



Ultra Fast USB 2.0 Hub and Multi-Format Flash Media Controller with Dual SD Interfaces

PRODUCT FEATURES

General Description

The SMSC USB2660/USB2660i is a USB 2.0 compliant, Hi-Speed hub, card reader, and protocol converter combo solution. This fully integrated single chip solution provides USB expansion and flash card media reader/writer integration. SDIO bridging is possible with custom firmware. The SMSC USB2660/USB2660i provides an ultra fast interface between a USB host and today's popular flash media formats. The controller allows read/write capability to flash media from the following families:

- Secure Digital[™] (SD)
- MultiMediaCard[™] (MMC)
- Memory Stick[®] (MS)
- xD-Picture Card[™] (xD)¹

The USB2660/USB2660i offers a versatile, cost-effective, and energy-efficient hub controller with 2 downstream USB 2.0 ports. This combo solution leverages SMSC's innovative technology that delivers industry-leading data throughput in mixed-speed USB environments. Average sustained transfer rates exceeding 35 MB/s are possible².

Highlights

- 2 exposed Hi-Speed USB 2.0 downstream ports for external peripheral expansion
- The dedicated flash media reader is internally attached to a 3rd downstream port of the hub as a USB Compound Device
 - a single or multiplexed flash media reader interface
 - a non-multiplexed SD/SDIO interface (slot) for SD card reader or SDIO bridging applications
- PortMap
 - Flexible port mapping and port disable sequencing supports multiple platform designs
- PortSwap
 - Programmable USB differential-pair pin locations eases PCB design by aligning USB signal traces directly to connectors
- PHYBoost
 - Programmable USB transceiver drive strength recovers signal integrity

Features

- Compliance with the following flash media card specifications SD 2.0 / MMC 4.2 / MS 1.43 / MS-Pro 1.02 / MS-Pro-HG 1.01 / MS-Duo 1.10 / xD 1.2
- Supports a single external 3.3 V supply source; internal regulators provide 1.8 V internal core voltage for additional bill of materials and power savings
- The transaction translator (TT) in the hub supports operation of Full-Speed and Low-Speed peripherals
- 9 K RAM | 64 K on-chip ROM
- Enhanced EMI rejection and ESD protection performance
- Hub and flash media reader/writer configuration from a single source: External I²C[®] ROM or external SPI ROM
 - Configures internal code using an external I²C EEPROM
 - Supports external code using an SPI Flash EEPROM
 - Customizable vendor ID, product ID, and language ID if using an external EEPROM
- Additional SD/SDIO port for card reader or to host wireless applications such as WiFi[™], Bluetooth[®], and GPS
- Up to 20 configurable GPIOs for special functions
- The USB2660 supports the commercial temperature range of 0°C to +70°C
- The USB2660i supports the industrial temperature range of -40°C to +85°C
- 64-pin QFN lead-free, RoHS compliant package (9 x 9 mm)

Applications

- Desktop and mobile PCs
- Printers
- GPS navigation systems
- Media players/viewers
- Consumer A/V
- Set-top boxes
- Industrial products

^{1.}For xD-Picture Card[™] support, please obtain a user license from the xD-Picture Card License Office. 2.Host and media dependent.

^{2.} Host and media dependent.



ORDER NUMBERS:

USB2660/USB2660i-JZX for 64-PIN, QFN LEAD-FREE RoHS COMPLIANT PACKAGE

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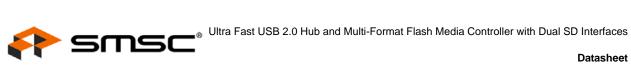


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Chapter 1 Overview

The SMSC USB2660/USB2660i is an integrated USB 2.0 compliant, Hi-Speed hub, card reader, and protocol converter combo solution. This combo solution supports today's popular multi-format flash media cards. This multi-format flash media controller and USB hub combo features two exposed downstream USB ports available for external peripheral expansion. The dedicated flash media reader/writer is internally attached to a third downstream port of the hub as a USB Compound Device which supports the following two interfaces: One interface is multiplexed for xD-Picture Card, Memory Stick, Secure Digital/MultiMediaCard, and SD/Secure Digital Input/Output. The other interface is dedicated to a second SD card slot for SDIO bridging applications. SDIO bridging is possible with custom firmware.

The USB2660/USB2660i will attach to an upstream port as a Full-Speed hub or as a Full-/Hi-Speed hub. The hub supports Low-Speed, Full-Speed, and Hi-Speed (if operating as a Hi-Speed hub) downstream devices on all of the enabled downstream ports.

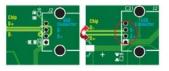
All required resistors on the USB ports are integrated into the hub. This includes all series termination resistors on D+ and D– pins and all required pull-down and pull-up resistors. The overcurrent sense inputs for the downstream facing ports have internal pull-up resistors.

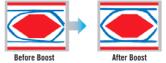
The USB2660/USB2660i includes programmable features such as:

PortMap which provides flexible port mapping and disable sequences. The downstream ports of a USB2660/USB2660i hub can be reordered or disabled in any sequence to support multiple platform designs with minimum effort. For any port that is disabled, the USB2660/USB2660i automatically reorders the remaining ports to match the USB host controller's port numbering scheme.

PortSwap which adds per-port programmability to USB differentialpair pin locations. PortSwap allows direct alignment of USB signals (D+/D-) to connectors avoiding uneven trace length or crossing of the USB differential signals on the PCB.

PHYBoost which enables four programmable levels of USB signal drive strengths in downstream port transceivers. PHYBoost attempts to restore USB signal integrity. The diagram on the right shows an example of Hi-Speed USB eye diagrams before (PHYBoost at 0%) and after (PHYBoost at 12%) signal integrity restoration in a compromised system environment.







Hardware Features

- Single chip hub and flash media controller combo
- USB2660 supports the commercial temperature range of 0°C to +70°C
- USB2660i supports the industrial temperature range of -40°C to +85°C
- Transaction translator (TT) in the hub supports operation of FS and LS peripherals
- Full power management with individual or ganged power control of each downstream port
- Optional support for external firmware access via SPI interface
- Onboard 24 MHz crystal driver circuit
- Optional external 24 MHz clock input which must be a 1.8 V signal
- Code execution via SPI ROM which must meet
 - 30 MHz or 60 MHz operation support
 - Single bit or dual bit mode support
 - Mode 0 or mode 3 SPI support

Compliance with the following flash media card specifications:

- Secure Digital 2.0 / MultiMediaCard 4.2
 - SD 2.0, SD-HS, SD-HC
 - TransFlash[™] and reduced form factor media
 - 1/4/8 bit MMC 4.2
- Memory Stick 1.43
- Memory Stick Pro Format 1.02
- Memory Stick Pro-HG Duo Format 1.01
 Memory Stick, MS Duo, MS-HS, MS Pro-HG, MS Pro
- Memory Stick Duo 1.10
- xD-Picture Card 1.2
- Up to 20 GPIOs: Configuration and polarity for special function use
 - The number of actual GPIOs depends on the implementation configuration used
 - Two GPIOs available with up to 200 mA drive and protected "fold-back" short circuit current
- 8051 8-bit microprocessor
 - 60 MHz single cycle execution
 - 64 KB ROM | 9 KB RAM
- Integrated regulator for 1.8 V core operation

Software Features

- Hub and flash media reader/writer configuration from a single source: External I²C ROM or external SPI ROM
- If the OEM is using an external EEPROM or an external SPI ROM, the following features are available:
 - Customizable vendor ID, product ID, and device ID
 - 12-hex digits maximum for the serial number string
 - 28-character manufacturer ID and product strings for the flash media reader/writer



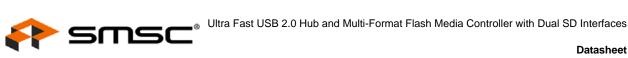
OEM Selectable Hub Features

A default configuration is available in the USB2660/USB2660i following a reset. The USB2660/USB2660i may also be configured by an external I^2C EEPROM or via external SPI ROM flash.

Compound Device support on a port-by-port basis

- a port is permanently hardwired to a downstream USB peripheral device

- Select over-current sensing and port power control on an individual or ganged (all ports together) basis to match the OEM's choice of circuit board component selection
- Port power control and over-current detection/delay features
- Configure the delay time for filtering the over-current sense inputs
- Configure the delay time for turning on downstream port power
- Bus- or self-powered selection
- Hub port disable or non-removable configurations
- Flexible port mapping and disable sequencing supports multiple platform designs
- Programmable USB differential-pair pin location eases PCB layout by aligning USB signal lines directly to connectors
- Programmable USB signal drive strength recovers USB signal integrity using 4 levels of signal drive strength
- Indicate the maximum current that the 2-port hub consumes from the USB upstream port
- Indicate the maximum current required for the hub controller



Chapter 2 Acronyms

ACK: Handshake packet (positive acknowledgement)

EOP: End of Packet

EOF: End of (micro) Frame

FM: Flash Media

FMC: Flash Media Controller

FS: Full-Speed Device

LS: Low-Speed Device

HS: Hi-Speed Device

I²C[®]: Inter-Integrated Circuit¹

MMC: MultiMediaCard

MS: Memory Stick

MSC: Memory Stick Controller

OCS: Over-current Sense

PHY: Physical Layer

PLL: Phase-Locked Loop

RXD: Received eXchange Data

SD: Secure Digital

SDC: Secure Digital Controller

TXD: Transmit eXchange Data

UART: Universal Asynchronous Receiver-Transmitter

UCHAR: Unsigned Character

UINT: Unsigned Integer

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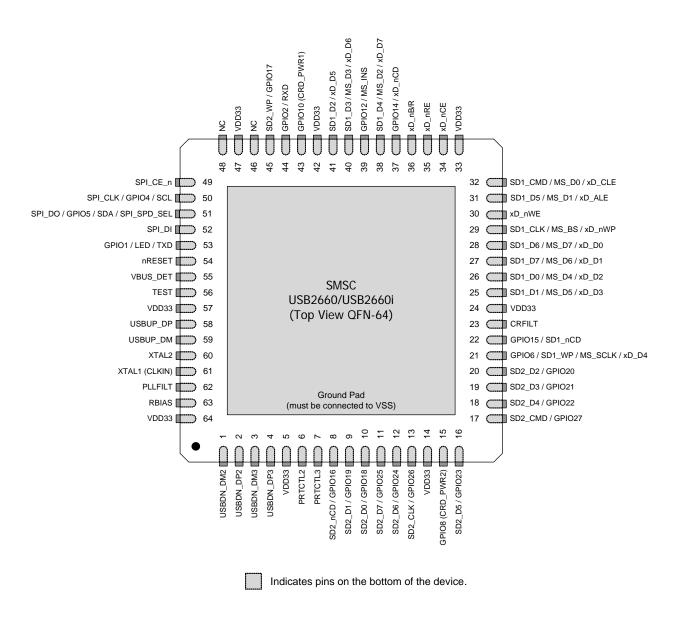


Figure 3.1 USB2660/USB2660i 64-Pin QFN



Chapter 4 Block Diagram

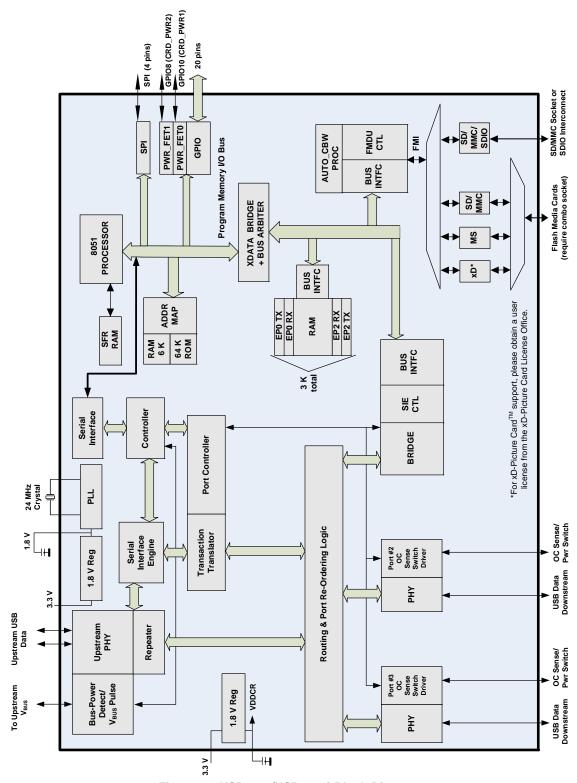


Figure 4.1 USB2660/USB2660i Block Diagram



Chapter 5 Pin Table

5.1 64-Pin Table

| SECURE DIGITAL / MEMORY STICK / xD INTERFACE (18 PINS) | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| SD1_D7 / MS_D6 / xD_D1 | SD1_D6 / MS_D7 / xD_D0 | SD1_D5 / MS_D1 / xD_ALE | SD1_D4 / MS_D2 / xD_D7 | | | |
| SD1_D3 / MS_D3 / xD_D6 | SD1_D2 / xD_D5 | SD1_D1 / MS_D5 / xD_D3 | SD1_D0 / MS_D4 / xD_D2 | | | |
| SD1_CLK / MS_BS / xD_ nWP | SD1_CMD / MS_D0 / xD_CLE | GPIO15 / SD1_nCD | GPIO12 / MS_INS | | | |
| GPIO6 / SD1_WP / MS_SCLK / xD_D4 | GPIO14 / xD_nCD | xD_nB/R | xD_nRE | | | |
| xD_nCE | xD_nWE | | | | | |
| | SECOND SECURE DIGITAL INTERFACE (12 PINS) | | | | | |
| SD2_D7 / GPIO25 | SD2_D6 / GPIO24 | SD2_D5 / GPIO23 | SD2_D4 / GPIO22 | | | |
| SD2_D3 / SD2_D2 / GPIO21 GPIO20 | | SD2_D1 / GPIO19 | SD2_D0 / GPIO18 | | | |
| SD2_nCD / SD2_CLK / GPIO16 GPIO26 | | SD2_CMD / GPIO27 | SD2_WP / GPIO17 | | | |
| | USB INTERF | ACE (5 PINS) | | | | |
| USBUP_DP | USBUP_DM | XTAL1 (CLKIN) | XTAL2 | | | |
| RBIAS | | | | | | |
| 2-PORT USB INTERFACE (7 PINS) | | | | | | |
| USBDN_DP2 | USBDN_DM2 | PRTCTL2 | PRTCTL3 | | | |
| USBDN_DP3 | USBDN_DM3 | VBUS_DET | | | | |

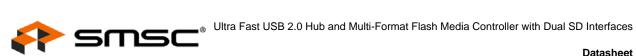


Table 5.1 USB2660/USB2660i 64-Pin Table (continued)

| SPI INTERFACE (4 PINS) | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---|----------------|--|--|
| SPI_CE_n SPI_CLK / GPIO4 / SCL | | SPI_DO / GPIO5 / SDA / SPI_SPD_SEL | SPI_DI | | |
| | MISC (8 | B PINS) | | | |
| nRESET TEST | | GPIO1 / LED / TXD | GPIO2 / RXD | | |
| GPIO8 (CRD_PWR2) GPIO10 (CRD_PWR1) | | (2) NC | | | |
| POWER (10 PINS) | | | | | |
| (8) VDD33 | CRFILT | PLLFILT | | | |
| TOTAL 64 | | | | | |



Chapter 6 Pin Descriptions

This section provides a detailed description of each signal. The signals are arranged in functional groups according to their associated interface. The pin descriptions below are applied when using the internal default firmware and can be referenced in Chapter 8, "Configuration Options," on page 29. Please reference Chapter 2, "Acronyms," on page 10 for a list of the acronyms used.

