{2} \times \left[\frac{1}{(f_{\text{OSC}}) \text{ C1}} + 8R_{\text{SWITCH}} + 4\text{ESR}_{\text{C1}} + \text{ESR}_{\text{C2}} \right]$$

Equation 1.

The $1/(f_{OSC})(C1)$ term in Equation 1 is the effective output resistance of an ideal switched capacitor circuit (Figures 2a, 2b).

The losses in the circuit due to factor (4) above are also shown in Equation 2. The output voltage ripple is given by Equation 3.

$$P_{LOSS (4)} = \left[(0.5)(C1)(V_{IN}^2 - V_{OUT}^2) + (0.5)(C2)(V_{RIPPLE}^2 - 2V_{OUT}V_{RIPPLE}) \right] x f_{OSC}$$

Equation 2.

$$V_{\text{RIPPLE}} = \frac{I_{\text{OUT}}}{(f_{\text{OSC}})(\text{C2})} + 2(I_{\text{OUT}})(\text{ESR}_{\text{C2}})$$



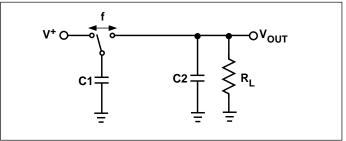


Figure 2a. Ideal Switched Capacitor Model

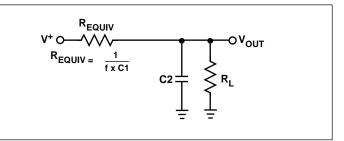


Figure 2b. Equivalent Output Resistance

Capacitor Selection

In order to maintain the lowest output resistance and output ripple voltage, it is recommended that low ESR capacitors be used. Additionally, larger values of C1 will lower the output resistance and larger values of C2 will reduce output ripple. (See Equation 1(b)).

Table 1 shows various values of C1 and the corresponding output resistance values @ +25°C. It assumes a 0.1 Ω ESR_{C1} and 2 Ω R_{SW}. Table 2 shows the output voltage ripple for various values of C2. The V_{RIPPLE} values assume 10mA output load current and 0.1 Ω ESR_{C2}.

C1(μF)	TCM828 R _{OUT} (Ω)	TCM829 R _{OUT} (Ω)
0.1	850	302
1	100	45
3.3	42	25
10	25	19
47	18	17
100	17	17

Table 1. Output Resistance vs. C1 (ESR = 0.1 Ω)

Table 2. Output Voltage	Ripple vs. C2	$(ESR = 0.1\Omega)$ Jour 10	mΑ

	U 11 1	,
C2(μ F)	TCM828 V _{RIPPLE} (mV)	TCM829 V _{RIPPLE} (mV)
1	835	286
3.3	254	88
10	85	31
47	20	8
100	10	5

Input Supply Bypassing

The V_{IN} input should be capacitively bypassed to reduce AC impedance and minimize noise effects due to the switching internal to the device. The recommended capacitor depends on the configuration of the TCM828/829.

If the device is loaded from OUT to GND it is recommended that a large value capacitor (at least equal to C1) be connected from the input to GND. If the device is loaded from IN to OUT a small (0.1 μ F) capacitor from IN to OUT is sufficient.

Voltage Inverter

The most common application for charge pump devices is the inverter (Figure 3). This application uses two external capacitors – C1 and C2 (plus a power supply bypass capacitor, if necessary). The output is equal to $V_{\overline{IN}}$ plus any voltage drops due to loading. Refer to Table 1 and Table 2 for capacitor selection.

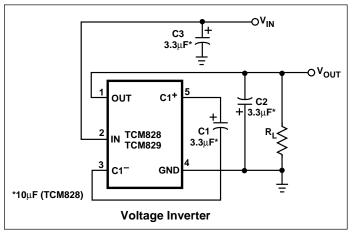


Figure 3. Test Circuit

Cascading Devices

Two or more TCM828/829's can be cascaded to increase output voltage (Figure 4). If the output is lightly loaded, it will be close to $(-2 \times V_{IN})$ but will droop at least by R_{OUT} of the first device multiplied by the I_Q of the second. It can be seen that the output resistance rises rapidly for multiple cascaded devices. For large negative voltage requirements see the TC682 or TCM680 data sheets.