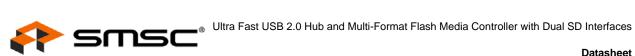
The "n" symbol in the signal name indicates that the active, or asserted, state occurs when the signal is at a low voltage level. When "n" is not present in the signal name, the signal is asserted at a high voltage level.

The terms assertion and negation are used exclusively. This is done to avoid confusion when working with a mixture of "active low" and "active high" signals. The term assert, or assertion, indicates that a signal is active, independent of whether that level is represented by a high or low voltage. The term negate, or negation, indicates that a signal is inactive.

6.1 USB2660/USB2660i Pin Descriptions

| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION |
|------------|--|-------------------------------|---|
| | | S | ECURE DIGITAL INTERFACE |
| SD1_D[7:0] | 27 28 31 38 40 41 25 26 | I/O8PU | Secure Digital Data 7-0 These are the bi-directional data signals SD_D0 - SD_D7 with weak pull-up resistors. |
| SD1_CLK | 29 | O8 | Secure Digital Clock This is an output clock signal to the SD/MMC device. |
| SD1_CMD | 32 | I/O8PU | Secure Digital Command This is a bi-directional signal that connects to the CMD signal of the SD/MMC device. The bi-directional signal has a weak internal pull-up resistor. |
| GPIO15 / | 22 | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |
| SD1_nCD | | I/O8PU | Secure Digital Card Detect GPIO This is a GPIO designated by the default firmware as the Secure Digital card detection pin and has an internal pull-up. |

Table 6.1 USB2660/USB2660i Pin Descriptions

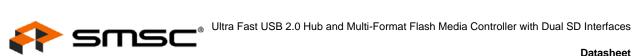


| Table 6.1 | USB2660/USB2660i Pin | Descriptions | (continued) |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-------------|
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-------------|

| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION |
|--------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| GPIO6 / | 21 | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |
| SD1_WP | | I/O8 | Secure Digital Write Protected GPIO |
| | | | This is a GPIO designated by the default firmware as the Secure Digital card mechanical write protect detect pin. |
| | | SECO | ND SECURE DIGITAL INTERFACE |
| SD2_D[7:0] / | 11 | I/O8PU | SD2 Data 7-0 |
| | 12 16 18 | | These are the bi-directional data signals SD2_D0 - SD2_D7 and have weak pull-up resistors. |
| GPIO[25:18] | 19 20 9 10 | I/O6 | These general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |
| SD2_CLK / | 13 | O8 | SD2 Clock GPIO |
| | | | This is an output clock signal designated by the default firmware to the SD2/MMC device. |
| GPIO26 | | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |
| SD2_CMD / | 17 | I/O8PU | SD2 Command GPIO |
| | | | This is a bi-directional signal designated by the default firmware that connects to the CMD signal of the SD2/MMC device. The bi-directional signal has a weak internal pull-up resistor. |
| GPIO27 | | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |
| SD2_nCD / | 8 | I/O8 | SD2 Card Detect GPIO |
| | | | This is a GPIO designated by the default firmware as the second Secure Digital card detection pin and has an internal pull-up. |
| GPIO16 | | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |
| SD2_WP / | 45 | I/O8 | SD2 Write Protected GPIO |
| | | | This is a GPIO designated by the default firmware as the second Secure Digital card interface mechanical write detect pin. |
| GPIO17 | | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. |



| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|-----------|--|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | MEMORY STICK INTERFACE | | | | | | |
| MS_BS | 29 | O8 | Memory Stick Bus State This pin is connected to the bus state pin of the MS device. It is used to control the Bus States 0, 1, 2, and 3 (BS0, BS1, and BS3) of the MS device. | | | | |
| GPIO12 / | 39 | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | | | | |
| MS_INS | | IPU | Memory Stick Card Insertion GPIO | | | | |
| | | | This is a GPIO designated by the default firmware as the Memory Stick card detection pin and has a weak internal pull-up resistor. | | | | |
| MS_SCLK | 21 | O8 | Memory Stick System Clock | | | | |
| | | | This pin is an output clock signal to the MS device. | | | | |
| MS_D[7:0] | 28 | I/O8PD | Memory Stick System Data In/Out | | | | |
| | 27 25 26 40 38 31 32 | 26 40 38 31 | These pins are the bi-directional data signals for the MS device. In serial mode, the most significant bit (MSB) of each byte is transmitted first by either MSC or MS device on MS_D0. | | | | |
| | | | | MS_D0, MS_D2, and MS_D3 have weak pull-down resistors. MS_D1 has a pull-down resistor if in parallel mode, otherwise it is disabled. In 4- or 8-bit parallel modes, all MS_D7 - MS_D0 signals have weak pull-down resistors. | | | |
| | | x[| D-PICTURE CARD INTERFACE | | | | |
| xD_D[7:0] | 38 40 41 21 25 26 27 28 | I/O8PD | xD-Picture Card Data 7-0 These pins are the bi-directional data signals xD_D7 - xD_D0 and have weak internal pull-down resistors. | | | | |
| xD_ALE | 31 | O8PD | xD-Picture Card Address Strobe | | | | |
| | | | This pin is an active high Address Latch Enable (ALE) signal for the xD device. This pin has a weak pull-down resistor that is permanently enabled. | | | | |
| xD_nB/R | 36 | IPU | xD-Picture Card Busy or Data Ready | | | | |
| | | | This pin is connected to the BSY/RDY pin of the xD-Picture Card device. | | | | |
| | | | When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal power FET. | | | | |
| | | | If an external FET is used (the internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (an external pull-up is required). | | | | |



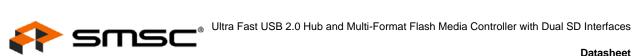
| Table 6.1 | USB2660/USB2660i Pin | Descriptions | (continued) |
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-------------|
|-----------|----------------------|--------------|-------------|

| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION | |
|----------|---------------|-------------------------------|---|--|
| | | | | |
| xD_nCE | 34 | O8PU | xD-Picture Card Chip Enable | |
| | | | This pin is an active low chip enable signal for the xD-Picture Card device. | |
| | | | When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal power FET. | |
| | | | If an external FET is used (internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (an external pull-up is required). | |
| xD_CLE | 32 | O8PD | xD-Picture Card Command Strobe | |
| | | | This pin is an active high Command Latch Enable signal for the xD device. This pin has a weak pull-down resistor that is permanently enabled. | |
| GPIO14 / | 37 | I/O6 | This general purpose pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |
| xD_nCD | | I/O8 | xD-Picture Card Detection GPIO | |
| | | | This is a GPIO designated by the default firmware as the xD-Picture Card detection pin. | |
| xD_nRE | 35 | O8PU | xD-Picture Card Read Enable | |
| | | | This pin is an active low read strobe signal for the xD-Picture Card device. | |
| | | | When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal power FET. | |
| | | | If an external FET is used (internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (an external pull-up is required). | |
| xD_nWE | 30 | O8PU | xD-Picture Card Write Enable | |
| | | | This pin is an active low write strobe signal for the xD-Picture Card device. | |
| | | | When using the internal FET, this pin has an internal weak pull-up resistor that is tied to the output of the internal power FET. | |
| | | | If an external FET is used (internal FET is disabled), then the internal pull-up is not available (an external pull-up is required). | |
| xD_nWP | 29 | O8PD | xD-Picture Card Write Protect | |
| | | | This pin is an active low write protect signal for the xD-Picture Card device. This pin has a weak pull-down resistor that is permanently enabled. | |



| Table 6.1 USB2660/USB2660i Pin Descriptions (continued) |
|---|
|---|

| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION | | | | |
|--|------------------|-------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| | USB INTERFACE | | | | | | |
| USBUP_DM USBUP_DP | 59 58 | I/O-U | USB Bus Data These pins connect to the upstream USB bus data signals (host port or upstream hub). USBUP_DM and USBUP_DP can be swapped using the PortSwap feature (See Section 8.4.4.20, "F1h: Port Swap," on page 48). | | | | |
| USBDN_DM [3:2] USBDN_DP [3:2] | 3 1 4 2 | I/O-U | USB Bus Data These pins connect to the downstream USB bus data signals and can be swapped using the PortSwap feature (See Section 8.4.4.20, "F1h: Port Swap," on page 48). | | | | |
| PRTCTL[3:2] | 7 6 | I/OD6 PU | USB Power Enable As an output, these pins enable power to downstream USB peripheral devices and have weak internal pull-up resistors. See Section 6.3, "Port Power Control" for diagram and usage instructions. As an input, when the power is enabled, these pins monitor the over- current condition. When an over-current condition is detected, the pins turn the power off. | | | | |
| VBUS_DET | 55 | Ι | Detect Upstream VBUS PowerDetects the state of upstream VBUS power. The hub monitors VBUS_DET to determine when to assert the internal D+ pull-up resistor (signaling a connect event).When designing a detachable hub, connect this pin to the VBUS power pin of the USB port that is upstream of the hub.For self-powered applications with a permanently attached host, this pin should be pulled up, typically to VDD33.VBUS is a 3.3 volt input. A resistor divider must be used if connecting to 5 volts of USB power. | | | | |
| RBIAS | 63 | I-R | USB Transceiver Bias A 12.0 k Ω , ±1.0% resistor is attached from VSS to this pin in order to set the transceiver's internal bias currents. | | | | |
| XTAL1 (CLKIN) | 61 | ICLKx | 24 MHz Crystal Input or External Clock Input This pin can be connected to one terminal of the crystal or it can be connected to an external 24 MHz clock when a crystal is not used. | | | | |
| XTAL2 | 60 | OCLKx | 24 MHz Crystal Output This is the other terminal of the crystal, or it is left open when an external clock source is used to drive XTAL1(CLKIN). | | | | |
| | | | SPI INTERFACE | | | | |
| SPI_CE_n | 49 | O12 | SPI Chip Enable This is the active low chip enable output. If the SPI interface is enabled, this pin must be driven high in power down states. | | | | |



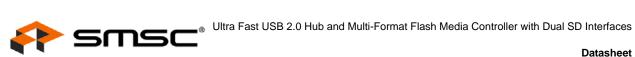
| Table 6.1 USB2660/USB2660i Pin Descriptions | (continued) |
|---|-------------|
|---|-------------|

| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION | |
|-------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| SPI_CLK / | 50 | I/O12 | This is the SPI clock out to the serial ROM. See Section 6.4, "ROM BOOT Sequence" for diagram and usage instructions. During reset, drive this pin low. | |
| GPIO4 / | | I/O6 | This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |
| SCL | | | When configured, this is the I ² C EEPROM clock pin. | |
| SPI_DO / | 51 | I/O12 | This is the data out for the SPI port. See Section 6.4, "ROM BOOT Sequence" for diagram and usage instructions. | |
| GPIO5 / | | I/O6 | This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |
| SDA / | | | This pin is the data pin when the device is connected to the optional I^2C EEPROM. | |
| SPI_SPD_SEL | | I/O12 | This pin is used to select the speed of the SPI interface. During nRESET assertion, this pin will be tri-stated with the weak pull-down resistor enabled. When nRESET is negated, the value on the pin will be internally latched, and the pin will revert to SPI_DO functionality, the internal pull-down will be disabled. | |
| | | | '0' = 30 MHz (No external resistor should be applied.) '1' = 60 MHz (A 10 K external pull-up resistor must be applied.) | |
| | | | If the latched value is '1', then the pin is tri-stated when the chip is in the suspend state. | |
| | | | If the latched value is '0', then the pin is driven low during a suspend state. | |
| SPI_DI | 52 | I/O12PD | This is the data in to the controller from the ROM. This pin has a weak internal pull-down applied at all times to prevent floating. | |
| | | | MISC | |
| GPIO1 / | 53 | I/O6 | General Purpose I/O | |
| | | | This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |
| LED / | | | GPIO1 can be used as an LED output. | |
| ТХD | | | This signal can be configured as the TXD output of the internal UART. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |
| GPIO2 / | 44 | I/O6 | This pin may be used either as input, edge sensitive interrupt input, or output. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |
| RXD | | | This signal can be configured as input to the RXD of the internal UART. Custom firmware is required to activate this function. | |



| Table 6.1 USB2660/USB2660i Pin Descriptions (continued) | Table 6.1 | USB2660/USB2660i Pin Descriptions (continued) |
|---|-----------|---|
|---|-----------|---|

| SYMBOL | 64-PIN QFN | BUFFER TYPE (Table 6.2) | DESCRIPTION | |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|--|
| GPIO8 (CRD_PWR2) | 15 | I/O200 | Card power drive: 3.3 V (100 mA or 200 mA) This pin specifically powers the second Secure Digital interface (slot). If card power is not being used to power the second SD interface, this pin may be used as a GPIO. Please reference Section 8.4.5.9, "147h-14Bh: Device to LUN Mapping," on page 52. | |
| GPIO10 (CRD_PWR1) | 43 | I/O200 | Card power drive: 3.3 V (100 mA or 200 mA) This pin powers the multiplexed flash media interface (slot) for xD, MS, and SD/MMC. If card power is not being used to power the multiplexed flash media interface, this pin may be used as a GPIO. Please reference Section 8.4.2.3, "A4h-A5h: Smart Media Device Power Configuration," on page 39. | |
| nRESET | 54 | IS | RESET Input The system uses this active low signal reset the chip. The active low pulse should be at least 1 μs wide. | |
| TEST | 56 | I | TEST Input Tie this pin to ground for normal operation. | |
| | | Γ | DIGITAL / POWER / GROUND | |
| CRFILT | 23 | | VDD Core Regulator Filter Capacitor This pin requires a 1.0 μF (or greater) \pm 20% (ESR <0.1\Omega) capacitor to VSS. | |
| PLLFILT | 62 | | Phase-locked Loop Regulator Filter Capacitor This pin requires 1.0 μF (or greater) \pm 20% (ESR <0.1\Omega) capacitor to VSS. | |
| VDD33 | 5 14 24 33 42 47 57 64 | | 3.3 V Power and Regulator Input Please refer to Chapter 10, "DC Parameters," on page 58 for more information. Pins 24 and 64 require external bypass capacitors of 4.7 μF minimum. | |
| VSS | ePad | | The ground pad is the only VSS for the device and must be tied to ground with multiple vias. | |
| NC | 46 48 | | No Connect pins No trace or signal should be routed/attached to these pins. | |



Buffer Type Descriptions 6.2

Table 6.2 USB2660/USB2660i Buffer Type Descriptions

| BUFFER | DESCRIPTION |
|---------|---|
| I | Input. |
| IPU | Input with weak internal pull-up. |
| IS | Input with Schmitt trigger. |
| I/O6 | Input/output buffer with 6 mA sink and 6 mA source. |
| I/OD6PU | Input/open drain output buffer with a 6 mA sink. |
| O8 | Output buffer with an 8 mA sink and an 8 mA source. |
| O8PD | Output buffer with an 8 mA sink and an 8 mA source with a weak internal pull-down resistor. |
| O8PU | Output buffer with an 8 mA sink and an 8 mA source with a weak internal pull-up resistor. |
| I/O8 | Input/output buffer with an 8 mA sink and an 8 mA source. |
| I/O8PD | Input/output buffer with an 8 mA sink and an 8 mA source with a weak internal pull-down resistor. |
| I/O8PU | Input/output buffer with an 8 mA sink and an 8 mA source with a weak internal pull-up resistor. |
| 012 | Output buffer with a 12 mA sink and a 12 mA source. |
| I/O12 | Input/output buffer with 12 mA sink and 12 mA source. |
| I/O12PD | Input/output buffer with 12 mA sink and 12 mA source with a weak internal pull-down resistor. |
| I/O200 | Input/output buffer 12 mA with FET disabled, 100/200 mA source only when the FET is enabled. |
| ICLKx | XTAL clock input. |
| OCLKx | XTAL clock output. |
| I/O-U | Analog input/output as defined in the USB 2.0 Specification. |
| I-R | RBIAS. |



6.3 **Port Power Control**

Port Power control using a USB Power Switch

The USB2660/USB2660i has a single port power control and over-current sense signal for each downstream port. When disabling port power, the driver will actively drive a '0'. To avoid unnecessary power dissipation, the internal pull-up resistor will be disabled at that time. When port power is enabled, the output driver is disabled, and the pull-up resistor is enabled creating an open drain output.

If there is an over-current situation, the USB Power Switch will assert the open drain OCS signal. The Schmitt trigger input will detect this event as a low. The open drain output does not interfere. The internal over-current sense filter handles the transient conditions, such as low voltage, while the device is powering up.

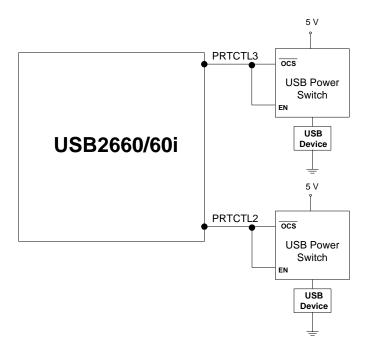


Figure 6.1 Port Power Control with USB Power Switch



Port Power control using a Poly Fuse

When using the USB2660/USB2660i with a poly fuse, an external diode must be used (See Figure 6.2). When disabling port power, the USB2660/USB2660i will drive a '0'. This procedure will have no effect since the external diode will isolate the pin from the load. When port power is enabled, the USB2660/USB2660i output driver is disabled, and the pull-up resistor is enabled which creates an open drain output. This open drain output condition means that the pull-up resistor is providing 3.3 volts to the anode of the diode. If there is an over-current situation, the poly fuse will open. This will cause the cathode of the diode to go to zero volts. The anode of the diode will be at 0.7 volts, and the Schmitt trigger input will register this as a low resulting in an over-current detection. The open drain output does not interfere.

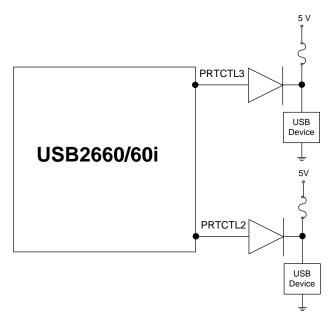


Figure 6.2 Port Power Control with a Single Poly Fuse and Multiple Loads

When using a single poly fuse to power all devices, note that for the ganged situation, all power control pins must be tied together.

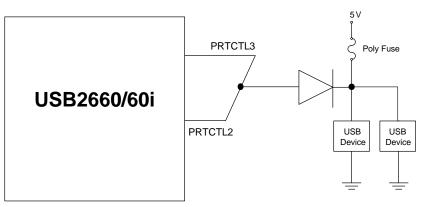


Figure 6.3 Port Power with Ganged Control with Poly Fuse



6.4 **ROM BOOT Sequence**

After power-on reset, the internal firmware checks for an external SPI flash device that contains a valid signature of "2DFU" (device firmware upgrade) beginning at address 0xFFFA. If a valid signature is found, then the external ROM is enabled and code execution begins at address 0x0000 in the external SPI device. Otherwise, code execution continues from the internal ROM.

If there is no SPI ROM detected, the internal firmware then checks for the presence of an I^2C ROM. The firmware looks for the signature 'ATA2' at the offset of FCh-FFh and 'ecf1' at the offset of 17Ch-17Fh in the I^2C ROM. The firmware reads in the I^2C ROM to configure the hardware and software internally. Please refer to Section 8.3.2, "EEPROM Data Descriptor," on page 30 for the details of the configuration options.

The SPI ROM required for the USB2660/USB2660i is a recommended minimum of 1 Mbit and support either 30 MHz or 60 MHz. The frequency used is set using the SPI_SPD_SEL. For 30 MHz operation, this pin must be pulled to ground through a 100 k Ω resistor. For 60 MHz operation, this pin must pulled up through a 100 k Ω resistor.

The SPI_SPD_SEL pin is used to choose the speed of the SPI interface. During nRESET assertion, this pin will be tri-stated with the weak pull-down resistor enabled. When nRESET is negated, the value on the pin will be internally latched, and the pin will revert to SPI_DO functionality. The internal pull-down will be disabled.

The firmware can determine the speed of operation on the SPI port by checking the SPI_SPEED in the SPI_CTL register (0x2400 - RESET = 0x02). Both 1- and 2-bit SPI operation is supported. For optimum throughput, a 2-bit SPI ROM is recommended. Both mode 0 and mode 3 SPI ROMS are also supported.

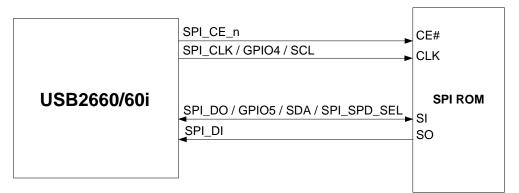
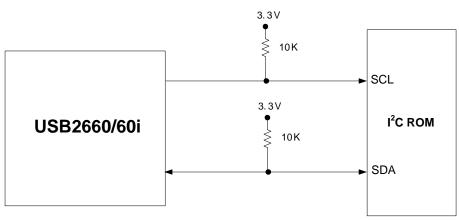


Figure 6.4 SPI ROM Connection









Chapter 7 Pin Reset States

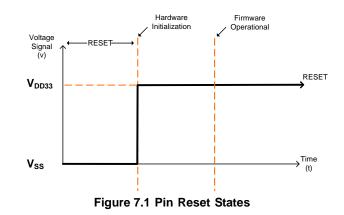


Table 7.1 Legend for Pin Reset States Table

| SYMBOL DESCRIPTION | | |
|--------------------|---|--|
| 0 | Output driven low | |
| 1 | Output driven high | |
| IP | Input enabled | |
| PU | Hardware enables pull-up | |
| PD | Hardware enables pull-down | |
| none | Hardware disables pad | |
| | Hardware disables function | |
| Z | Hardware disables pad. Both output driver and input buffers are disabled. | |

7.1 Pin Reset States

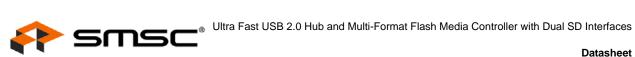
Table 7.2 USB2660/USB2660i Reset States Table

| | | RESET STATE | | | |
|-----|-----------|-------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| PIN | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | INPUT/ OUTPUT | PU/ PD | |
| 1 | USBDN_DM2 | USBDN_DM2 | IP | PD | |
| 2 | USBDN_DP2 | USBDN_DP2 | IP | PD | |
| 3 | USBDN_DM3 | USBDN_DM3 | IP | PD | |
| 4 | USBDN_DP3 | USBDN_DP3 | IP | PD | |
| 6 | PRTCTL2 | PRTCTL | 0 | | |
| 7 | PRTCTL3 | PRTCTL | 0 | | |



Table 7.2 USB2660/USB2660i Reset States Table

| | RESET STATE | | | |
|-----|----------------------------------|----------|------------------|-----------|
| PIN | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | INPUT/ OUTPUT | PU/ PD |
| 8 | SD2_nCD / GPIO16 | GPIO | IP | PU |
| 9 | SD2_D1 / GPIO19 | SD2_D1 | Z | |
| 10 | SD2_D0 / GPIO18 | SD2_D0 | Z | |
| 11 | SD2_D7 / GPIO25 | SD2_D7 | Z | |
| 12 | SD2_D6 / GPIO24 | SD2_D6 | Z | |
| 13 | SD2_CLK / GPIO26 | SD2_CLK | Z | |
| 15 | GPIO8 (CRD_PWR2) | GPIO | Z | |
| 16 | SD2_D5 / GPIO23 | SD2_D5 | Z | |
| 17 | SD2_CMD / GPIO27 | SD2_CMD | Z | |
| 18 | SD2_D4 / GPIO22 | SD2_D4 | Z | |
| 19 | SD2_D3 / GPIO21 | SD2_D3 | Z | |
| 20 | SD2_D2 / GPIO20 | SD2_D2 | Z | |
| 21 | GPIO6 / SD1_WP / MS_SCLK / xD_D4 | GPIO | 0 | |
| 22 | GPIO15 / SD1_nCD | GPIO | IP | PU |
| 25 | SD1_D1 / MS_D5 / xD_D3 | none | Z | |
| 26 | SD1_D0 / MS_D4 / xD_D2 | none | Z | |
| 27 | SD1_D7 / MS_D6 / xD_D1 | none | Z | |
| 28 | SD1_D6 / MS_D7 / xD_D0 | none | Z | |
| 29 | SD1_CLK / MS_BS / xD_nWP | none | Z | |
| 30 | xD_nWE | xD_nWE | Z | |
| 31 | SD1_D5 / MS_D1 / xD_ALE | none | Z | |
| 32 | SD1_CMD / MS_D0 / xD_CLE | none | Z | |
| 34 | xD_nCE | xD_nCE | Z | |
| 35 | xD_nRE | xD_nRE | Z | |
| 36 | xD_nB/R | xD_nB/R | Z | |
| 37 | GPIO14 / xD_nCD | GPIO | IP | PU |
| 38 | SD1_D4 / MS_D2 / xD_D7 | none | Z | |
| 39 | GPIO12 / MS_INS | GPIO | IP | PU |



| | Table 7.2 USB2660/USB2660i Reset States Table | | | | | |
|-----|---|----------|------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | RESET S | TATE | | | |
| PIN | PIN NAME | FUNCTION | INPUT/ OUTPUT | PU/ PD | | |
| 40 | SD1_D3 / MS_D3 / xD_D6 | none | Z | | | |
| 41 | SD1_D2 / xD_D5 | none | Z | | | |
| 43 | GPIO10 (CRD_PWR1) | GPIO | Z | | | |
| 44 | GPIO2 / RXD | GPIO | 0 | | | |
| 45 | SD2_WP / GPIO17 | GPIO | 0 | | | |
| 49 | SPI_CE_n | SPI_CE_n | 1 | | | |
| 50 | SPI_CLK / GPIO4 / SCL | GPIO | 0 | | | |
| 51 | SPI_DO / GPIO5 / SDA / SPI_SPD_SEL | GPIO | 0 | | | |
| 52 | SPI_DI | SPI_DI | IP | PD | | |
| 53 | GPIO1 / LED / TXD | GPIO | 0 | | | |
| 54 | nRESET | nRESET | IP | | | |
| 55 | VBUS_DET | VBUS_DET | IP | | | |
| 56 | TEST | TEST | IP | PD | | |
| 58 | USBUP_DP | USBUP_DP | Z | | | |
| 59 | USBUP_DM | USBUP_DM | Z | | | |

7.2 LISB2660/LISB2660i Reset States Table



Chapter 8 Configuration Options

8.1 Hub

SMSC's USB 2.0 hub is fully compliant to the Universal Serial Bus Specification available from the USB Implementer's Forum found at http://www.usb.org (Revision 2.0 April 27, 2000 and the 12/7/2000 and 5/28/2002 Errata). Please reference Chapter 11 (Hub Specification) for general details regarding hub operation and functionality.