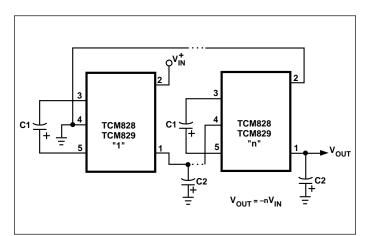


Figure 4. Cascading TCM828s or TCM829s to Increase Output Voltage

Paralleling Devices

To reduce the value of R_{OUT}, multiple TCM828/829s can be connected in parallel (Figure 5). The output resistance will be reduced by a factor of N where N is the number of TCM828/829's. Each device will require it's own pump capacitor (C1), but all devices may share one reservoir capacitor (C2). However, to preserve ripple performance the value of C2 should be scaled according to the number of paralleled TCM828/829's.

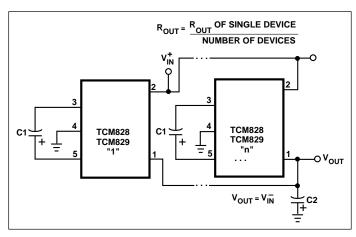


Figure 5. Paralleling TCM828s or TCM829s to Reduce Output Resistance

Voltage Doubler/Inverter

Another common application of the TCM828/829 is shown in Figure 6. This circuit performs two functions in combination. C1 and C2 form the standard inverter circuit described above. C3 and C4 plus the two diodes form the voltage doubler circuit. C1 and C3 are the pump capacitors and C2 and C4 are the reservoir capacitors. Because both sub-circuits rely on the same switches if either output is loaded, both will droop toward GND. Make sure that the total current drawn from both the outputs does not total more than 40mA.

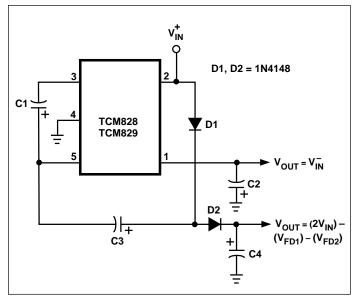


Figure 6. Combined Doubler and Inverter

Diode Protection for Heavy Loads

When heavy loads require the OUT pin to sink large currents being delivered by a positive source, diode protection may be needed. The OUT pin should not be allowed to be pulled above ground. This is accomplished by connecting a Schottky diode (1N5817) as shown in Figure 7.