For performance reasons, the hub provides 1 transaction translator (TT) that is shared by both downstream ports defined as a single-TT configuration. The TT contains 4 non-periodic buffers.

8.1.1 Hub Configuration Options

The SMSC hub supports a large number of features (some are mutually exclusive), and must be configured in order to correctly function when attached to a USB host controller. There are two principal ways to configure the hub:

- via the internal default settings or
- by settings stored in an external EEPROM or SPI Flash device.

8.1.1.1 Power Switching Polarity

The hub will only support active high power controllers.

8.1.2 VBus Detect

According to Section 7.2.1 of the USB 2.0 Specification, a device cannot provide power to its D+ or D- pull-up resistors unless the upstream port's VBUS is in the asserted (powered) state. The VBUS_DET pin on the hub monitors the state of the upstream VBUS signal and will not pull-up the D+ resistor if VBUS is not active. If VBUS goes from an active to an inactive state (not powered), the hub will remove power from the D+ pull-up resistor within 10 seconds.

8.2 Card Reader

The SMSC USB2660/USB2660i is fully compliant with the following flash media card reader specifications:

Secure Digital 2.0 / MultiMediaCard 4.2

-SD 2.0, HS-SD, HC-SD

- -TransFlash[™] and reduced form factor media -1/4/8 bit MMC 4.2
- Memory Stick 1.43
- Memory Stick Pro Format 1.02
- Memory Stick Pro-HG Duo Format 1.01
 -Memory Stick, MS Duo, HS-MS, MS Pro-HG, MS Pro
- Memory Stick Duo 1.10
- xD-Picture Card 1.2



8.3 System Configurations

8.3.1 EEPROM/SPI Interface

The USB2660/USB2660i can be configured via a 2-wire (I²C) EEPROM (512x8) or an external SPI flash device containing the firmware for the USB2660/USB2660i. If an external configuration device does not exist the internal default values will be used. If one of the external devices is used for configuration, the OEM can update the values through the USB interface. The hub will then "attach" to the upstream USB host.

The USBDM tool set is available in the USB264x Hub Card reader combo software release package. To download the software package from SMSC's website, please visit:

https://www2.smsc.com/mkt/CW_SFT_PUB.nsf/Agreements/OBJ+Hub+Card+Reader

to go to the OBJ Hub Card Reader Software Download Agreement. Review the license, and if you agree, check the "I agree" box and then select "Confirm". You will then be able to download USB264x Hub Card reader combo release package zip file containing the USBDM tool set.

Please note that the following applies to the system values and descriptions when used:

- N/A = Not applicable to this part
- Reserved = For internal use

8.3.2 EEPROM Data Descriptor

Table 8.1 Internal Flash Media Controller Configurations

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|---------|-----------------|---|----------------------------------|
| 00h | USB_SER_LEN | USB Serial String Descriptor Length | 1Ah |
| 01h | USB_SER_TYP | USB Serial String Descriptor Type | 03h |
| 02h-19h | USB_SER_NUM | USB Serial Number | "000008264001" (See Note 8.1) |
| 1Ah-1Bh | USB_VID | USB Vendor Identifier | 0424 |
| 1Ch-1Dh | USB_PID | USB Product Identifier | 4040 |
| 1Eh | USB_LANG_LEN | USB Language String Descriptor Length | 04h |
| 1Fh | USB_LANG_TYP | USB Language String Descriptor Type | 03h |
| 20h | USB_LANG_ID_LSB | USB Language Identifier Least Significant Byte | 09h (See Note 8.3) |
| 21h | USB_LANG_ID_MSB | USB Language Identifier Most Significant Byte | 04h (See Note 8.3) |
| 22h | USB_MFR_STR_LEN | USB Manufacturer String Descriptor Length | 10h |
| 23h | USB_MFR_STR_TYP | USB Manufacturer String Descriptor Type | 03h |
| 24h-31h | USB_MFR_STR | USB Manufacturer String | "Generic" (See Note 8.1) |



Table 8.1 Internal Flash Media Controller Configurations (continued)

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|-----------|-----------------|---|---|
| 32h-5Dh | Reserved | - | 00h |
| 5Eh | USB_PRD_STR_LEN | USB Product String Descriptor Length | 30h |
| 5Fh | USB_PRD_STR_TYP | USB Product String Descriptor Type | 03h |
| 60h-99h | USB_PRD_STR | USB Product String | "Ultra Fast Media Reader" (See Note 8.1) |
| 9Ah | USB_BM_ATT | USB BmAttribute | 80h |
| 9Bh | USB_MAX_PWR | USB Max Power | 30h (96 mA) |
| 9Ch | ATT_LB | Attribute Lo byte | 40h (Reverse SD_WP only) |
| 9Dh | ATT_HLB | Attribute Hi Lo byte | 80h (Reverse SD2_WP only) |
| 9Eh | ATT_LHB | Attribute Lo Hi byte | 00h |
| 9Fh | ATT_HB | Attribute Hi byte | 00h |
| A0h | MS_PWR_LB | Memory Stick Device Power Lo byte | 00h |
| A1h | MS_PWR_HB | Memory Stick Device Power Hi byte | 0Ah |
| A2h-A3h | Not Applicable | - | 00h |
| A4h | SM_PWR_LB | Smart Media Device Power Lo byte | 00h (See Note 8.2) |
| A5h | SM_PWR_HB | Smart Media Device Power Hi byte | 0Ah (See Note 8.2) |
| A6h | SD_PWR_LB | Secure Digital Device Power Lo byte | 00h |
| A7h | SD_PWR_HB | Secure Digital Device Power Hi byte | 0Ah |
| A8h | LED_BLK_INT | LED Blink Interval | 02h |
| A9h | LED_BLK_DUR | LED Blink After Access | 28h |
| AAh - B0h | DEV0_ID_STR | Device 0 Identifier String | N/A |
| B1h - B7h | DEV1_ID_STR | Device 1 Identifier String | "MS" |
| B8h - BEh | DEV2_ID_STR | Device 2 Identifier String | "SM" (See Note 8.2) |
| BFh - C5h | DEV3_ID_STR | Device 3 Identifier String | "SD/MMC" |
| C6h - CDh | INQ_VEN_STR | Inquiry Vendor String | "Generic" |
| CEh - D2h | INQ_PRD_STR | Inquiry Product String | 82660 |
| D3h | | Dynamic Number of LUNs | 01h |
| i | DYN_NUM_LUN | Bynamie Hamber of Lerite | 0111 |
| D4h - D7h | DEV_LUN_MAP | Device to LUN Mapping | FFh, 00h, 00h, 00h |



Table 8.1 Internal Flash Media Controller Configurations (continued)

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|-----------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|
| DBh - DDh | Reserved | - | 59h, 56h, 97h |

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|---------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| DEh | VID_LSB | Vendor ID Least Significant Byte | 24h |
| DFh | VID_MSB | Vendor ID Most Significant Byte | 04h |
| E0h | PID_LSB | Product ID Least Significant Byte | 60h |
| E1h | PID_MSB | Product ID Most Significant Byte | 26h |
| E2h | DID_LSB | Device ID Least Significant Byte | A1h |
| E3h | DID_MSB | Device ID Most Significant Byte | 08h |
| E4h | CFG_DAT_BYT1 | Configuration Data Byte 1 | 8Bh |
| E5h | CFG_DAT_BYT2 | Configuration Data Byte 2 | 28h |
| E6h | CFG_DAT_BYT3 | Configuration Data Byte 3 | 00h |
| E7h | NR_DEVICE | Non-Removable Devices | 02h |
| E8h | PORT_DIS_SP | Port Disable (Self) | 00h |
| E9h | PORT_DIS_BP | Port Disable (Bus) | 00h |
| EAh | MAX_PWR_SP | Max Power (Self) | 01h |
| EBh | MAX_PWR_BP | Max Power (Bus) | 32h |
| ECh | HC_MAX_C_SP | Hub Controller Max Current (Self) | 01h |
| EDh | HC_MAX_C_BP | Hub Controller Max Current (Bus) | 32h |
| EEh | PWR_ON_TIME | Power-on Time | 32h |
| EFh | BOOST_UP | Boost_Up | 00h |
| F0h | BOOST_3:0 | Boost_3:0 | 00h |
| F1h | PRT_SWP | Port Swap | 00h |
| F2h | PRTM12 | Port Map 12 | 00h |
| F3h | PRTM3 | Port Map 3 | 00h |

Table 8.2 Hub Controller Configurations

Table 8.3 Other Internal Configurations

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|---------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|
| F4h | Reserved | Reserved | 00h |
| F5h | Reserved | Reserved | 66h |
| F6h | Reserved | Reserved | 00h |
| F7h | Reserved | Reserved | 00h |





 Table 8.3 Other Internal Configurations (continued)

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|---------|----------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|
| F8h-FAh | Reserved | Reserved | 59h, 56h, 97h |
| FBh | Not Applicable | - | 00h |
| FCh-FFh | NVSTORE_SIG | Non-Volatile Storage Signature | "ATA2" |

8.4 Set bit 7 of bmAttribute to enable the registers in Table 8.4.

| ADDRESS | REGISTER NAME | DESCRIPTION | INTERNAL DEFAULT VALUE |
|-------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|
| 100h - 106h | CLUN0_ID_STR | Combo LUN 0 Identifier String | "COMBO" |
| 107h - 10Dh | CLUN1_ID_STR | Combo LUN 1 Identifier String | "COMBO" |
| 10Eh - 114h | CLUN2_ID_STR | Combo LUN 2 Identifier String | "COMBO" |
| 115h - 11Bh | CLUN3_ID_STR | Combo LUN 3 Identifier String | "COMBO" |
| 11Ch - 122h | CLUN4_ID_STR | Combo LUN 4 Identifier String | "COMBO" |
| 123h - 129h | DEV4_ID_STR | Device 4 Identifier String | "SD/MMC2" |
| 12Ah-145h | Not applicable | - | 00h |
| 146h | DYN_NUM_ EXT_LUN | Dynamic Number of Extended LUNs | 01h |
| 147h - 14Bh | DEV_LUN_MAP | Device to LUN Mapping | 01h, FFh, FFh, FFh, FFh |
| 14Ch | SD2_PWR_LB | Second Secure Digital Power Lo byte | 0Ah |
| 14Dh | SD2_PWR_HB | Second Secure Digital Power Hi byte | 00h |
| 14Eh-17Bh | Not Applicable | - | 00h |
| 17Ch-17Fh | NVSTORE_SIG2 | Non-Volatile Storage Signature | "ecf1" |

Table 8.4 Internal Flash Media Controller Extended Configurations

- **Note 8.1** This value is a UNICODE UTF-16LE encoded string value that meets the USB 2.0 specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). Values in double quotations without this note are ASCII values.
- Note 8.2 A value of "SM" will be overridden with "xD" once an xD-Picture Card has been identified.
- **Note 8.3** For a list of the most current 16-bit language ID's defined by the USB-IF, please visit http://www.unicode.org or consult *The Unicode Standard, Worldwide Character Encoding*, (Version 4.0), The Unicode Consortium, Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Reading, Massachusetts.



8.4.1 EEPROM Data Descriptor Register Descriptions

8.4.1.1 00h: USB Serial String Descriptor Length

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 0 | USB_SER_LEN | USB serial string descriptor length as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bLength" which describes the size of the string descriptor (in bytes). |

8.4.1.2 01h: USB Serial String Descriptor Type

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 1 | USB_SER_TYP | USB serial string descriptor type as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bDescriptorType" which is a constant value associated with a string descriptor type. |

8.4.1.3 02h-19h: USB Serial Number Option

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|--|
| 25:2 | USB_SER_NUM | Maximum string length is 12 hex digits. Must be unique to each device. |

8.4.1.4 1Ah-1Bh: USB Vendor ID Option

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------|---|
| 1:0 | USB_VID | This ID is unique for every vendor. The vendor ID is assigned by the USB Implementer's Forum. |

8.4.1.5 1Ch-1Dh: USB Product ID Option

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------|--|
| 1:0 | USB_PID | This ID is unique for every product. The product ID is assigned by the vendor. |

8.4.1.6 1Eh: USB Language Identifier Descriptor Length

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|--|
| 0 | USB_LANG_LEN | USB language ID string descriptor length as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bLength" which describes the size of the string descriptor (in bytes). |



8.4.1.7 1Fh: USB Language Identifier Descriptor Type

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|--|
| 1 | USB_LANG_TYP | USB language ID string descriptor type as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bDescriptorType" which is a constant value associated with a string descriptor type. |

8.4.1.8 20h: USB Language Identifier Least Significant Byte

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|---|
| 2 | USB_LANG_ID _LSB | English language code = '0409'. See Note 8.3 to reference additional language ID's defined by the USB-IF. |

8.4.1.9 21h: USB Language Identifier Most Significant Byte

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|---|
| 3 | USB_LANG_ID _MSB | English language code = '0409'. See Note 8.3 to reference additional language ID's defined by the USB-IF. |

8.4.1.10 22h: USB Manufacturer String Descriptor Length

| BYT | E NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------------------|---|
| 0 | USB_MFR_STR _LEN | USB manufacturer string descriptor length as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bLength" which describes the size of the string descriptor (in bytes). |

8.4.1.11 23h: USB Manufacturer String Descriptor Type

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|---|
| 1 | USB_MFR_STR _TYP | USB manufacturer string descriptor type as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bDescriptorType" which is a constant value associated with a string descriptor type. |

8.4.1.12 24h-31h: USB Manufacturer String Option

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 15:2 | USB_MFR_STR | The maximum string length is 28 characters. |

8.4.1.13 32h-5Dh: Reserved

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-------|----------|-------------|
| 59:16 | Reserved | Reserved. |



8.4.1.14 5Eh: USB Product String Descriptor Length

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|--|
| 0 | USB_PRD_STR _LEN | USB product string descriptor length as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bLength" which describes the size of the string descriptor (in bytes). |

8.4.1.15 5Fh: USB Product String Descriptor Type

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|---------------------|--|
| 1 | USB_PRD_STR _TYP | USB product string descriptor type as defined by Section 9.6.7 "String" of the USB 2.0 Specification (Revision 2.0, 2000). This field is the "bDescriptorType" which is a constant value associated with a string descriptor type. |

8.4.1.16 60h-99h: USB Product String Option

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 59:2 | USB_PRD_STR | This string will be used during the USB enumeration process in the Windows [®] operating system. Maximum string length is 28 characters. |

8.4.1.17 9Ah: USB BmAttribute (1 byte)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------------|--|
| 7:0 | USB_BM_ATT | Self- or Bus-Power: Selects between self- and bus-powered operation. |
| | | The hub is either self-powered (draws less than 2 mA of upstream bus power) or bus-powered (limited to a 100 mA maximum of upstream power prior to being configured by the host controller). |
| | | When configured as a bus-powered device, the SMSC hub consumes less than 100 mA of current prior to being configured. After configuration, the bus- powered SMSC hub (along with all associated hub circuitry, any embedded devices if part of a compound device, and 100 mA per externally available downstream port) must consume no more than 500 mA of upstream VBUS current. The current consumption is system dependent, and the OEM must ensure that the USB 2.0 Specification is not violated. |
| | | When configured as a self-powered device, <1 mA of upstream VBUS current is consumed and all ports are available, with each port being capable of sourcing 500 mA of current. |
| | | 80 = Bus-powered operation (default) C0 = Self-powered operation A0 = Bus-powered operation with remote wake-up E0 = Self-powered operation with remote wake-up |

8.4.1.18 9Bh: USB MaxPower (1 byte)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|---|
| 7:0 | USB_MAX_PWR | USB Max Power per the USB 2.0 Specification. Do NOT set this value greater than 100 mA. |



8.4.1.19 9Ch-9Fh: Attribute Byte Descriptions

| ВҮТЕ | BYTE NAME | BIT | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|-----|--|
| 0 | ATT_LB | 3:0 | Always reads '0'. |
| | | 4 | Inquire Manufacturer and Product ID Strings |
| | | | '1' - Use the Inquiry Manufacturer and Product ID Strings. |
| | | | '0' (default) - Use the USB Descriptor Manufacturer and Product ID Strings. |
| | | 5 | Always reads '0'. |
| | | 6 | Reverse SD Card Write Protect Sense |
| | | | '1' (default) - SD cards will be write protected when SW_nWP is high, and writable when SW_nWP is low. |
| | | | '0' - SD cards will be write protected when SW_nWP is low, and writable when SW_nWP is high. |
| | | 7 | Extended Configuration Enable |
| | | | '1' - This bit must be set to '1' to enable editing, updating, and reading from registers 100h-17Fh. |
| | | | '0' - The internal configuration is loaded. When this bit is not set (and it equals '0'). It will not read from registers 100h-17Fh. |
| 1 | ATT_HLB | 3:0 | Always reads '0'. |
| | | 4 | Activity LED True Polarity |
| | | | '1' - Activity LED to Low True. |
| | | | '0' (default) - Activity LED polarity to High True. |
| | | 5 | Common Media Insert / Media Activity LED |
| | | | '1' - The activity LED will function as a common media inserted/media access LED. |
| | | | '0' (default) - The activity LED will remain in its idle state until media is accessed. |
| | | 6 | Always reads '0'. |
| | | 7 | Reverse SD2 Card Write Protect Sense |
| | | | '1' (default) - SD cards in LUN 1 will be write protected when SW_nWP is high, and writable when SW_nWP is low. |
| | | | '0' - SD cards in LUN 1 will be write protected when SW_nWP is low, and writable when SW_nWP is high. |

| BYTE | BYTE NAME | BIT | DESCRIPTION | |
|------|--------------|-----|--|--|
| 2 | ATT_LHB | 0 | Attach on Card Insert / Detach on Card Removal | |
| | | | '1' - Attach on Insert is enabled. | |
| | | | '0' (default) - Attach on Insert is disabled. | |
| | | 1 | Always reads '0'. | |
| | | 2 | Enable Device Power Configuration | |
| | | | '1' - Custom Device Power Configuration stored in the NVSTORE is used. | |
| | | | '0' (default) - Default Device Power Configuration is used. | |
| | | 7:3 | Always reads '0'. | |
| 3 | ATT_HB | 6:0 | Always reads '0'. | |
| | | 7 | xD Player Mode | |

8.4.2 A0h-A7h: Device Power Configuration

The USB2660/USB2660i has two internal FETs which can be utilized for card power. For information about the other internal FET, please see Section 8.4.5.10, "14Ch-14Dh: Second Secure Digital Device Power Configuration," on page 52. This section describes the default internal configuration. The settings are stored in NVSTORE and provide the following features:

- 1. A card can be powered by an external FET or by an internal FET.
- 2. The power limit can be set to 100 mA or 200 mA (Default) for the internal FET.

Each media uses two bytes to store its device power configuration. Bit 3 selects between internal or external card power FET options. For internal FET card power control, bits 0 through 2 are used to set the power limit. The "Device Power Configuration" bits are ignored unless the "Enable Device Power Configuration" bit is set. See Section 8.4.1.19, "9Ch-9Fh: Attribute Byte Descriptions," on page 37.

8.4.2.1 A0h-A1h: Memory Stick Device Power Configuration

| FET | TYPE | BITS | BIT TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|-------------|---|
| 0 | FET Lo Byte MS PWR LB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled |
| 1 | | 7:4 | High Nibble | |
| 2 | FET Hi Byte MS_PWR_HB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled 0001b External FET enabled 1000b Internal FET with 100 mA power limit 1010b Internal FET with 200 mA power limit |
| 3 | | 7:4 | High Nibble | 0000b Disabled |

8.4.2.2 A2h-A3h: Not Applicable

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------|-----------------|
| 1:0 | Not Applicable | Not applicable. |



8.4.2.3 A4h-A5h: Smart Media Device Power Configuration

| FET | TYPE | BITS | BIT TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|-------------|---|
| 0 | FET Lo Byte SM PWR LB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled |
| 1 | SIVI_FWR_LD | 7:4 | High Nibble | |
| 2 | FET Hi Byte SM_PWR_HB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled 0001b External FET enabled 1000b Internal FET with 100 mA power limit 1010b Internal FET with 200 mA power limit |
| 3 | | 7:4 | High Nibble | 0000b Disabled |

8.4.2.4 A6h-A7h: Secure Digital Device Power Configuration

| FET | TYPE | BITS | BIT TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------------------|------|-------------|---|
| 0 | FET Lo Byte SD PWR LB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled |
| 1 | SU_PWK_LD | 7:4 | High Nibble | |
| 2 | FET Hi Byte SD_PWR_HB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled 0001b External FET enabled 1000b Internal FET with 100 mA power limit 1010b Internal FET with 200 mA power limit |
| 3 | | 7:4 | High Nibble | 0000b Disabled |

8.4.2.5 A8h: LED Blink Interval

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 0 | LED_BLK_INT | The blink rate is programmable in 50 ms intervals. The high bit (7) indicates an idle state: |
| | | '0' - Off '1' - On |
| | | The remaining bits (6:0) are used to determine the blink interval up to a max of 128 x 50 ms. |

8.4.2.6 A9h: LED Blink Duration

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 1 | LED_BLK_DUR | LED Blink After Access. This byte is used to designate the number of seconds that the GPIO1 LED will continue to blink after a drive access. Setting this byte to "05" will cause the GPIO 1 LED to blink for 5 seconds after a drive access. |



8.4.3 Device ID Strings

These bytes are used to specify the LUN descriptor returned by the device. These bytes are used in combination with the device to LUN mapping bytes in applications where the OEM wishes to reorder and rename the LUNs. If multiple devices are mapped to the same LUN (a COMBO LUN), then the CLUN#_ID_STR will be used to name the COMBO LUN instead of the individual device strings. When applicable, the "SM" value will be overridden with xD once an xD-Picture Card has been identified.

8.4.3.1 AAh-B0h: Device 0 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|-----------------|
| 6:0 | DEV0_ID_STR | Not applicable. |

8.4.3.2 B1h-B7h: Device 1 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|--|
| 6:0 | DEV1_ID_STR | This ID string is associated with the Memory Stick device. |

8.4.3.3 B8h-BEh: Device 2 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|--|
| 6:0 | DEV2_ID_STR | This ID string is associated with the Smart Media (Note 8.2) device. |

8.4.3.4 BFh-C5h: Device 3 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 6:0 | DEV3_ID_STR | This ID string is associated with the Secure Digital / MultiMediaCard device. |

8.4.3.5 C6h-CDh: Inquiry Vendor String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 7:0 | INQ_VEN_STR | If bit 4 of the 1st attribute byte is set, the device will use these strings in response to a USB inquiry command, instead of the USB descriptor manufacturer and product ID strings. |

8.4.3.6 CEh-D2h: Inquiry Product String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 4:0 | INQ_PRD_STR | If bit 4 of the 1st attribute byte is set, the device will use these strings in response to a USB inquiry command, instead of the USB descriptor manufacturer and product ID strings. |



8.4.3.7 D3h: Dynamic Number of LUNs

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 7:0 | DYN_NUM_LUN | These bytes are used to specify the number of LUNs the device exposes to the host. These bytes are also used for icon sharing by assigning more than one LUN to a single icon. This is used in applications where the device utilizes a combo socket and the OEM wishes to have only a single icon displayed for one or more interfaces. |
| | | If this field is set to "FF", the program assumes that you are using the default value and icons will be configured per the default configuration. |

8.4.3.8 D4h-D7h: Device to LUN Mapping

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|--|
| 3:0 | DEV_LUN_MAP | These registers map a device controller (SD/MMC, SM (Note 8.2), and MS) to a Logical Unit Number (LUN). The device reports the mapped LUNs to the USB host in the USB descriptor during enumeration. The icon installer associates custom icons with the LUNs specified in these fields. Setting a register to "FF" indicates that the device is not mapped. Setting all of the DEV_LUN_MAP registers for all devices to "FF" forces the use of the default mapping configuration. Not all configurations are valid. Valid configurations depend on the hardware, packaging, and OEM board layout. The number of unique LUNs mapped must match the value in the Section 8.4.3.7, "D3h: Dynamic Number of LUNs," on page 41. |

8.4.3.9 D8h-DDh: Reserved

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------|-------------|
| 2:0 | Reserved | Reserved. |

8.4.4 Hub Controller Configurations

8.4.4.1 DEh: Vendor ID (LSB)

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|---|
| 7:0 | VID_LSB | Least Significant Byte of the Vendor ID. This is a 16-bit value that uniquely identifies the vendor of the user device (assigned by USB Implementer's Forum). |

8.4.4.2 DFh: Vendor ID (MSB)

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|--|
| 7:0 | VID_MSB | Most Significant Byte of the Vendor ID. This is a 16-bit value that uniquely identifies the vendor of the user device (assigned by USB Implementer's Forum). |



8.4.4.3 E0h: Product ID (LSB)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------|---|
| 7:0 | PID_LSB | Least Significant Byte of the Product ID. This is a 16-bit value that the vendor can assign that uniquely identifies this particular product. |

8.4.4.4 E1h: Product ID (MSB)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------|--|
| 7:0 | PID_MSB | Most Significant Byte of the Product ID. This is a 16-bit value that the vendor can assign that uniquely identifies this particular product. |

8.4.4.5 E2h: Device ID (LSB)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------|---|
| 7:0 | DID_LSB | Least Significant Byte of the Device ID. This is a 16-bit device release number in BCD (binary coded decimal) format. |

8.4.4.6 E3h: Device ID (MSB)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------|---|
| 7:0 | DID_MSB | Most Significant Byte of the Device ID. This is a 16-bit device release number in BCD format. |

8.4.4.7 E4h: Configuration Data Byte 1 (CFG_DAT_BYT1)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------|--|
| 7 | SELF_BUS_PWR | Self- or Bus-Power: Selects between self- and bus-powered operation. |
| | | The hub is either self-powered (draws less than 2 mA of upstream bus power) or bus-powered (limited to a 100 mA maximum of upstream power prior to being configured by the host controller). |
| | | When configured as a bus-powered device, the SMSC hub consumes less than 100 mA of current prior to being configured. After configuration, the bus- powered SMSC hub (along with all associated hub circuitry, any embedded devices if part of a compound device, and 100 mA per externally available downstream port) must consume no more than 500 mA of upstream VBUS current. The current consumption is system dependent, and the OEM must ensure that the USB 2.0 specifications are not violated. |
| | | When configured as a self-powered device, <1 mA of upstream VBUS current is consumed and all ports are available, with each port being capable of sourcing 500 mA of current. |
| | | '0' = Bus-powered operation '1' = Self-powered operation |
| 6 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 5 | HS_DISABLE | Hi-Speed Disable: Disables the capability to attach as either a Hi-/Full-Speed device, and forces attachment as Full-Speed only (i.e. no Hi-Speed support). |
| | | '0' = Hi-/Full-Speed '1' = Full-Speed-Only (Hi-Speed disabled!) |



| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 4 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 3 | EOP_DISABLE | EOP Disable: Disables EOP generation of EOF1 when in Full-Speed mode. During FS operation only, this permits the hub to send EOP if no downstream traffic is detected at EOF1. See Section 11.3.1 of the USB 2.0 Specification for additional details. |
| | | '0' = An EOP is generated at the EOF1 point if no traffic is detected. '1' = EOP generation at EOF1 is disabled (normal USB operation). |
| | | Note: Generation of an EOP at the EOF1 point may prevent a host controller (operating in FS mode) from placing the USB bus in suspend. |
| 2:1 | CURRENT_SNS | Over-Current Sense: Selects current sensing on a port-by-port basis, all ports ganged, or none (only for bus-powered hubs). The ability to support current sensing on a per port or ganged basis is dependent upon the hardware implementation. |
| | | '00' = Ganged sensing (all ports together) '01' = Individual (port-by-port) '1x' = Over-current sensing not supported (must only be used with buspowered configurations!) |
| 0 | PORT_PWR | Port Power Switching: Enables power switching on all ports simultaneously (ganged), or port power is individually switched on and off on a port-by-port basis (individual). The ability to support power enabling on a port or ganged basis is dependent upon the hardware implementation. |
| | | '0' = Ganged switching (all ports together)'1' = Individual port-by-port switching |