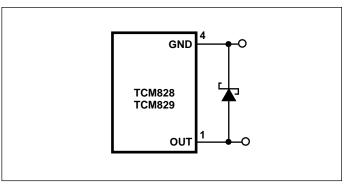


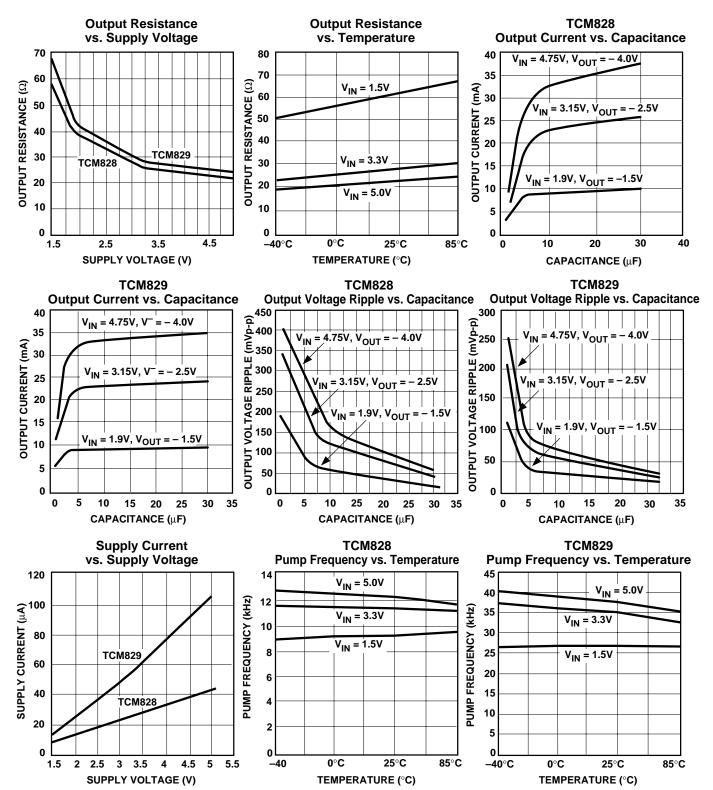
Figure 7. High V⁻ Load Current

Layout Considerations

As with any switching power supply circuit good layout practice is recommended. Mount components as close together as possible to minimize stray inductance and capacitance. Also use a large ground plane to minimize noise leakage into other circuitry.

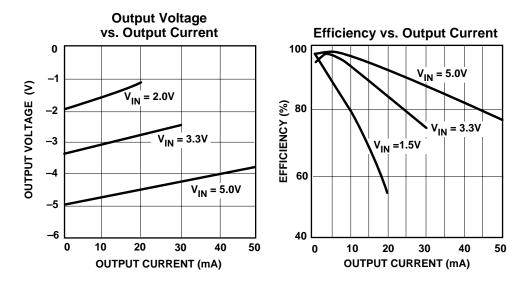
TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Circuit of Figure 3, V_{IN} = +5V, C1 = C2 = C3, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

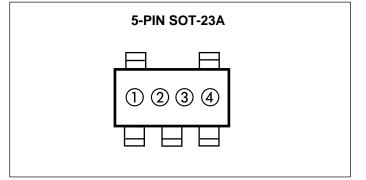


TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Cont.)

Circuit of Figure 3, V_{IN} = +5V, C1 = C2 = C3, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



MARKING



Part Numbers and Part Marking

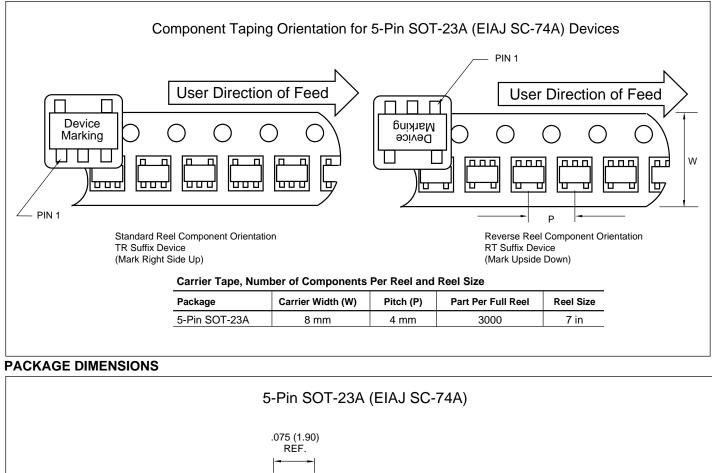
 & 2 = part number code + temperature range (two-digit code).

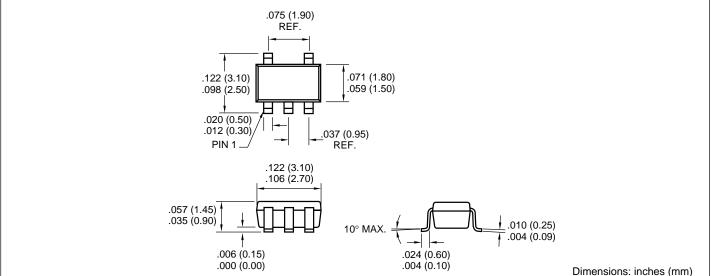
TCM828/829	Code
TCM828ECT	CA
TCM829ECT	CB

ex: TCM828ECT = ©A))

- ③ represents year and quarter code
- ④ represents lot ID number

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