8.4.4.8 E5h: Configuration Data Byte 2 (CFG_DAT_BYT2)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------|--|
| 7:6 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 5:4 | OC_TIMER | OverCurrent Timer: Over-current timer delay. '00' = 50 ns '01' = 100 ns '10' = 200 ns '11' = 400 ns |
| 3 | COMPOUND | Compound Device: Allows OEM to indicate that the hub is part of a compound device (per the USB 2.0 Specification). The applicable port(s) must also be defined as having a "non-removable device". |
| | | Note: When configured via strapping options, declaring a port as non-removable automatically causes the hub controller to report that it is part of a compound device. |
| | | '0' = No '1' = Yes, the hub is part of a compound device |
| 2:0 | Reserved | Reserved |



8.4.4.9 E6h: Configuration Data Byte 3 (CFG_DAT_BYT3)

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|---|
| 7:4 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 3 | PRTMAP_EN | Port Mapping Enable: Selects the method used by the hub to assign port numbers and disable ports. '0' = Standard Mode. Strap options or the following registers are used to define which ports are enabled, and the ports are mapped as port 'n' on the hub is reported as port 'n' to the host, unless one of the ports is disabled, then the higher numbered ports are remapped in order to report contiguous port numbers to the host. Register 300Ah: Port disable for self-powered operation (Reset = 0x00). Register 300Bh: Port disable for bus-powered operation (Reset = 0x00). '1' = Port Map mode. The mode enables remapping via the registers defined below. |
| | | Register 30FBh: Port Map 12 (Reset = 0x00) Register 30FCh: Port Map 3 (Reset = 0x00) |
| 2:0 | Reserved | Reserved |

8.4.4.10 E7h: Non-Removable Device

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|--|
| 7:0 | NR_DEVICE | Indicates which port(s) include non-removable devices. |
| | | '0' = Port is removable '1' = Port is non-removable |
| | | Informs the host if one of the active ports has a permanent device that is undetachable from the hub. The device must provide its own descriptor data. |
| | | When using the internal default option, the NON_REM[1:0] pins will designate the appropriate ports as being non-removable. |
| | | Bit 7= Reserved Bit 6= Reserved Bit 5= Reserved Bit 4= Reserved Bit 3= Controls physical port 3 Bit 2= Controls physical port 2 Bit 1= Controls physical port 1 Bit 0= Reserved |
| | | Note: Bit 1 must be set to a '1' by the firmware for proper identification of the card reader as a non-removable device. |



8.4.4.11 E8h: Port Disable For Self-Powered Operation

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 7:0 | PORT_DIS_SP | Disables 1 or more ports. |
| | | '0' = Port is available '1' = Port is disabled |
| | | During self-powered operation this register selects the ports which will be permanently disabled. The ports are unavailable to be enabled or enumerated by a host controller. The ports can be disabled in any order since the internal logic will automatically report the correct number of enabled ports to the USB host and will reorder the active ports in order to ensure proper function. |
| | | Bit 7= Reserved Bit 6= Reserved Bit 5= Reserved Bit 4= Reserved Bit 3= Controls physical port 3 Bit 2= Controls physical port 2 Bit 1= Controls physical port 1 Bit 0= Reserved |

8.4.4.12 E9h: Port Disable For Bus-Powered Operation

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 7:0 | PORT_DIS_BP | Disables 1 or more ports. |
| | | '0' = Port is available '1' = Port is disabled |
| | | During self-powered operation, this register selects the ports which will be permanently disabled. The ports are unavailable to be enabled or enumerated by a host controller. The ports can be disabled in any order, the internal logic will automatically report the correct number of enabled ports to the USB host and will reorder the active ports in order to ensure proper function. |
| | | When using the internal default option, the PRT_DIS[1:0] pins will disable the appropriate ports. |
| | | Bit 7= Reserved Bit 6= Reserved Bit 5= Reserved Bit 4= Reserved Bit 3= Controls physical port 3 Bit 2= Controls physical port 2 Bit 1= Controls physical port 1 Bit 0 is Reserved |



8.4.4.13 EAh: Max Power For Self-Powered Operation

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------------|---|
| 7:0 | MAX_PWR_SP | Value in 2 mA increments that the hub consumes from an upstream port (VBUS) when operating as a self-powered hub. This value includes the hub silicon along with the combined power consumption (from VBUS) of all associated circuitry on the board. This value also includes the power consumption of a permanently attached peripheral if the hub is configured as a compound device, and the embedded peripheral reports 0 mA in its descriptors. |
| | | Note: The USB 2.0 Specification does not permit this value to exceed 100 mA. |

8.4.4.14 EBh: Max Power For Bus-Powered Operation

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------------|--|
| 7:0 | MAX_PWR_BP | Value in 2 mA increments that the hub consumes from an upstream port (VBUS) when operating as a bus-powered hub. This value includes the hub silicon along with the combined power consumption (from VBUS) of all associated circuitry on the board. This value also includes the power consumption of a permanently attached peripheral if the hub is configured as a compound device, and the embedded peripheral reports 0 mA in its descriptors. |

8.4.4.15 ECh: Hub Controller Max Current For Self-Powered Operation

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|---|
| 7:0 | HC_MAX_C_SP | Value in 2 mA increments that the hub consumes from an upstream port (VBUS) when operating as a self-powered hub. This value includes the hub silicon along with the combined power consumption (from VBUS) of all associated circuitry on the board. This value does NOT include the power consumption of a permanently attached peripheral if the hub is configured as a compound device. |
| | | Note: The USB 2.0 Specification does not permit this value to exceed 100 mA. |
| | | A value of 50 (decimal) indicates 100 mA, which is the default value. |

8.4.4.16 EDh: Hub Controller Max Current For Bus-Powered Operation

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|---|
| 7:0 | HC_MAX_C_BP | Value in 2 mA increments that the hub consumes from an upstream port (VBUS) when operating as a bus-powered hub. This value will include the hub silicon along with the combined power consumption (from VBUS) of all associated circuitry on the board. This value will NOT include the power consumption of a permanently attached peripheral if the hub is configured as a compound device. A value of 50 (decimal) would indicate 100 mA, which is the default value. |



8.4.4.17 EEh: Power-On Time

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-------------|--|
| 7:0 | PWR_ON_TIME | The length of time that it takes (in 2 ms intervals) from the time the host initiated power-on sequence begins on a port until power is adequate on that port. If the host requests the power-on time, the system software uses this value to determine how long to wait before accessing a powered-on port. |

8.4.4.18 EFh: Boost_Up

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|------------|---|
| 7:2 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 1:0 | BOOST_IOUT | USB electrical signaling drive strength boost bit for the upstream port 'A'. |
| | | '00' = Normal electrical drive strength = No boost '01' = Elevated electrical drive strength = Low (approximately 4% boost) '10' = Elevated electrical drive strength = Medium (approximately 8% boost) '11' = Elevated electrical drive strength = High (approximately 12% boost) |
| | | Note: "Boost" could result in non-USB compliant parameters. OEM should use a '00' value unless specific implementation issues require additional signal boosting to correct for degraded USB signaling levels. |

8.4.4.19 F0h: Boost_3:0

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|--------------|---|
| 7:6 | Reserved | Reserved |
| 5:4 | BOOST_IOUT_3 | Upstream USB electrical signaling drive strength boost bit for downstream port '3'. |
| | | '00' = Normal electrical drive strength = No boost '01' = Elevated electrical drive strength = Low (approximately 4% boost) '10' = Elevated electrical drive strength = Medium (approximately 8% boost) '11' = Elevated electrical drive strength = High (approximately 12% boost) |
| 3:2 | BOOST_IOUT_2 | Upstream USB electrical signaling drive strength boost bit for downstream port '2'. |
| | | '00' = Normal electrical drive strength = No boost '01' = Elevated electrical drive strength = Low (approximately 4% boost) '10' = Elevated electrical drive strength = Medium (approximately 8% boost) '11' = Elevated electrical drive strength = High (approximately 12% boost) |
| | | Note: "Boost" could result in non-USB Compliant parameters. OEM should use a '00' value unless specific implementation issues require additional signal boosting to correct for degraded USB signaling levels. |
| 1:0 | Reserved | Always reads '0'. |



8.4.4.20 F1h: Port Swap

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|--|
| 7:0 | PRT_SWP | Swaps the upstream and downstream USB DP and DM pins for ease of board routing to devices and connectors. |
| | | $^{\prime}0^{\prime}$ = USB D+ functionality is associated with the DP pin and D- functionality is associated with the DM pin. |
| | | '1' = USB D+ functionality is associated with the DM pin and D- functionality is associated with the DP pin. |
| | | Bit 7= Reserved Bit 6= Reserved Bit 5= Reserved Bit 4= Reserved Bit 3= Controls physical port 3 Bit 2= Controls physical port 2 Bit 1= Reserved Bit 0= Controls physical port 0 |



8.4.4.21 F2h: Port Map 12

| BIT | BYTE NAME | | | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|--|---|--|
| 7:0 | PRTM12 | PortMap register fo | or ports 1 & | 2 |
| | | permitted to report a numerical range | how many i or assignme of the hub s | a USB host controller, the hub is only ports it has; the hub is not permitted to select ent. The host controller will number the tarting with the number '1', up to the number having. |
| | | physical port on the mode is enabled (s | e hub is the see PRTMA lownstream | rred to as "logical port number" and the e "physical port number". When remapping P_EN in Register 08h: Configuration Data port numbers can be remapped to different d by the host). |
| | | used, star enabled p | ting from nu orts; this er | re that contiguous logical port numbers are umber '1' up to the maximum number of nsures that the hub's ports are numbered in way a host will communicate with the ports. |
| | | Tab | le 8.5 Port | Map Register for Ports 1 & 2 |
| | | Bit [7:4] | '0000' | Physical port 2 is disabled |
| | | | '0001' | Physical port 2 is mapped to Logical port 1 |
| | | | '0010' | Physical port 2 is mapped to Logical port 2 |
| | | | '0011' | Physical port 2 is mapped to Logical port 3 |
| | | | '0100' to '1111' | Illegal; Do not use |
| | | Bit [3:0] | '0000' | Physical port 1 is disabled |
| | | | '0001' | Physical port 1 is mapped to Logical port 1 |
| | | | '0010' | Physical port 1 is mapped to Logical port 2 |
| | | | '0011' | Physical port 1 is mapped to Logical port 3 |
| | | | '0100' to '1111' | Illegal; Do not use |



8.4.4.22 F3h: Port Map 3

Datasheet

| BIT | BYTE NAME | | | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------|---|---|---|
| 7:0 | PRTM3 | PortMap register for | or port 3. | |
| | | permitted to report a numerical range | how many p or assignme of the hub s | a USB host controller, the hub is only ports it has; the hub is not permitted to select ent. The host controller will number the starting with the number '1', up to the number having. |
| | | physical port on th mode is enabled (s | e hub is the see PRTMA downstream | Prred to as "logical port number" and the e "physical port number". When remapping P_EN in Register 08h: Configuration Data port numbers can be remapped to different d by the host). |
| | | used, star enabled p | rting from nu oorts; this er | re that contiguous logical port numbers are umber '1' up to the maximum number of nsures that the hub's ports are numbered in way a host will communicate with the ports. |
| | | - | Table 8.6 P | ort Map Register for Port 3 |
| | | Bit [7:4] | '0000' | Reserved |
| | | | '0001' | Reserved |
| | | | '0010' | Reserved |
| | | | '0011' | Reserved |
| | | | '0100' to '1111' | Illegal; Do not use |
| | | Bit [3:0] | ʻ0000' | Physical port 3 is disabled |
| | | | '0001' | Physical port 3 is mapped to Logical port 1 |
| | | | '0010' | Physical port 3 is mapped to Logical port 2 |
| | | | '0011' | Physical port 3 is mapped to Logical port 3 |
| | | | '0100' to '1111' | Illegal; Do not use |

8.4.4.23 F4h-FAh: Reserved

| BYTE | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-----------|-------------|
| 6:0 | Reserved | Reserved. |

8.4.4.24 FBh: Not Applicable

| BIT | BYTE NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|----------------|-----------------|
| 7:0 | Not Applicable | Not applicable. |



8.4.4.25 FCh-FFh: Non-Volatile Storage Signature

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|-------------|---|
| 3:0 | NVSTORE_SIG | This signature is used to verify the validity of the data in the first 256 bytes of the configuration area. The signature must be set to 'ATA2' for USB2660/USB2660i. |

8.4.5 Internal Flash Media Controller Extended Configurations

Enable Registers 100h - 17Fh by setting bit 7 of bmAttribute.

8.4.5.1 100h-106h: Combo LUN 0 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|---|
| 6:0 | CLUN0_ID_STR | If the device to LUN mapping bytes have configured this LUN to be a combo LUN, then these strings will be used to identify the LUN rather than the device identifier strings. |

8.4.5.2 107h-10Dh: Combo LUN 1 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|---|
| 6:0 | CLUN1_ID_STR | If the device to LUN bytes have configured this LUN to be a combo LUN, then these strings will be used to identify the LUN rather than the device identifier strings. |

8.4.5.3 10Eh-114h: Combo LUN 2 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|---|
| 6:0 | CLUN2_ID_STR | If the device to LUN mapping bytes have configured this LUN to be a combo LUN, then these strings will be used to identify the LUN rather than the device identifier strings. |

8.4.5.4 115h-11Bh: Combo LUN 3 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|--------------|---|
| 6:0 | CLUN3_ID_STR | If the device to LUN mapping bytes have configured this LUN to be a combo LUN, then these strings will be used to identify the LUN rather than the device identifier strings. |

8.4.5.5 11Ch-122h: Combo LUN 4 Identifier String

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION | |
|------|--------------|---|--|
| 6:0 | CLUN4_ID_STR | If the device to LUN mapping bytes have configured this LUN to be a combo LUN, then these strings will be used to identify the LUN rather than the device identifier strings. | |



8.4.5.6 123h-129h: Device 4 Identifier String

| BYTE NAME | | DESCRIPTION | | |
|-----------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 6:0 | DEV4_ID_STR | This ID string is associated with the second Secure Digital / MultiMediaCard "SD/MMC2" device. | | |

8.4.5.7 130h-145h: Not Applicable

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------|-----------------|
| 21:0 | Not Applicable | Not applicable. |

8.4.5.8 146h: Dynamic Number of Extended LUNs

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION | |
|-----|---------------------|---|--|
| 7:0 | DYN_NUM_ EXT_LUN | These bytes are used to specify the number of LUNs the device exposes to the host. These bytes are also used for icon sharing by assigning more than one LUN to a single icon. This is used in applications where the device utilizes a combo socket and the OEM wishes to have only a single icon displayed for one or more interfaces. If this field is set to "FF", the program assumes that you are using the default value and icons will be configured per the default configuration. | |

8.4.5.9 147h-14Bh: Device to LUN Mapping

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION | |
|------|-------------|--|--|
| 4:0 | DEV_LUN_MAP | These registers map a device controller (SD/MMC, SM (Note 8.2), and MS) to a Logical Unit Number (LUN). The device reports the mapped LUNs to the USB host in the USB descriptor during enumeration. The icon installer associates custom icons with the LUNs specified in these fields. Setting a register to "FF" indicates that the device is not mapped. Setting all of the DEV_LUN_MAP registers for all devices to "FF" forces the use of the default mapping configuration. Not all configurations are valid. Valid configurations depend on the hardware, packaging, and OEM board layout. The number of unique LUNs mapped must match the value in the Section 8.4.3.7, "D3h: Dynamic Number of LUNs," on page 41. | |

8.4.5.10 14Ch-14Dh: Second Secure Digital Device Power Configuration

The device has two internal FETs which can be utilized for card power. For information about the other internal FET, please see Section 8.4.2.3, "A4h-A5h: Smart Media Device Power Configuration," on page 39. The settings are stored in NVSTORE. This section describes the default internal configuration.

- 1. A card can be powered by an external FET or by an internal FET.
- 2. The power limit can be set to 100 mA or 200 mA (Default) for the internal FET.

Each media uses two bytes to store its device power configuration. Bit 3 selects between internal or external card power FET options. For internal FET card power control, bits 0 through 2 are used to set the power limit. The "Device Power Configuration" bits are ignored unless the "Enable Device Power Configuration" bit is set. See Section 8.4.1.19, "9Ch-9Fh: Attribute Byte Descriptions," on page 37.



| FET | TYPE | BITS | BIT TYPE | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|---------------------------|------|-------------|---|
| 0 | FET Lo Byte SD2_PWR_LB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled 0001b External FET enabled 1000b Internal FET with 100 mA power limit 1010b Internal FET with 200 mA power limit |
| 1 | | 7:4 | High Nibble | 0000b Disabled |
| 2 | FET Hi Byte SD2 PWR HB | 3:0 | Low Nibble | 0000b Disabled |
| 3 | SU2_FVIK_ND | 7:4 | High Nibble | 0000b Disabled |

8.4.5.11 14Eh-17Bh: Not Applicable

| BIT | NAME | DESCRIPTION |
|------|----------------|-----------------|
| 47:0 | Not Applicable | Not applicable. |

8.4.5.12 17Ch -17Fh: Non-Volatile Storage Signature for Extended Configuration

| BYTE | NAME | DESCRIPTION | |
|------|--------------|--|--|
| 3:0 | NVSTORE_SIG2 | This signature is used to verify the validity of the data in the upper 256 bytes if a 512 byte EEPROM is used, otherwise this bank is a read-only configuration area. The signature must be set to 'ecf1'. | |

8.4.6 I²C EEPROM

The I²C EEPROM interface implements a subset of the I²C Master Specification (Please refer to the Philips Semiconductor Standard I²C-Bus Specification for details on I²C bus protocols). The device's I²C EEPROM interface is designed to attach to a single "dedicated" I²C EEPROM, and it conforms to the Standard-mode I²C Specification (100 kbps transfer rate and 7-bit addressing) for protocol and electrical compatibility.

Note: Extensions to the I²C Specification are not supported. The device acts as the master and generates the serial clock SCL, controls the bus access (determines which device acts as the transmitter and which device acts as the receiver), and generates the START and STOP conditions.

8.4.6.1 Implementation Characteristics

The device will only access an EEPROM using the sequential read protocol.

8.4.6.2 Pull-Up Resistor

The circuit board designer is required to place external pull-up resistors (10 k Ω recommended) on the SPI_DO / GPIO5 / SDA / SPI_SPD_SEL and SPI_CLK / GPIO4 / SCL lines (per SMBus 1.0 Specification and EEPROM manufacturer guidelines) to VDD33 in order to assure proper operation.

8.4.7 In-Circuit EEPROM Programming

The EEPROM can be programmed via automatic test equipment (ATE). Pulling nRESET low tri-states the device's EEPROM interface and allows an external source to program the EEPROM.



8.5 Default Configuration Option

The SMSC device can be configured via its internal default configuration. Please see Section 8.3.2, "EEPROM Data Descriptor" for specific details on how to enable default configuration. Please refer to Table 8.1 for the internal default values that are loaded when this option is selected.

8.5.1 External Hardware nRESET

SMS

A valid hardware reset is defined as assertion of nRESET for a minimum of 1 μs after all power supplies are within operating range. While reset is asserted, the device (and its associated external circuitry) consumes less than 500 μA of current from the upstream USB power source.

Assertion of nRESET (external pin) causes the following:

- 1. All downstream ports are disabled and PRTCTL power to downstream devices is removed.
- 2. The PHYs are disabled and the differential pairs will be in a high-impedance state.
- 3. All transactions immediately terminate; no states are saved.
- 4. All internal registers return to the default state (in most cases, 00h).
- 5. The external crystal oscillator is halted.
- 6. The PLL is halted.

8.5.1.1 nRESET for EEPROM Configuration

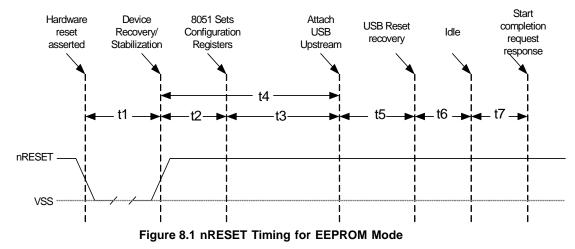


 Table 8.7 nRESET Timing for EEPROM Mode

| NAME | DESCRIPTION | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS |
|------|---|-----|-----------|-----|-------|
| t1 | nRESET asserted | 1 | | | μsec |
| t2 | Device recovery/stabilization | | | 500 | μsec |
| t3 | 8051 programs device configuration | | 20 | 50 | msec |
| t4 | USB attach (See Note) | | | 100 | msec |
| t5 | Host acknowledges attach and signals USB reset | 100 | | | msec |
| t6 | USB idle | | Undefined | | msec |
| t7 | Completion time for requests (with or without data stage) | | | 5 | msec |



Note: All power supplies must have reached the operating levels mandated in Chapter 10, DC Parameters, prior to (or coincident with) the assertion of nRESET.

8.5.2 USB Bus Reset

In response to the upstream port signaling a reset to the device, the device does the following:

Note: The device does not propagate the upstream USB reset to downstream devices.

- 1. Sets default address to '0'.
- 2. Sets configuration to: Unconfigured.
- 3. Negates PRTCTL[3:2] to all downstream ports.
- 4. Clears all TT buffers.
- 5. Moves device from suspended to active (if suspended).
- 6. Complies with Section 11.10 of the USB 2.0 Specification for behavior after completion of the reset sequence.

The host then configures the device and the device's downstream port devices in accordance with the USB 2.0 Specification.

Chapter 9 AC Specifications

າສາ

9.1 Oscillator/Crystal

SI

Parallel Resonant, Fundamental Mode, 24 MHz \pm 350 ppm.

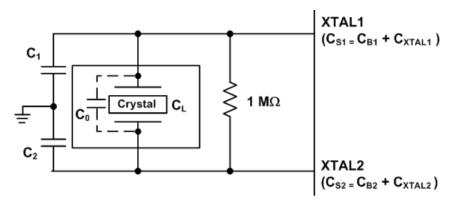


Figure 9.1 Typical Crystal Circuit

| Table 0.1 | Crystal Circuit L | bropo |
|-----------|--------------------------|-------|
| Table 9.1 | Crystal Circuit L | egena |

| SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION | IN ACCORDANCE WITH | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| C ₀ | Crystal shunt capacitance | Crystel manufacturer's aposition (See Note 0.1) | | |
| CL | Crystal load capacitance | Crystal manufacturer's specification (See Note 9.1) | | |
| C _B | Total board or trace capacitance | OEM board design | | |
| C _S | Stray capacitance | SMSC IC and OEM board design | | |
| C _{XTAL} | XTAL pin input capacitance | SMSC IC | | |
| C ₁ | Load capacitors installed on | Calculated values based on Figure 9.2, | | |
| C ₂ | OEM board | "Capacitance Formulas" (See Note 9.2) | | |

$$C_1 = 2 \times (C_L - C_0) - C_{S1}$$

$$C_2 = 2 \times (C_L - C_0) - C_{S2}$$

Figure 9.2 Capacitance Formulas

- **Note 9.1** C_0 is usually included (subtracted by the crystal manufacturer) in the specification for C_L and should be set to '0' for use in the calculation of the capacitance formulas in Figure 9.2, "Capacitance Formulas". However, the OEM PCB itself may present a parasitic capacitance between XTAL1 and XTAL2. For an accurate calculation of C_1 and C_2 , take the parasitic capacitance between traces XTAL1 and XTAL2 into account.
- Note 9.2 Each of these capacitance values is typically approximately 18 pF.



9.2 Ceramic Resonator

24 MHz \pm 350 ppm

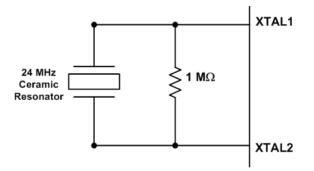


Figure 9.3 Ceramic Resonator Usage with SMSC IC

9.3 External Clock

50% Duty cycle \pm 10%, 24 MHz \pm 350 ppm, Jitter < 100 ps rms.

The external clock is recommended to conform to the signaling level designated in the JESD76-2 specification on 1.8 V CMOS Logic. XTAL2 should be treated as a no connect.

9.3.1 I²C EEPROM

Frequency is fixed at 58.6 kHz \pm 20%

9.3.2 USB 2.0

The SMSC device conforms to all voltage, power, and timing characteristics and specifications as set forth in the USB 2.0 Specification. Please refer to the USB 2.0 Specification for more information.



Chapter 10 DC Parameters

10.1 Maximum Guaranteed Ratings

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | МАХ | UNITS | COMMENTS |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|------|-------------------------------------|-------|--|
| Storage Temperature | T _{STOR} | -55 | 150 | °C | |
| Lead Temperature | | | | °C | Please refer to JEDEC specification J-STD-020D. |
| 3.3 V supply voltage | VDD33 | -0.5 | 4.0 | V | |
| Voltage on USB+ and USB- pins | | -0.5 | (3.3 V supply voltage + 2) \leq 6 | V | |
| Voltage on GPIO8 and GPIO10 | | -0.5 | VDD33 + 0.3 | V | When internal power FET operation of these pins are enabled, these pins may be simultaneously shorted to ground or any voltage up to 3.63 V indefinitely, without damage to the device as long as VDD33 is less than 3.63 V and T_A is less than 70°C. |
| Voltage on any signal pin | | -0.5 | VDD33 + 0.3 | V | |
| Voltage on XTAL1 | | -0.5 | 3.6 | V | |
| Voltage on XTAL2 | | -0.5 | 2.0 | V | |

Note: Stresses above the specified parameters may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only. Functional operation of the device at any condition above those indicated in the operation sections of this specification is not implied. When powering this device from laboratory or system power supplies the absolute maximum ratings must not be exceeded or device failure can result. Some power supplies exhibit voltage spikes on their outputs when the AC power is switched on or off. In addition, voltage transients on the AC power line may appear on the DC output. When this possibility exists, a clamp circuit should be used.

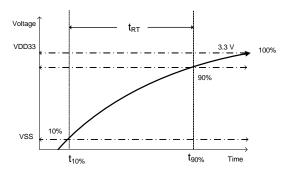


Figure 10.1 Supply Rise Time Model

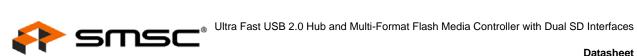


10.2 Operating Conditions

| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | МАХ | UNITS | COMMENTS |
|--|-----------------|------|-------|-------|--|
| Commercial USB2660 Operating Temperature | T _A | 0 | 70 | °C | Ambient temperature in still air. |
| Industrial USB2660i Operating Temperature | T _A | -40 | 85 | °C | Ambient temperature in still air. |
| 3.3 V supply voltage | VDD33 | 3.0 | 3.6 | V | A 3.3 V regulator with an output tolerance of 1% must be used if the output of the internal power FET's must support a 5% tolerance. |
| 3.3 V supply rise time | t _{RT} | 0 | 400 | μS | (Figure 10.1) |
| Voltage on USB+ and USB- pins | | -0.3 | 5.5 | V | If any 3.3 V supply voltage drops below 3.0 V, then the MAX becomes: (3.3 V supply voltage) + $0.5 \le 5.5$ |
| Voltage on any signal pin | | -0.3 | VDD33 | V | |
| Voltage on XTAL1 | | -0.3 | 2.0 | V | |
| Voltage on XTAL2 | | -0.3 | 2.0 | V | |

10.3 DC Electrical Characteristics

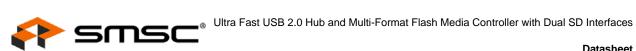
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS | COMMENTS |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|------------|
| I, IPU, IPD Type Input Buffer | | | | | | |
| Low Input Level | V _{ILI} | | | 0.8 | V | TTL Levels |
| High Input Level | V _{IHI} | 2.0 | | | V | |
| Pull Down | PD | | 72 | | μA | |
| Pull Up | PU | | 58 | | μA | |
| IS Type Input Buffer | | | | | | |
| Low Input Level | V _{ILI} | | | 0.8 | V | TTL Levels |
| High Input Level | V _{IHI} | 2.0 | | | V | |
| Hysteresis | V _{HYSI} | | 420 | | mV | |



| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | TYP | МАХ | UNITS | COMMENTS |
|---|-------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-------|---|
| ICLK Input Buffer | | | | | | |
| Low Input Level | V _{ILCK} | | | 0.5 | V | |
| High Input Level | V _{IHCK} | 1.4 | | | V | |
| Input Leakage | Ι _{ΙL} | -10 | | +10 | μA | $V_{IN} = 0$ to VDD33 |
| Input Leakage (All I and IS buffers) | | | | | | |
| Low Input Leakage | I _{IL} | -10 | | +10 | μA | $V_{IN} = 0$ |
| High Input Leakage | I _{IH} | -10 | | +10 | μA | V _{IN} = VDD33 |
| I/O6, I/OD6PU Type Buffers | | | | | | |
| Low Output Level | V _{OL} | | | 0.4 | V | I _{OL} = 6 mA @ VDD33 = 3.3 V |
| High Output Level | V _{OH} | V _{DD33} - 0.4 | | | V | I _{OH} = -6 mA @ VDD33 = 3.3 V |
| Output Leakage | I _{OL} | -10 | | +10 | μA | V _{IN} = 0 to VDD33 (Note 10.1) |
| Pull Down | PD | | 72 | | μA | |
| Pull Up | PU | | 58 | | μA | |
| O8, O8PD, 08PU, I/O8, I/O8PD, and I/O8PU Type Buffers | | | | | | |
| Low Output Level | V _{OL} | | | 0.4 | V | I _{OL} = 8 mA @ VDD33 = 3.3 V |
| High Output Level | V _{OH} | V _{DD33} - 0.4 | | | V | I _{OH} = -8 mA @ VDD33 = 3.3 V |
| Output Leakage | I _{OL} | -10 | | +10 | μA | V _{IN} = 0 to VDD33 (Note 10.1) |
| Pull Down | PD | | 72 | | μA | |
| Pull Up | PU | | 58 | | μΑ | |



| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | ТҮР | МАХ | UNITS | COMMENTS |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|-------|--|
| O12, I/O12, and I/O12PD Type Buffers | | | | | | |
| Low Output Level | V _{OL} | | | 0.4 | V | I _{OL} = 12 mA @ VDD33 = 3.3 V |
| High Output Level | V _{OH} | V _{DD33} - 0.4 | | | V | I _{OH} = -12 mA @ VDD33 = 3.3 V |
| Output Leakage | I _{OL} | -10 | | +10 | μA | V _{IN} = 0 to VDD33 (Note 10.1) |
| Pull Down | PD | | 72 | | μΑ | |
| Pull Up | PU | | 58 | | μΑ | |
| IO-U | | | | | | Note 10.2 |
| I-R | | | | | | Note 10.3 |
| I/O200 Integrated Power FET for GPIO8 and GPIO10 | | | | | | |
| High Output Current | I _{OUT} | 200 | | | mA | Vdrop _{FET} = 0.46 V |
| Low Output Current (Note 10.4) | I _{OUT} | 100 | | | mA | Vdrop _{FET} = 0.23 V |
| On Resistance (Note 10.4) | R _{DSON} | | | 2.1 | Ω | I _{FET} = 70 mA |
| Output Voltage Rise Time | t _{DSON} | | | 800 | μS | $C_{LOAD} = 10 \ \mu F$ |
| Integrated Power FET Set to 100 mA | | | | | | |
| Output Current (Note 10.4) | I _{OUT} | 100 | | | mA | Vdrop _{FET} = 0.22 V |
| Short Circuit Current Limit | I _{SC} | | | 140 | mA | Vout _{FET} = 0 V |
| On Resistance (Note 10.4) | R _{DSON} | | | 2.1 | Ω | I _{FET} = 70 mA |
| Output Voltage Rise Time | t _{DSON} | | | 800 | μS | $C_{LOAD} = 10 \ \mu F$ |
| Integrated Power FET Set to 200 mA | | | | | | |
| Output Current (Note 10.4) | | 200 | | | mA | Vdrop _{FET} = 0.46 V |
| Short Circuit Current Limit | I _{OUT} | 200 | | 181 | mA | $Voltop_{FET} = 0.40$ V Vout _{FET} = 0 V |
| On Resistance (Note 10.4) | I _{SC} Broon | | | 2.1 | Ω | I _{FET} = 70 mA |
| Output Voltage Rise Time | R _{DSON} | | | 800 | | $C_{LOAD} = 10 \ \mu F$ |
| | t _{DSON} | | | 000 | μS | VLOAD - 10 HF |



| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | ТҮР | MAX | UNITS | COMMENTS |
|--|--|-----|------------|-------------|----------|-------------|
| Supply Current Unconfigured | | | | | | Note 10.5 |
| Hi-Speed Host | | | | | | |
| USB2660 USB2660i | I _{CCINTHS} I _{CCINTHS} | | 70 70 | 80 80 | mA mA | |
| Full Speed Host | | | | | | |
| USB2660 USB2660i | I _{CCINITES} | | 65 65 | 75 75 | mA mA | |
| Supply Current Configured Hi-Speed Host, 1 downstream port | | | | | | (Note 10.5) |
| USB2660 USB2660i | I _{HCH1} I _{HCH1} | | 260 260 | 270 275 | mA mA | |
| Supply Current Configured Hi-Speed Host, each additional downstream port | | | | | | |
| USB2660 USB2660i | | | 25 25 | 30 35 | mA mA | |
| Supply Current Configured Full-Speed Host, 1 downstream port | | | | | | |
| USB2660 USB2660i | I _{FCC1} I _{FCC1} | | 200 200 | 210 215 | mA mA | |
| Supply Current Configured Full-Speed Host, each additional downstream port | | | | | | |
| USB2660 USB2660i | | | 20 20 | 25 25 | mA mA | |
| Supply Current Suspend | | | | | | (Note 10.5) |
| USB2660 USB2660i | I _{CSBY} I _{CSBY} | | 500 500 | 950 1200 | μA μA | |
| Supply Current Reset | | | | | | |
| USB2660 USB2660i | I _{RST} I _{RST} | | 230 230 | 700 900 | μA μA | |

Note 10.1 Output leakage is measured with the current pins in high impedance.

Note 10.2 See the USB 2.0 Specification, Chapter 7, for USB DC electrical characteristics

- **Note 10.3** RBIAS is a 3.3 V tolerant analog pin.
- Note 10.4 Output current range is controlled by program software. The software disables the FET during short circuit condition.
- Note 10.5 Typical and maximum values were characterized using the following temperature ranges: The USB2660 supports the commercial temperature range of 0°C to +70°C The USB2660i supports the industrial temperature range of -40°C to +85°C

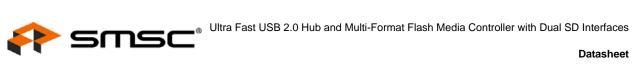


10.4 Capacitance

 $T_{\rm A}$ = 25°C; fc = 1 MHz; VDD33= 3.3 V

Table 10.1 Pin Capacitance

| | | LIMITS | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--------|-----|-----|------|---|
| PARAMETER | SYMBOL | MIN | ТҮР | MAX | UNIT | TEST CONDITION |
| Clock Input Capacitance | C _{XTAL} | | | 2 | pF | All pins (except USB pins and pins under test) are tied to AC ground. |
| Input Capacitance | C _{IN} | | | 10 | pF | |
| Output Capacitance | C _{OUT} | | | 20 | pF | |



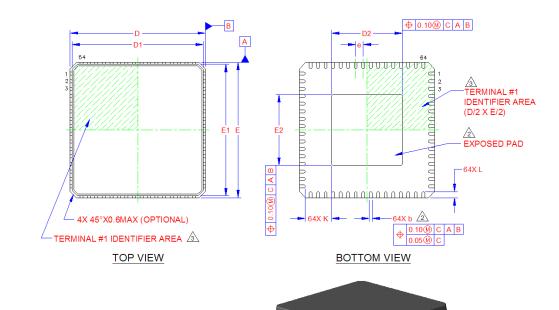
Chapter 11 GPIO Usage

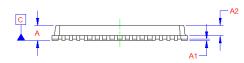
| NAME | ACTIVE LEVEL | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION AND NOTE |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|---|
| GPIO1 | Н | TxD / LED | Serial port transmit line / LED indicator |
| GPIO2 | Н | RxD | Serial port receive line |
| GPIO4 | Н | SCL | Serial EEPROM clock |
| GPIO5 | Н | SDA | Serial EEPROM data |
| GPIO6 | L | SD1_WP | Secure Digital card write protect assertion |
| GPIO8 | L | CRD_PWR_CTRL | Card power control |
| GPIO10 | L | CRD_PWR_CTRL | Card power control |
| GPIO12 | L | MS_nCD | Memory Stick card detect |
| GPIO14 | L | xD_nCD | xD-Picture card detect |
| GPIO15 | L | SD1_nCD | Secure Digital card detect |
| GPIO16 | L | SD2_nCD | Second SD card detect |
| GPIO17 | L | SD2_WP | Second SD card write protect |
| GPIO[25:18] | Н | SD2_D[7:0] | Second SD data pins |
| GPIO26 | Н | SD2_CLK | Output clock signal to the SD/MMC2 device |
| GPIO27 | Н | SD2_CMD | SD/MMC2 Command signal |

Table 11.1 USB2660/USB2660i GPIO Usage



Chapter 12 Package Specifications

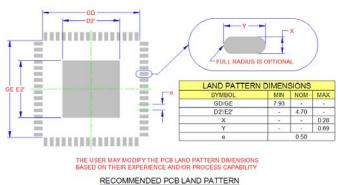






3-D VIEWS

accordence and



COMMON DIMENSIONS SYMBOL MIN REMARK NOM MAX NOTE 0.80 0.85 1.00 OVERALL PACKAGE HEIGHT A A1 0 0.02 0.05 STANDOFF A2 0.65 0.80 MOLD CAP THICKNESS X/Y BODY SIZE D/E 8.90 9.00 9.10 D1/E1 8.65 8.75 8.85 X/Y MOLD CAP SIZE D2/E2 4.60 4.70 4.80 2 X/Y EXPOSED PAD SIZE E 0.30 0.40 0.50 4 TERMINAL LENGTH 2 TERMINAL WIDTH 0.18 0.25 0.30 b 0.50 BSC TERMINAL PITCH ė

NOTES: 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETER 2. DIMENSIONS 'b' APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINALS AND IT IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 AND 0.30 mm FROM THE TERMINAL TIP. 3. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE AREA INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.

Figure 12.1 USB2660/USB2660i 64-Pin QFN



12.1 Tape and Reel Specifications

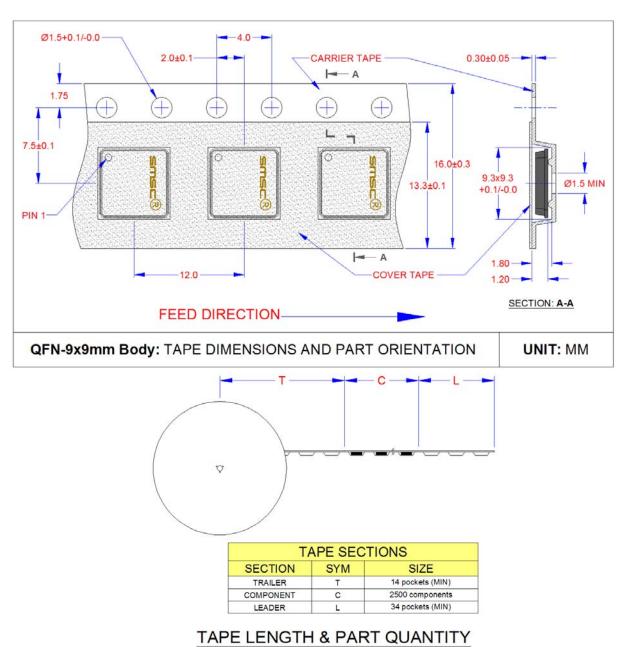
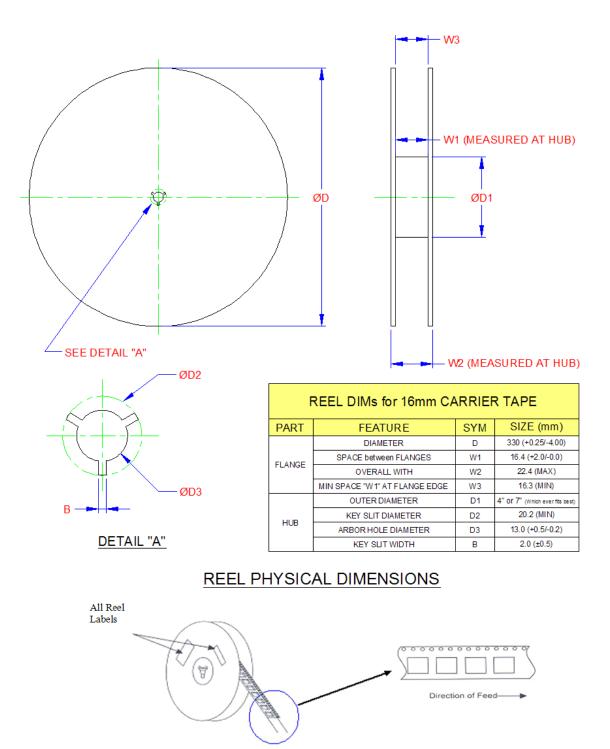


Figure 12.2 64-Pin Package Tape Specifications







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USB2660I-JZX USB2660I-JZX-03-TR USB2660I-JZX-03 USB2660-JZX